

Converting Colors

RGB(75, 149, 142)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(75, 149, 142) contains.

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Color

RGB(75, 149, 142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B958E
RGB	75, 149, 142
RGB Percent	29%, 58%, 56%
CMY	0.7059, 0.4157, 0.4431
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.05, 0.42
HSL	174°, 33%, 44%
HSV	174°, 50%, 58%
XYZ	18.5316, 24.9437, 29.4291
YIQ	126.0760, -41.8570, -17.8650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

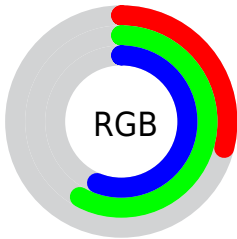
Format	Color
R_{YB}	75, 114, 149
Decimal	4953486
CIE _{Lab}	57.02, -24.81, -3.41
CIE _{LCh}	57, 25.046, 187.833
Y _{xy}	24.9437, 0.2542, 0.3421
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283143566 (0xFF4B958E)
YUV	126.0760, 7.8505, -44.7937
Hunter-Lab	49.9437, -21.1692, 0.0242

Details

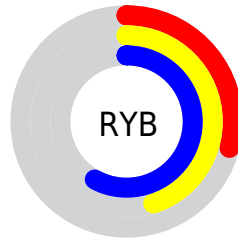
The RGB color **75, 149, 142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **149, 75, 82**, and the grayscale version is **126, 126, 126**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129, 203, 196**, and **12, 98, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 149, 141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 149, 143**.

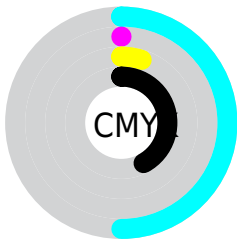
Distribution



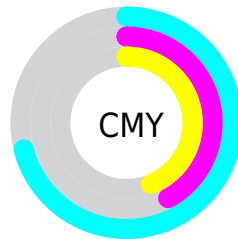
- Red (29%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 75, 149, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 75, 149, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



75, 149, 142



75, 149, 142

255, 255, 255



47, 123, 116



129, 203, 196



12, 98, 92



157, 232, 224



0, 74, 68



185, 255, 252



0, 51, 46



214, 255, 255



0, 31, 25



243, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



75, 149, 142



75, 149, 142



60, 149, 141



90, 149, 143



45, 149, 139



105, 149, 145

■ 30, 149, 138

■ 120, 149, 146

■ 15, 149, 136

■ 135, 149, 148

■ 0, 149, 135

■ 150, 149, 149

■ 0, 149, 135

■ 164, 149, 150

■ 179, 149, 152

■ 194, 149, 153

■ 209, 149, 155

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97, 148, 120



75, 149, 142



68, 148, 163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75, 149, 142



147, 129, 171



166, 130, 97

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 149, 142



149, 75, 82

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



178, 123, 111



75, 149, 142



169, 123, 154

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75, 149, 142



117, 137, 180



180, 121, 132



147, 137, 93

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 149, 142



78, 145, 173



180, 121, 132



171, 128, 101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 149, 142



165, 194, 191



82, 149, 75



79, 97, 95



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 149, 142



78, 194, 183



75, 119, 149



67, 74, 73



0, 138, 125



0, 10, 9

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149, 75, 82



194, 78, 89



149, 105, 75



74, 67, 67



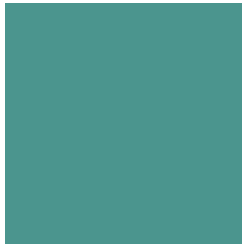
138, 0, 13



10, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 75, 149, 142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 75, 149, 142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

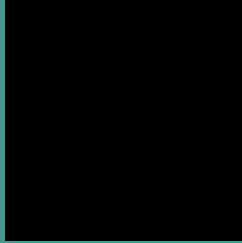
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 75, 149, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 75, 149, 142.

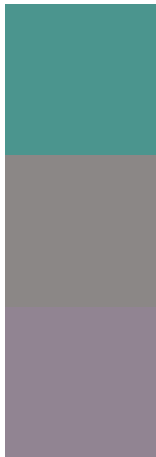


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 75, 149, 142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
75, 149, 142

Protanopia
139, 135, 134

Deuteranopia
145, 132, 146



Tritanopia
80, 147, 158

Trichromacy



Original Color

75, 149, 142

Protanomaly

116, 140, 137

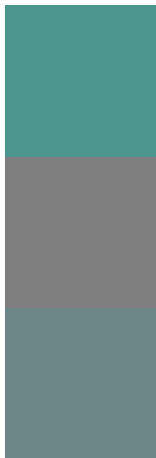
Deuteranomaly

120, 138, 145

Tritanomaly

78, 148, 152

Monochromacy



Original Color

75, 149, 142

Achromatopsia

126, 126, 126

Achromatomaly

107, 134, 132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 75, 149, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 149, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 149, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 149, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 149, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 75, 149, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 149, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 149, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 149, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 149, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 149, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 149,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 75, 149, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 149, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 149,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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