

Converting Colors

RGB(77, 98, 122)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(77, 98, 122) contains.

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Color

RGB(77, 98, 122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D627A
RGB	77, 98, 122
RGB Percent	30%, 38%, 48%
CMY	0.6980, 0.6157, 0.5216
CMYK	0.37, 0.20, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	212°, 23%, 39%
HSV	212°, 37%, 48%
XYZ	10.9411, 11.7183, 20.0976
YIQ	94.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

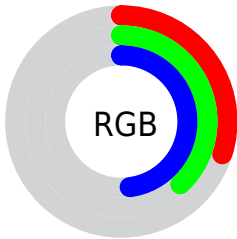
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 91, 122
Decimal	5071482
CIE _{Lab}	40.76, -1.45, -16.00
CIE _{LCh}	41, 16.069, 264.825
Yxy	11.7183, 0.2559, 0.2741
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283261562 (0xFF4D627A)
YUV	94.4570, 13.5787, -15.3098
Hunter-Lab	34.2320, -2.8544, -10.8467

Details

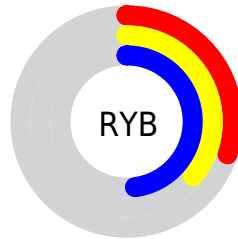
The RGB color **77, 98, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **122, 101, 77**, and the grayscale version is **94, 94, 94**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **127, 149, 174**, and **29, 52, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 91, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 105, 122**.

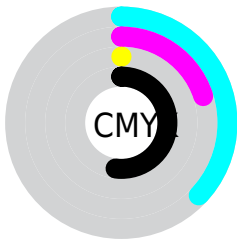
Distribution



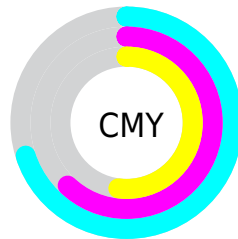
- Red (30%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 77, 98, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 77, 98, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 77, 98, 122 ■ 77, 98, 122

255, 255, 255 ■ 53, 74, 97

■ 127, 149, 174 ■ 29, 52, 73

■ 154, 175, 202 ■ 4, 31, 51

■ 181, 203, 230 ■ 0, 5, 30

■ 209, 231, 255 ■ 0, 0, 0

■ 237, 255, 255 ■ 0, 0, 0

■ 77, 98, 122 ■ 77, 98, 122

■ 65, 91, 122 ■ 89, 105, 122

■ 53, 85, 122 ■ 101, 111, 122

■ 40, 78, 122

■ 114, 118, 122

■ 28, 72, 122

■ 126, 124, 122

■ 16, 65, 122

■ 138, 131, 122

■ 4, 59, 122

■ 150, 137, 122

■ 0, 57, 122

■ 162, 144, 122

■ 175, 150, 122

■ 187, 157, 122

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62, 101, 117



77, 98, 122



95, 94, 120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77, 98, 122



123, 87, 86



79, 102, 81

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 98, 122



122, 101, 77

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94, 99, 72



77, 98, 122



118, 90, 75

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77, 98, 122



121, 87, 99



108, 94, 70



66, 103, 93

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 98, 122



106, 91, 115



108, 94, 70



84, 101, 77

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 98, 122



141, 149, 158



77, 122, 101



69, 74, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 98, 122



89, 121, 158



78, 77, 122



55, 58, 61



0, 58, 125



0, 118, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122, 77, 98



158, 89, 121



121, 122, 77



61, 55, 58



125, 0, 58



252, 0, 118

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 77, 98, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

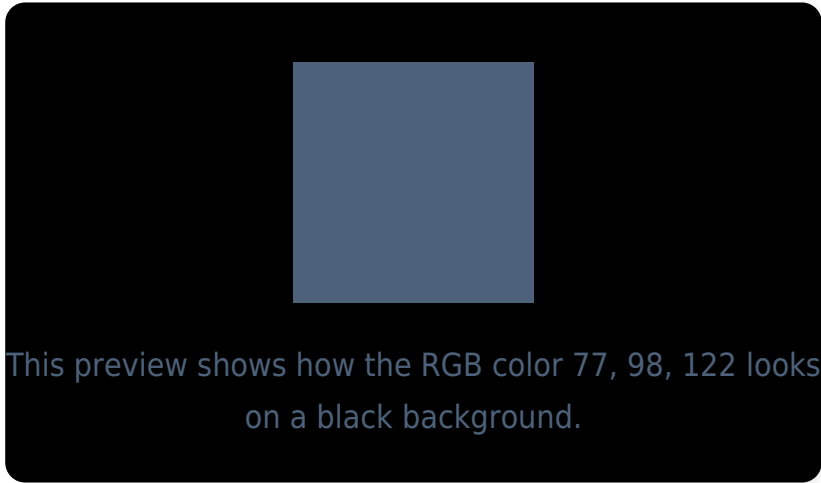
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

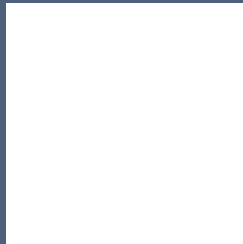
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 77, 98, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 77, 98, 122.

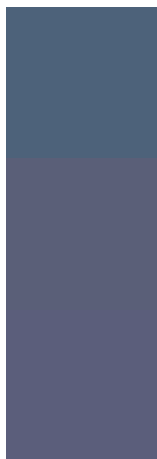


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 77, 98, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77, 98, 122

Protanopia

90, 95, 120

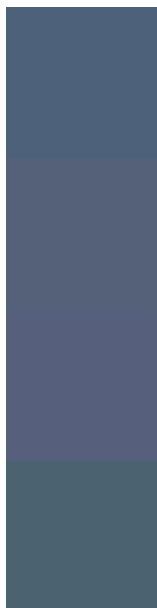
Deuteranopia

91, 94, 123



Tritanopia
74, 100, 108

Trichromacy



Original Color

77, 98, 122

Protanomaly

85, 96, 121

Deuteranomaly

86, 95, 123

Tritanomaly

75, 99, 113

Monochromacy



Original Color

77, 98, 122

Achromatopsia

94, 94, 94

Achromatomaly

88, 95, 104

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 77, 98, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 98, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 98, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 98, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 98, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 77, 98, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 98, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 98, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 98, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 98, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 98, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 98,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 77, 98, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 98, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 98,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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