

Converting Colors

RGB(79, 102, 111)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(79, 102, 111) contains.

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Color

RGB(79, 102, 111)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F666F
RGB	79, 102, 111
RGB Percent	31%, 40%, 44%
CMY	0.6902, 0.6000, 0.5647
CMYK	0.29, 0.08, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	197°, 17%, 37%
HSV	197°, 29%, 44%
XYZ	10.8451, 12.3127, 16.8439
YIQ	96.1490, -16.5970, -2.0770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

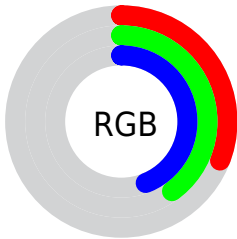
Format	Color
RYB	79, 92, 111
Decimal	5203567
CIELab	41.71, -6.23, -7.87
CIELCh	42, 10.036, 231.609
Yxy	12.3127, 0.2711, 0.3078
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283393647 (0xFF4F666F)
YUV	96.1490, 7.3215, -15.0397
Hunter-Lab	35.0895, -6.2378, -3.8982

Details

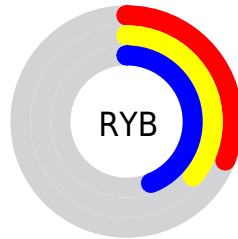
The RGB color **79, 102, 111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **111, 88, 79**, and the grayscale version is **96, 96, 96**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129, 153, 163**, and **33, 55, 63** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 99, 111**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 105, 111**.

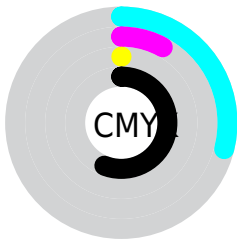
Distribution



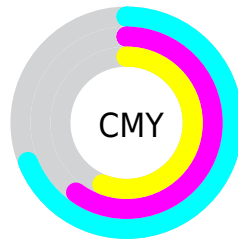
- Red (31%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 79, 102, 111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 79, 102, 111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79, 102, 111



79, 102, 111

255, 255, 255



55, 78, 87



129, 153, 163



33, 55, 63



155, 180, 190



10, 34, 41



182, 207, 217



0, 12, 21



210, 235, 246



0, 0, 0



239, 255, 255



79, 102, 111



79, 102, 111



68, 99, 111



90, 105, 111



57, 96, 111



101, 108, 111

■ 46, 93, 111

■ 112, 111, 111

■ 35, 90, 111

■ 123, 114, 111

■ 23, 86, 111

■ 135, 118, 111

■ 12, 83, 111

■ 146, 121, 111

■ 1, 80, 111

■ 157, 124, 111

■ 0, 80, 111

■ 168, 127, 111

■ 179, 130, 111

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77, 103, 104



79, 102, 111



87, 100, 114

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79, 102, 111



114, 93, 101



99, 100, 83

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 102, 111



111, 88, 79

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107, 97, 82



79, 102, 111



116, 93, 93

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79, 102, 111



107, 94, 109



114, 95, 86



89, 102, 88

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 102, 111



93, 98, 114



114, 95, 86



102, 99, 82

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 102, 111



132, 142, 145



79, 111, 88



66, 72, 74



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 102, 111



94, 131, 145



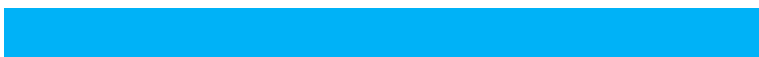
79, 86, 111



50, 55, 56



0, 86, 120



0, 178, 247

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111, 79, 102



145, 94, 131



111, 104, 79



56, 50, 55



120, 0, 86



247, 0, 178

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 79, 102, 111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 79, 102, 111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

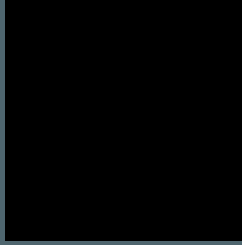
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

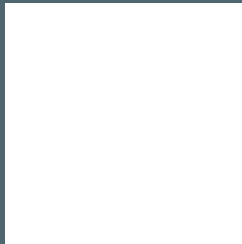
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 79, 102, 111 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 79, 102, 111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 79, 102, 111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

79, 102, 111

Protanopia

97, 97, 108

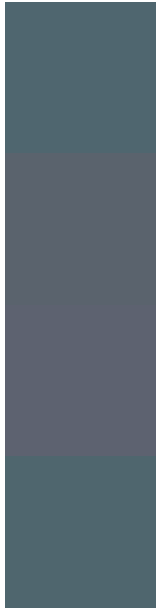
Deuteranopia

101, 96, 112



Tritanopia
79, 102, 110

Trichromacy



Original Color

79, 102, 111

Protanomaly

90, 99, 109

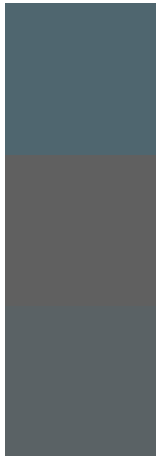
Deuteranomaly

93, 98, 112

Tritanomaly

79, 102, 110

Monochromacy



Original Color

79, 102, 111

Achromatopsia

96, 96, 96

Achromatomaly

90, 98, 101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 79, 102, 111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(79, 102, 111) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 102, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 102, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 102, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 79, 102, 111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 102, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 102, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 102, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 102, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 102, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 102,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 79, 102, 111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 102, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 102,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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