

Converting Colors

RGB(80, 155, 185)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(80, 155, 185) contains.

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Color

RGB(80, 155, 185)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	509BB9
RGB	80, 155, 185
RGB Percent	31%, 61%, 73%
CMY	0.6863, 0.3922, 0.2745
CMYK	0.57, 0.16, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	197°, 43%, 52%
HSV	197°, 57%, 73%
XYZ	23.7866, 28.6509, 50.1754
YIQ	135.9950, -54.3300, -6.5700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

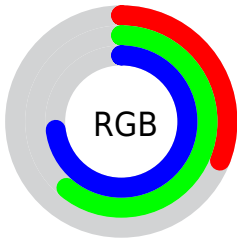
Format	Color
R _Y B	80, 124, 185
Decimal	5282745
CIE Lab	60.47, -14.53, -22.63
CIE LCh	60, 26.896, 237.295
Yxy	28.6509, 0.2318, 0.2792
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283472825 (0xFF509BB9)
YUV	135.9950, 24.1595, -49.1076
Hunter-Lab	53.5266, -14.3483, -18.1094

Details

The RGB color **80, 155, 185** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **185, 110, 80**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **137, 209, 241**, and **3, 104, 132** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 150, 185**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 160, 185**.

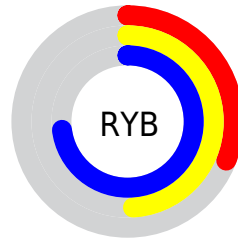
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (61%)

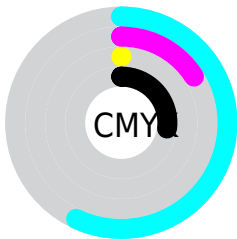
Blue (73%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (73%)

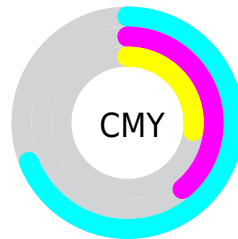


Cyan (57%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (69%)



















Magenta (39%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 80, 155, 185 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 80, 155, 185 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 80, 155, 185	 80, 155, 185
 255, 255, 255	 49, 129, 158
 137, 209, 241	 3, 104, 132
 166, 238, 255	 0, 80, 107
 194, 255, 255	 0, 57, 82
 224, 255, 255	 0, 35, 59
 253, 255, 255	 0, 6, 38
	 0, 1, 15
	 0, 0, 0
 80, 155, 185	 80, 155, 185

■ 61, 150, 185

■ 99, 160, 185

■ 43, 144, 185

■ 117, 166, 185

■ 24, 139, 185

■ 136, 171, 185

■ 6, 134, 185

■ 154, 176, 185

■ 0, 132, 185

■ 173, 181, 185

■ 191, 187, 185

■ 210, 192, 185

■ 228, 197, 185

■ 246, 203, 185

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69, 158, 167



80, 155, 185



112, 149, 193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80, 155, 185



190, 128, 149



140, 151, 103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 155, 185



185, 110, 80

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165, 144, 98



80, 155, 185



193, 130, 125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80, 155, 185



174, 133, 172



183, 136, 107



112, 156, 119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 155, 185



135, 143, 191



183, 136, 107



148, 149, 100

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 155, 185



199, 228, 240



80, 185, 110



96, 113, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 155, 185



77, 193, 240



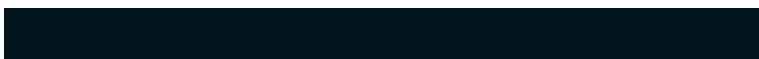
80, 103, 185



83, 89, 92



0, 111, 156



0, 20, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185, 80, 155



240, 77, 193



185, 162, 80



92, 83, 89



156, 0, 111



28, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 80, 155, 185 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 80, 155, 185 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 80, 155, 185 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 80, 155, 185.

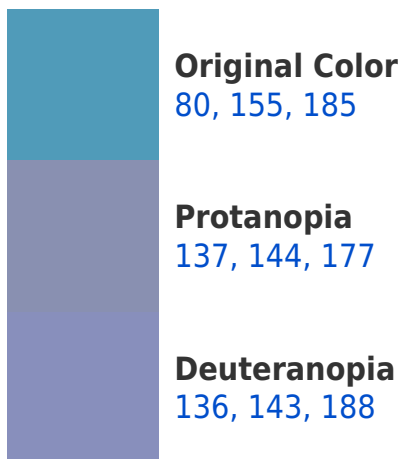


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 80, 155, 185.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

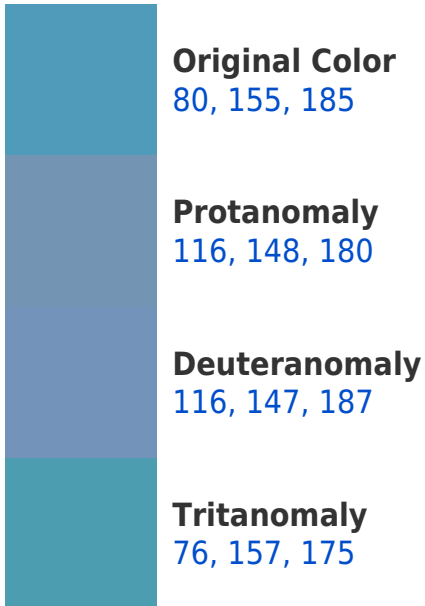




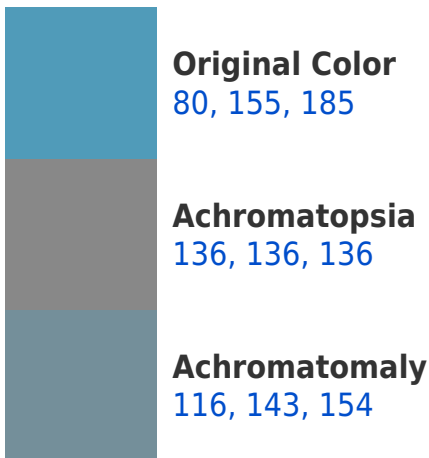
Tritanopia

74, 158, 170

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 80, 155, 185 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 155, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 155, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 155, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 155, 185) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 80, 155, 185 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 155, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 155, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 155, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 155, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 155, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 155,  
185) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 80, 155, 185 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 155, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 155,  
185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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