

Converting Colors

RGB(75, 167, 141)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(75, 167, 141) contains.

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Color

RGB(75, 167, 141)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4BA78D
RGB	75, 167, 141
RGB Percent	29%, 65%, 55%
CMY	0.7059, 0.3451, 0.4471
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 0.16, 0.35
HSL	163°, 38%, 47%
HSV	163°, 55%, 65%
XYZ	21.5281, 31.0564, 30.0591
YIQ	136.5280, -46.4860, -27.5900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

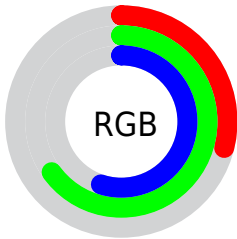
Format	Color
RYB	75, 129, 167
Decimal	4958093
CIELab	62.56, -33.82, 5.21
CIELCh	63, 34.215, 171.237
Yxy	31.0564, 0.2605, 0.3758
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283148173 (0xFF4BA78D)
YUV	136.5280, 2.2047, -53.9601
Hunter-Lab	55.7282, -28.5690, 7.0295

Details

The RGB color **75, 167, 141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **167, 75, 101**, and the grayscale version is **137, 137, 137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131, 223, 195**, and **0, 114, 91** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 167, 136**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 167, 146**.

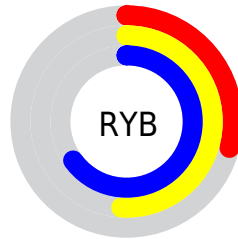
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (65%)

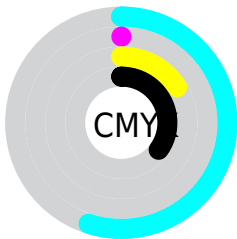
Blue (55%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (65%)

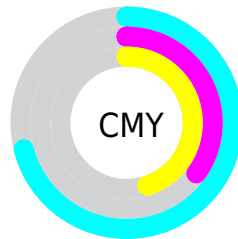


Cyan (55%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (71%)


Magenta (35%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 75, 167, 141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 75, 167, 141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 75, 167, 141

255, 255, 255


 131, 223, 195


 159, 251, 222


 188, 255, 251


 217, 255, 255


 246, 255, 255

 75, 167, 141

 45, 140, 115

 0, 114, 91


 0, 89, 67


 0, 65, 45

 0, 43, 25


 0, 16, 0

 0, 0, 0

 75, 167, 141

 58, 167, 136

 75, 167, 141

 92, 167, 146

■ 42, 167, 132

■ 108, 167, 150

■ 25, 167, 127

■ 125, 167, 155

■ 8, 167, 122

■ 142, 167, 160

■ 0, 167, 120

■ 158, 167, 165

■ 175, 167, 169

■ 192, 167, 174

■ 209, 167, 179

■ 225, 167, 183

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114, 163, 112



75, 167, 141



32, 167, 172

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75, 167, 141



142, 147, 208



201, 136, 105

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 167, 141



167, 75, 101

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



211, 129, 131



75, 167, 141



181, 136, 190

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75, 167, 141



92, 157, 211



204, 129, 161



179, 146, 91

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 167, 141



25, 166, 190



204, 129, 161



206, 133, 113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 167, 141



180, 217, 206



101, 167, 75



88, 110, 103



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 167, 141



74, 217, 176



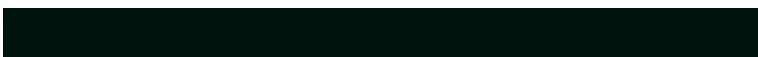
75, 147, 167



76, 84, 82



0, 148, 106



0, 20, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167, 75, 101



217, 74, 114



167, 95, 75



84, 76, 78



148, 0, 42



20, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 75, 167, 141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 75, 167, 141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

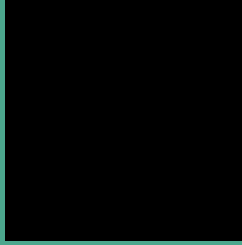
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 75, 167, 141 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 75, 167, 141.

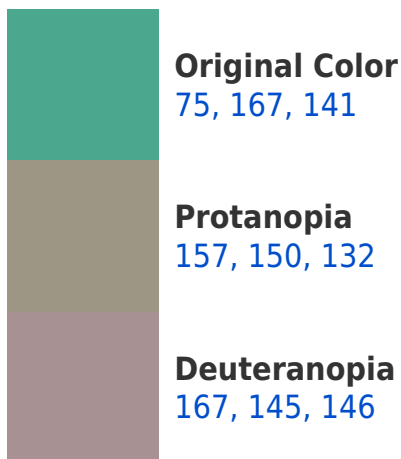


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 75, 167, 141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 162, 175

Trichromacy



Original Color

75, 167, 141



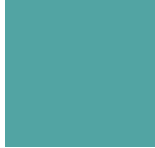
Protanomaly

127, 156, 135



Deuteranomaly

134, 153, 144



Tritanomaly

82, 164, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color

75, 167, 141



Achromatopsia

137, 137, 137



Achromatomaly

114, 148, 138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 75, 167, 141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 167, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 167, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 167, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 167, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 75, 167, 141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 167, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 167, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 167, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 167, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 167, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 167,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 75, 167, 141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 167, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 167,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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