

Converting Colors

RGB(76, 133, 253)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(76, 133, 253) contains.

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Color

RGB(76, 133, 253)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C85FD
RGB	76, 133, 253
RGB Percent	30%, 52%, 99%
CMY	0.7020, 0.4784, 0.0078
CMYK	0.70, 0.47, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	221°, 98%, 65%
HSV	221°, 70%, 99%
XYZ	29.0976, 25.4034, 96.2982
YIQ	129.6370, -72.4920, 25.2360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

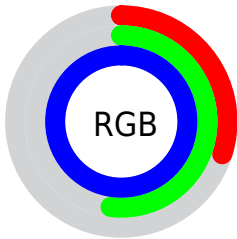
Format	Color
R _Y B	76, 119, 253
Decimal	5015037
CIE Lab	57.47, 20.32, -65.31
CIE LCh	57, 68.399, 287.282
Yxy	25.4034, 0.1930, 0.1685
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283205117 (0xFF4C85FD)
YUV	129.6370, 60.8180, -47.0396
Hunter-Lab	50.4018, 14.8474, -77.9989

Details

The RGB color **76, 133, 253** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **253, 196, 76**, and the grayscale version is **129, 129, 129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **143, 186, 255**, and **0, 84, 195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 116, 253**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101, 150, 253**.

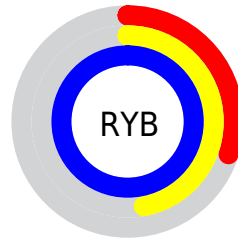
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (52%)

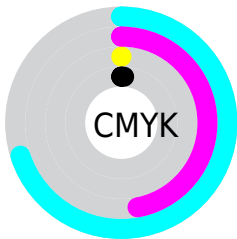
Blue (99%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (99%)

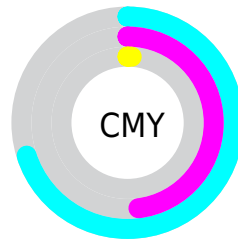


Cyan (70%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (70%)


Magenta (48%)

Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 76, 133, 253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 76, 133, 253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 76, 133, 253


255, 255, 255


 143, 186, 255

 174, 213, 255

 205, 241, 255

 236, 255, 255

 76, 133, 253

 28, 108, 224

 0, 84, 195

 0, 62, 168

 0, 42, 141

 0, 24, 114

 0, 6, 89

 0, 7, 65

 0, 3, 42

 0, 1, 20

■ 76, 133, 253

■ 76, 133, 253

■ 51, 116, 253

■ 101, 150, 253

■ 25, 99, 253

■ 127, 167, 253

■ 0, 82, 253

■ 152, 184, 253

■ 0, 81, 253

■ 177, 202, 253

■ 203, 219, 253

■ 228, 236, 253

■ 253, 253, 253

255, 255, 253

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 152, 255



76, 133, 253



183, 105, 220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76, 133, 253



226, 100, 51



0, 164, 110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 133, 253



253, 196, 76

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57, 158, 49



76, 133, 253



187, 126, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76, 133, 253



244, 76, 106



133, 146, 0



0, 165, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 133, 253



220, 86, 185



133, 146, 0



0, 162, 89

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 133, 253



201, 219, 255



76, 253, 194



96, 106, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 133, 253



41, 110, 255



105, 76, 253



115, 119, 128



0, 62, 191



0, 21, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



253, 76, 133



255, 41, 110



224, 253, 76



128, 115, 119



191, 0, 62



64, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 76, 133, 253 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 76, 133, 253 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

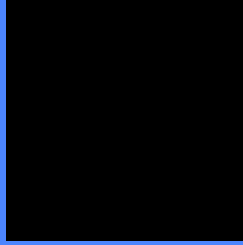
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

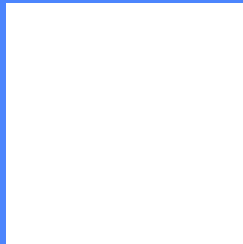
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 76, 133, 253 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 76, 133, 253.

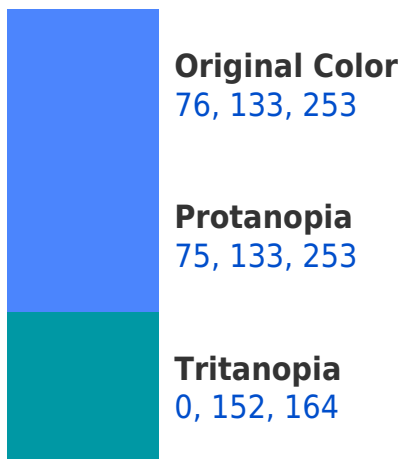


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 76, 133, 253.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Original Color
76, 133, 253

Protanomaly
75, 133, 253

Tritanomaly
28, 145, 196

Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 133, 253

Achromatopsia
130, 130, 130

Achromatomaly
110, 131, 175

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 76, 133, 253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 133, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 133, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 133, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 133, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 76, 133, 253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 133, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 133, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 133, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 133, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 133, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 133,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 76, 133, 253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 133, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 133,  
253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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