

Converting Colors

RGB(7, 176, 201)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(7, 176, 201) contains.

RGB(7, 176, 201)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(7, 176, 201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	07B0C9
RGB	7, 176, 201
RGB Percent	3%, 69%, 79%
CMY	0.9725, 0.3098, 0.2118
CMYK	0.97, 0.12, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	188°, 93%, 41%
HSV	188°, 97%, 79%
XYZ	26.1556, 35.3129, 60.6959
YIQ	128.3190, -108.7490, -28.0530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

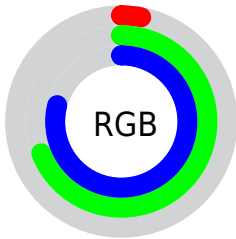
Format	Color
RYB	7, 97, 201
Decimal	504009
CIELab	65.99, -28.19, -23.24
CIElCh	66, 36.532, 219.496
Yxy	35.3129, 0.2141, 0.2891
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278694089 (0xFF07B0C9)
YUV	128.3190, 35.8317, -106.3968
Hunter-Lab	59.4246, -25.4269, -18.9611

Details

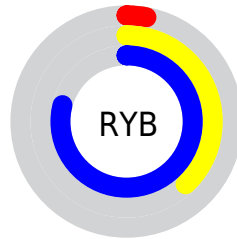
The RGB color **7, 176, 201** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **201, 32, 7**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **103, 232, 255**, and **0, 123, 147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 175, 201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 179, 201**.

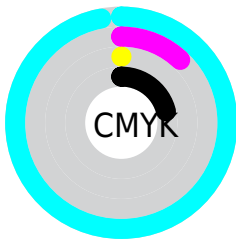
Distribution



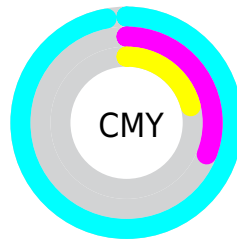
- Red (3%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



















- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 7, 176, 201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 7, 176, 201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 7, 176, 201	 7, 176, 201
 255, 255, 255	 0, 149, 174
 103, 232, 255	 0, 123, 147
 135, 255, 255	 0, 98, 121
 167, 255, 255	 0, 74, 96
 197, 255, 255	 0, 50, 72
 228, 255, 255	 0, 31, 50
	 0, 2, 29
	 0, 0, 0

 7, 176, 201	 7, 176, 201
---	---

■ 0, 175, 201

■ 27, 179, 201

■ 47, 181, 201

■ 67, 184, 201

■ 87, 186, 201

■ 108, 189, 201

■ 128, 192, 201

■ 148, 194, 201

■ 168, 197, 201

■ 188, 199, 201

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46, 178, 170



7, 176, 201



71, 170, 221

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7, 176, 201



210, 138, 184



172, 162, 95

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7, 176, 201



201, 32, 7

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



201, 151, 99



7, 176, 201



224, 135, 151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7, 176, 201



178, 148, 211



220, 140, 120



136, 171, 109

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7, 176, 201



111, 164, 225



220, 140, 120



182, 158, 94

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7, 176, 201



181, 245, 255



7, 201, 30



83, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



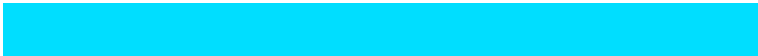
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7, 176, 201



0, 222, 255



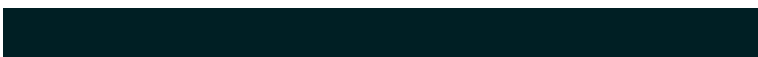
7, 81, 201



90, 98, 99



0, 142, 163



0, 31, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201, 7, 176



255, 0, 222



201, 127, 7



99, 90, 98



163, 0, 142



36, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 7, 176, 201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

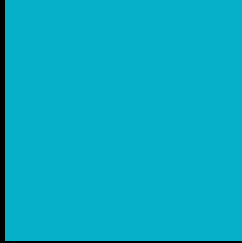
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 7, 176, 201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 7, 176, 201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 7, 176, 201.

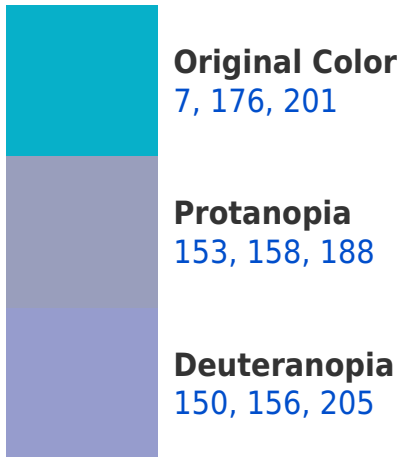


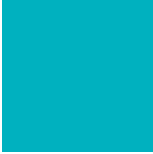
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 7, 176, 201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 177, 191

Trichromacy



Original Color

7, 176, 201



Protanomaly

100, 165, 193



Deuteranomaly

98, 163, 204



Tritanomaly

3, 177, 195

Monochromacy



Original Color

7, 176, 201



Achromatopsia

128, 128, 128



Achromatomaly

84, 145, 155

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 7, 176, 201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 176, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 176, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 176, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 176, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 7, 176, 201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 176, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 176, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(7, 176, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 176, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 176, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 176,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 7, 176, 201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 176, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 176,  
201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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