

Converting Colors

RGB(78, 81, 135)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(78, 81, 135) contains.

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Color

RGB(78, 81, 135)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E5187
RGB	78, 81, 135
RGB Percent	31%, 32%, 53%
CMY	0.6941, 0.6824, 0.4706
CMYK	0.42, 0.40, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	237°, 27%, 42%
HSV	237°, 42%, 53%
XYZ	10.4575, 9.2538, 24.1567
YIQ	86.2590, -19.1220, 16.1580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

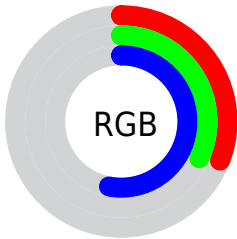
Format	Color
R_{YB}	78, 81, 135
Decimal	5132679
CIE _{Lab}	36.47, 13.43, -30.61
CIE _{LCh}	36, 33.429, 293.690
Yxy	9.2538, 0.2384, 0.2109
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283322759 (0xFF4E5187)
YUV	86.2590, 24.0293, -7.2431
Hunter-Lab	30.4201, 8.1276, -25.7882

Details

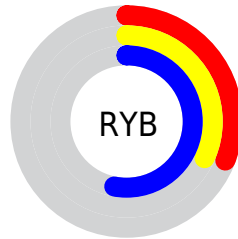
The RGB color **78, 81, 135** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **135, 132, 78**, and the grayscale version is **86, 86, 86**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **130, 130, 189**, and **27, 37, 85** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 68, 135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 94, 135**.

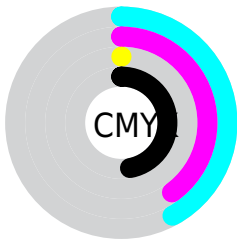
Distribution



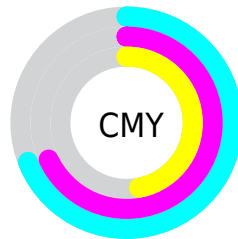
- Red (31%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 78, 81, 135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 78, 81, 135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



78, 81, 135



78, 81, 135

255, 255, 255



53, 58, 109



130, 130, 189



27, 37, 85



156, 156, 216



0, 17, 61



184, 183, 245



0, 3, 39



212, 211, 255



0, 1, 16



241, 239, 255



0, 0, 0



78, 81, 135



78, 81, 135



65, 68, 135



92, 94, 135



51, 55, 135



105, 107, 135

■ 38, 43, 135

■ 119, 119, 135

■ 24, 30, 135

■ 132, 132, 135

■ 11, 17, 135

■ 146, 145, 135

■ 0, 7, 135

■ 159, 158, 135

■ 173, 171, 135

■ 186, 183, 135

■ 200, 196, 135

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



2, 90, 139



78, 81, 135



113, 70, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78, 81, 135



126, 72, 43



0, 99, 79

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 81, 135



135, 132, 78

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47, 96, 53



78, 81, 135



106, 82, 30

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78, 81, 135



135, 64, 66



80, 91, 34



0, 99, 107

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 81, 135



128, 65, 102



80, 91, 34



6, 98, 70

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 81, 135



153, 154, 176



78, 135, 131



75, 76, 89



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 81, 135



86, 91, 176



103, 78, 135



60, 60, 66



0, 7, 130



0, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135, 78, 81



176, 86, 91



110, 135, 78



66, 60, 60



130, 0, 7



3, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 78, 81, 135 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 78, 81, 135 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

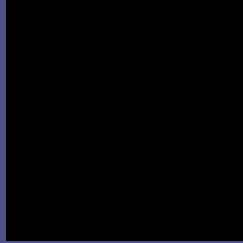
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 78, 81, 135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 78, 81, 135.

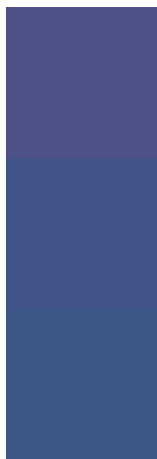


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 78, 81, 135.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

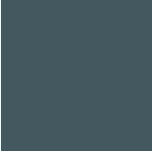
78, 81, 135

Protanopia

65, 84, 138

Deuteranopia

60, 86, 134



Tritanopia

68, 89, 96

Trichromacy



Original Color

78, 81, 135

Protanomaly

70, 83, 137

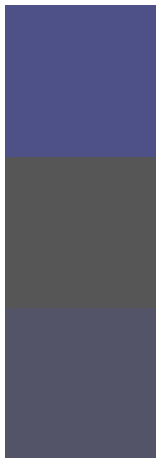
Deuteranomaly

67, 84, 134

Tritanomaly

72, 86, 110

Monochromacy



Original Color

78, 81, 135

Achromatopsia

86, 86, 86

Achromatomaly

83, 84, 104

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 78, 81, 135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(78, 81, 135) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 81, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 81, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 81, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 78, 81, 135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 81, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 81, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 81, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 81, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 81, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 81,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 78, 81, 135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 81, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 81,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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