

Converting Colors

RGB(75, 129, 230)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(75, 129, 230) contains.

RGB(75, 129, 230)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(75, 129, 230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B81E6
RGB	75, 129, 230
RGB Percent	29%, 51%, 90%
CMY	0.7059, 0.4941, 0.0980
CMYK	0.67, 0.44, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	219°, 76%, 60%
HSV	219°, 67%, 90%
XYZ	25.0348, 22.9095, 77.9654
YIQ	124.3680, -64.6050, 19.9630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

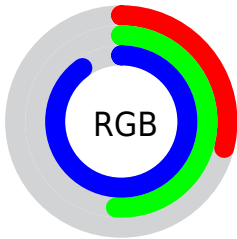
Format	Color
R _Y B	75, 115, 230
Decimal	4948454
CIE Lab	54.98, 14.56, -56.55
CIE LCh	55, 58.395, 284.442
Yxy	22.9095, 0.1988, 0.1820
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283138534 (0xFF4B81E6)
YUV	124.3680, 52.0766, -43.2957
Hunter-Lab	47.8639, 9.6011, -63.0726

Details

The RGB color **75, 129, 230** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **230, 176, 75**, and the grayscale version is **124, 124, 124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **139, 181, 255**, and **0, 81, 174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 114, 230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 144, 230**.

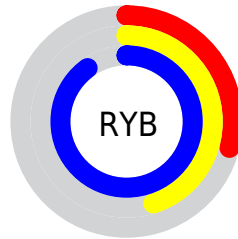
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (51%)

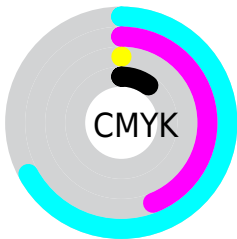
Blue (90%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (90%)

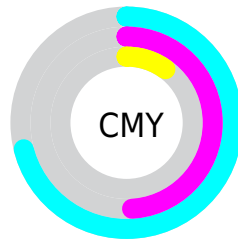


Cyan (67%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (71%)


Magenta (49%)


Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 75, 129, 230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 75, 129, 230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 75, 129, 230

 75, 129, 230

255, 255, 255

 34, 104, 202

 139, 181, 255

 0, 81, 174


 169, 209, 255

 0, 58, 147

 199, 237, 255

 0, 38, 120

 229, 255, 255

 0, 19, 95

 0, 8, 70

 0, 4, 47

 0, 1, 25

 0, 0, 0

■ 75, 129, 230

■ 75, 129, 230

■ 52, 114, 230

■ 98, 144, 230

■ 29, 99, 230

■ 121, 159, 230

■ 6, 84, 230

■ 144, 174, 230

■ 0, 80, 230

■ 167, 189, 230

■ 190, 204, 230

■ 213, 219, 230

■ 236, 234, 230

■ 255, 249, 230

■ 255, 255, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 145, 229



75, 129, 230



165, 107, 204

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75, 129, 230



210, 98, 62



0, 154, 103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 129, 230



230, 176, 75

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75, 148, 54



75, 129, 230



178, 120, 24

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75, 129, 230



223, 83, 109



134, 137, 15



0, 155, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 129, 230



198, 92, 176



134, 137, 15



0, 152, 86

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 129, 230



204, 222, 255



75, 230, 176



97, 108, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 129, 230



48, 120, 255



98, 75, 230



103, 107, 115



0, 62, 179



0, 18, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 75, 129



255, 48, 120



207, 230, 75



115, 103, 107



179, 0, 62



51, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 75, 129, 230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 75, 129, 230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

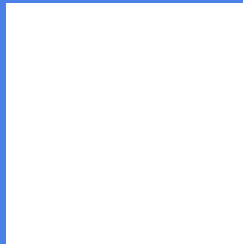
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 75, 129, 230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 75, 129, 230.

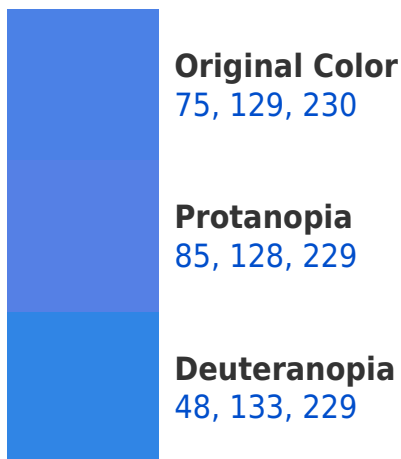


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 75, 129, 230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
14, 145, 157

Trichromacy



Original Color

75, 129, 230

Protanomaly

81, 128, 229

Deuteranomaly

58, 132, 229

Tritanomaly

36, 139, 184

Monochromacy



Original Color

75, 129, 230

Achromatopsia

124, 124, 124

Achromatomaly

106, 126, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 75, 129, 230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 129, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 129, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 129, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 129, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 75, 129, 230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 129, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 129, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 129, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 129, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 129, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 129,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 75, 129, 230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 129, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 129,  
230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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