

Converting Colors

RGB(77, 111, 122)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(77, 111, 122) contains.

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Color

RGB(77, 111, 122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D6F7A
RGB	77, 111, 122
RGB Percent	30%, 44%, 48%
CMY	0.6980, 0.5647, 0.5216
CMYK	0.37, 0.09, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	195°, 23%, 39%
HSV	195°, 37%, 48%
XYZ	12.2579, 14.3518, 20.5365
YIQ	102.0880, -23.7950, -3.7870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

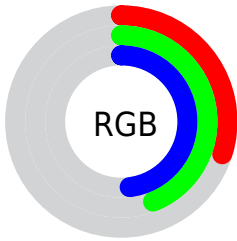
Format	Color
RYB	77, 96, 122
Decimal	5074810
CIELab	44.73, -9.16, -9.98
CIElCh	45, 13.553, 227.451
Yxy	14.3518, 0.2600, 0.3044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283264890 (0xFF4D6F7A)
YUV	102.0880, 9.8166, -22.0022
Hunter-Lab	37.8838, -8.5403, -5.6220

Details

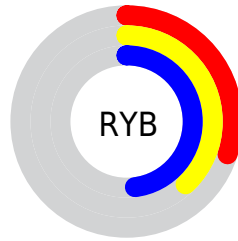
The RGB color **77, 111, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **122, 88, 77**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **128, 163, 174**, and **29, 63, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 108, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 114, 122**.

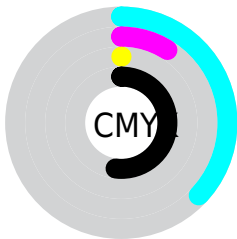
Distribution



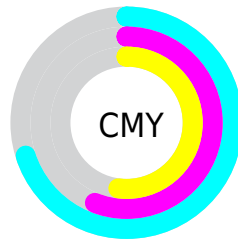
- Red (30%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 77, 111, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 77, 111, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77, 111, 122



77, 111, 122

255, 255, 255



53, 87, 97



128, 163, 174



29, 63, 73



154, 190, 202



2, 41, 51



181, 218, 230



0, 21, 30



209, 246, 255



0, 0, 2



238, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



77, 111, 122



77, 111, 122



65, 108, 122



89, 114, 122



53, 105, 122



101, 117, 122

■ 40, 102, 122

■ 114, 120, 122

■ 28, 99, 122

■ 126, 123, 122

■ 16, 96, 122

■ 138, 126, 122

■ 4, 93, 122

■ 150, 129, 122

■ 0, 92, 122

■ 162, 132, 122

■ 175, 135, 122

■ 187, 138, 122

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76, 112, 112



77, 111, 122



87, 108, 128

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77, 111, 122



126, 98, 111



108, 107, 84

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 111, 122



122, 88, 77

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119, 103, 84



77, 111, 122



129, 98, 100

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77, 111, 122



116, 101, 121



127, 100, 90



95, 110, 90

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 111, 122



97, 106, 128



127, 100, 90



112, 106, 83

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 111, 122



141, 154, 158



77, 122, 88



69, 77, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 111, 122



89, 141, 158



77, 89, 122



55, 60, 61



0, 94, 125



0, 191, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122, 77, 111



158, 89, 141



122, 110, 77



61, 55, 60



125, 0, 94



252, 0, 191

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 77, 111, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 77, 111, 122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

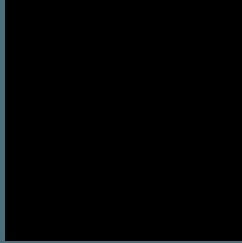
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 77, 111, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 77, 111, 122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 77, 111, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


77, 111, 122

Protanopia

104, 105, 118

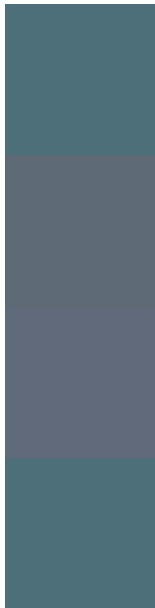
Deuteranopia

107, 103, 124



Tritanopia
77, 111, 120

Trichromacy



Original Color

77, 111, 122

Protanomaly

94, 107, 119

Deuteranomaly

96, 106, 123

Tritanomaly

77, 111, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color

77, 111, 122

Achromatopsia

102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly

93, 105, 109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 77, 111, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 111, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 111, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 111, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 111, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 77, 111, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 111, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 111, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 111, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 111, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 111, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 111,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 77, 111, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 111, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 111,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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