

Converting Colors

RGB(75, 174, 101)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(75, 174, 101) contains.

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Color

RGB(75, 174, 101)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4BAE65
RGB	75, 174, 101
RGB Percent	29%, 68%, 40%
CMY	0.7059, 0.3176, 0.6039
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.42, 0.32
HSL	136°, 40%, 49%
HSV	136°, 57%, 68%
XYZ	20.3867, 32.7075, 17.5506
YIQ	136.0770, -35.5710, -43.6910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

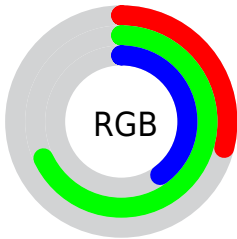
Format	Color
RYB	75, 153, 174
Decimal	4959845
CIELab	63.92, -45.20, 28.95
CIElCh	64, 53.677, 147.356
Yxy	32.7075, 0.2886, 0.4630
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283149925 (0xFF4BAE65)
YUV	136.0770, -17.2930, -53.5645
Hunter-Lab	57.1905, -36.4536, 21.8384

Details

The RGB color **75, 174, 101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **174, 75, 148**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132, 230, 153**, and **0, 121, 53** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 174, 88**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 174, 114**.

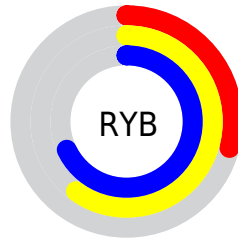
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (68%)

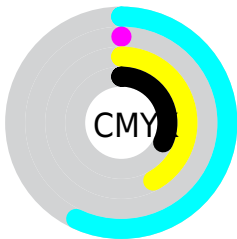
Blue (40%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (68%)

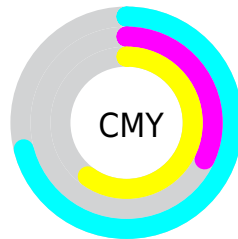


Cyan (57%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 75, 174, 101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 75, 174, 101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 75, 174, 101  75, 174, 101

255, 255, 255  44, 147, 76


 132, 230, 153  0, 121, 53

 160, 255, 180  0, 95, 29

 189, 255, 208  0, 70, 5

 218, 255, 236  0, 47, 0

 247, 255, 255  0, 22, 0

 0, 0, 0

 75, 174, 101  75, 174, 101

 58, 174, 88  92, 174, 114

■ 40, 174, 75

■ 110, 174, 127

■ 23, 174, 63

■ 127, 174, 139

■ 5, 174, 50

■ 145, 174, 152

■ 0, 174, 46

■ 162, 174, 165

■ 179, 174, 178

■ 197, 174, 191

■ 214, 174, 204

■ 232, 174, 216

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138, 165, 65



75, 174, 101



0, 178, 149

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75, 174, 101



20, 161, 250



242, 117, 114

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 174, 101



174, 75, 148

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



239, 113, 161



75, 174, 101



150, 144, 240

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75, 174, 101



0, 173, 235



209, 125, 207



221, 133, 75

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 174, 101



0, 179, 182



209, 125, 207



244, 114, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 174, 101



188, 227, 199



149, 174, 75



92, 115, 98



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 174, 101



73, 227, 113



75, 174, 149



78, 87, 80



0, 150, 40



0, 23, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 75, 148



227, 73, 186



174, 75, 100



87, 78, 84



150, 0, 111



23, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 75, 174, 101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 75, 174, 101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 75, 174, 101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 75, 174, 101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 75, 174, 101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
75, 174, 101

Protanopia
168, 154, 93

Deuteranopia
183, 147, 107



Tritanopia
96, 165, 178

Trichromacy



Original Color

75, 174, 101



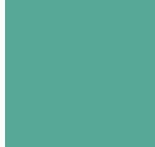
Protanomaly

134, 161, 96



Deuteranomaly

144, 157, 105



Tritanomaly

88, 168, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color

75, 174, 101



Achromatopsia

136, 136, 136



Achromatomaly

114, 150, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 75, 174, 101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 174, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 174, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 174, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 174, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 75, 174, 101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 174, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 174, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 174, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 174, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 174, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 174,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 75, 174, 101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 174, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 174,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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