

Converting Colors

RGB(77, 128, 120)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(77, 128, 120) contains.

RGB(77, 128, 120)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(77, 128, 120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D8078
RGB	77, 128, 120
RGB Percent	30%, 50%, 47%
CMY	0.6980, 0.4980, 0.5294
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.06, 0.50
HSL	171°, 25%, 40%
HSV	171°, 40%, 50%
XYZ	14.1699, 18.3722, 20.5687
YIQ	111.8390, -27.8280, -13.3000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

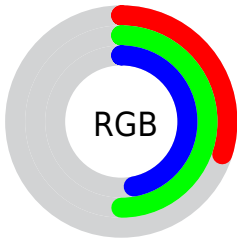
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 105, 128
Decimal	5079160
CIE _{Lab}	49.94, -19.12, -1.06
CIE _{LCh}	50, 19.150, 183.172
Yxy	18.3722, 0.2668, 0.3459
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283269240 (0xFF4D8078)
YUV	111.8390, 4.0234, -30.5538
Hunter-Lab	42.8628, -16.0000, 1.5523

Details

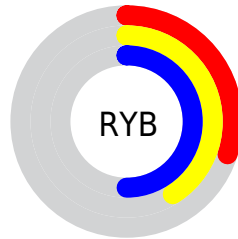
The RGB color **77, 128, 120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **128, 77, 85**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129, 181, 172**, and **26, 79, 72** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 128, 118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 128, 122**.

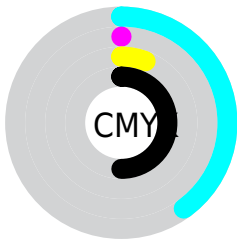
Distribution



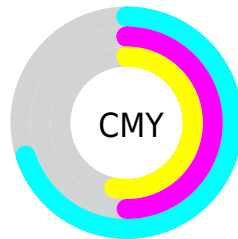
- Red (30%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 77, 128, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 77, 128, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77, 128, 120



77, 128, 120

255, 255, 255



52, 103, 95



129, 181, 172



26, 79, 72



155, 209, 200



0, 55, 49



183, 237, 228



0, 34, 28



211, 255, 255



0, 0, 2



240, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



77, 128, 120



77, 128, 120



64, 128, 118



90, 128, 122



51, 128, 116



103, 128, 124

■ 39, 128, 114

■ 115, 128, 126

■ 26, 128, 112

■ 128, 128, 128

■ 13, 128, 110

■ 141, 128, 130

■ 0, 128, 108

■ 154, 128, 132

■ 0, 128, 108

■ 167, 128, 134

■ 179, 128, 136

■ 192, 128, 138

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93, 127, 104



77, 128, 120



71, 127, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77, 128, 120



124, 114, 146



143, 113, 90

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 128, 120



128, 77, 85

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151, 108, 102



77, 128, 120



141, 109, 134

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77, 128, 120



101, 120, 151



151, 107, 118



129, 118, 86

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 128, 120



76, 126, 144



151, 107, 118



147, 111, 93

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 128, 120



146, 166, 163



86, 128, 77



72, 84, 82



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 128, 120



86, 166, 153



77, 111, 128



57, 64, 63



0, 128, 108



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128, 77, 85



166, 86, 99



128, 94, 77



64, 57, 58



128, 0, 20



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 77, 128, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 77, 128, 120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

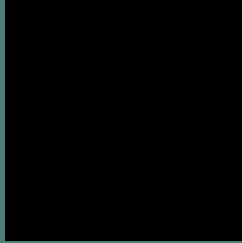
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 77, 128, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 77, 128, 120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 77, 128, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77, 128, 120

Protanopia

121, 118, 114

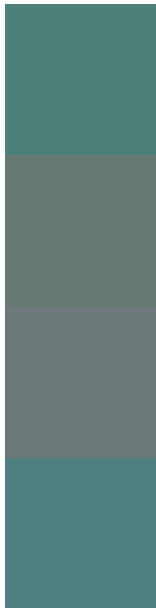
Deuteranopia

128, 115, 123



Tritanopia
81, 126, 136

Trichromacy



Original Color

77, 128, 120

Protanomaly

105, 122, 116

Deuteranomaly

109, 120, 122

Tritanomaly

80, 127, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color

77, 128, 120

Achromatopsia

112, 112, 112

Achromatomaly

99, 118, 115

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 77, 128, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 128, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 128, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 128, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 128, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 77, 128, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 128, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 128, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 128, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 128, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 128, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 128,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 77, 128, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 128, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 128,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor