

# Converting Colors

RGB(80, 169, 189)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(80, 169, 189) contains.

<b>RGB(80, 169, 189)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(80, 169, 189)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	50A9BD
RGB	80, 169, 189
RGB Percent	31%, 66%, 74%
CMY	0.6863, 0.3373, 0.2588
CMYK	0.58, 0.11, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	191°, 45%, 53%
HSV	191°, 58%, 74%
XYZ	26.6815, 33.7555, 53.2533
YIQ	144.6690, -59.4640, -12.6480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

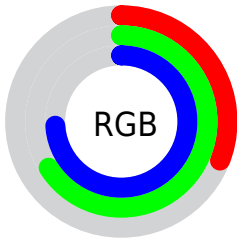
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	80, 129, 189
Decimal	5286333
CIELab	64.77, -20.75, -18.32
CIElCh	65, 27.682, 221.441
Yxy	33.7555, 0.2347, 0.2969
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283476413 (0xFF50A9BD)
YUV	144.6690, 21.8552, -56.7147
Hunter-Lab	58.0995, -19.7000, -13.6748

# Details

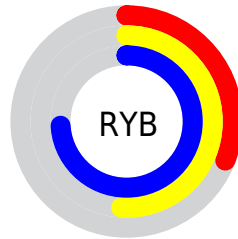
The RGB color **80, 169, 189** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **189, 100, 80**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **138, 224, 245**, and **0, 117, 136** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 166, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 172, 189**.

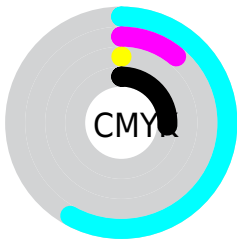
# Distribution



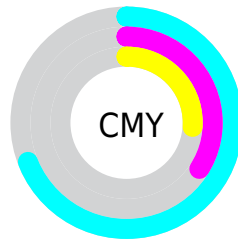
- Red (31%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 80, 169, 189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 80, 169, 189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 80, 169, 189


255, 255, 255


 138, 224, 245

 167, 253, 255

 196, 255, 255

 226, 255, 255

 80, 169, 189

 48, 142, 162


 0, 117, 136

 0, 92, 110


 0, 68, 86


 0, 45, 63

 0, 27, 41

 0, 1, 20

 0, 0, 0

 80, 169, 189

 80, 169, 189

61, 166, 189

99, 172, 189

42, 162, 189

118, 176, 189

23, 159, 189

137, 179, 189

4, 155, 189

156, 183, 189

0, 154, 189

175, 186, 189

193, 190, 189

212, 193, 189

231, 197, 189

250, 200, 189

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85, 171, 166



80, 169, 189



103, 164, 203

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80, 169, 189



196, 141, 173



165, 159, 108

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 169, 189



189, 100, 80

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



188, 150, 111



80, 169, 189



207, 139, 148

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80, 169, 189



173, 147, 194



203, 143, 125



138, 165, 119

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 169, 189



127, 159, 206



203, 143, 125



173, 156, 108



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 169, 189



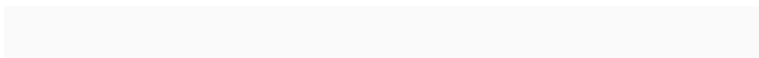
203, 237, 245



80, 189, 100



98, 118, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 169, 189



76, 214, 245



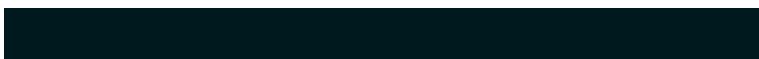
80, 115, 189



85, 93, 94



0, 129, 158



0, 25, 31



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 80, 169



245, 76, 214



189, 154, 80



94, 85, 93



158, 0, 129



31, 0, 25



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 80, 169, 189 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 80, 169, 189 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 80, 169, 189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 80, 169, 189.

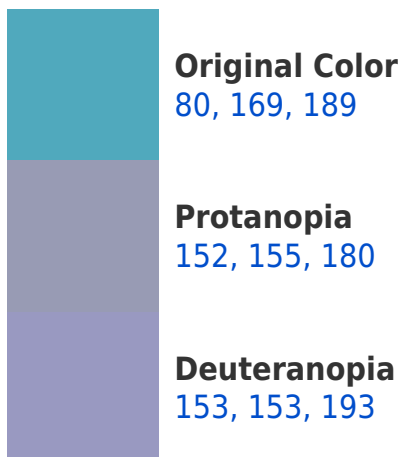


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 80, 169, 189.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
78, 170, 184

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 169, 189



**Protanomaly**  
126, 160, 183



**Deuteranomaly**  
126, 159, 192



**Tritanomaly**  
79, 170, 186

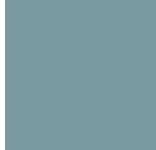
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 169, 189



**Achromatopsia**  
145, 145, 145



**Achromatomaly**  
121, 154, 161

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 80, 169, 189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 169, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 169, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 169, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 169, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 80, 169, 189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 169, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 169, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 169, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 169, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 169, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 169,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 80, 169, 189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 169, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 169,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor