

Converting Colors

RGB(80, 208, 160)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(80, 208, 160) contains.

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Color

RGB(80, 208, 160)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	50D0A0
RGB	80, 208, 160
RGB Percent	31%, 82%, 63%
CMY	0.6863, 0.1843, 0.3725
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.23, 0.18
HSL	158°, 58%, 56%
HSV	158°, 62%, 82%
XYZ	32.2093, 49.3553, 41.0866
YIQ	164.2560, -60.8800, -42.0640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

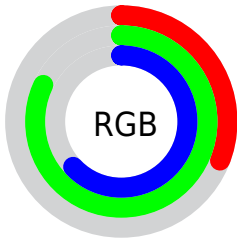
Format	Color
RYB	80, 159, 208
Decimal	5296288
CIELab	75.67, -46.55, 13.53
CIELCh	76, 48.472, 163.792
Yxy	49.3553, 0.2626, 0.4024
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283486368 (0xFF50D0A0)
YUV	164.2560, -2.0982, -73.8925
Hunter-Lab	70.2533, -41.1057, 14.5024

Details

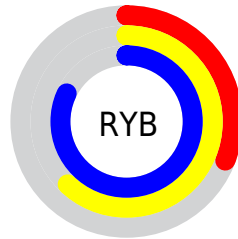
The RGB color **80, 208, 160** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **208, 80, 128**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **141, 255, 215**, and **0, 153, 108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 208, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101, 208, 168**.

Distribution



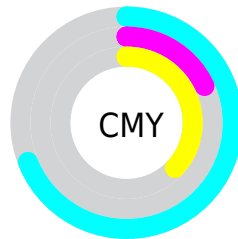
- Red (31%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (18%)


















- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 80, 208, 160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 80, 208, 160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 80, 208, 160	 80, 208, 160
 255, 255, 255	 45, 180, 134
 141, 255, 215	 0, 153, 108
 170, 255, 243	 0, 126, 84
 200, 255, 255	 0, 100, 61
 230, 255, 255	 0, 75, 39
	 0, 51, 18
	 0, 28, 0
	 0, 0, 0

 80, 208, 160	 80, 208, 160
--	--

■ 59, 208, 152

■ 101, 208, 168

■ 38, 208, 144

■ 122, 208, 176

■ 18, 208, 137

■ 142, 208, 183

■ 0, 208, 130

■ 163, 208, 191

■ 184, 208, 199

■ 205, 208, 207

■ 226, 208, 215

■ 246, 208, 222

■ 255, 208, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144, 202, 120



80, 208, 160



0, 210, 206

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80, 208, 160



152, 184, 255



255, 160, 127

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 208, 160



208, 80, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 150, 167



80, 208, 160



217, 167, 251

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80, 208, 160



48, 198, 255



255, 153, 213



235, 175, 100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 208, 160



0, 208, 235



255, 153, 213



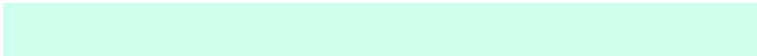
255, 156, 139

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 208, 160



209, 255, 238



129, 208, 80



99, 128, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 208, 160



66, 255, 184



80, 193, 208



94, 105, 101



0, 168, 105



0, 41, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 80, 128



255, 66, 137



208, 95, 80



105, 94, 98



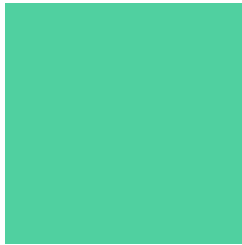
168, 0, 63



41, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 80, 208, 160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

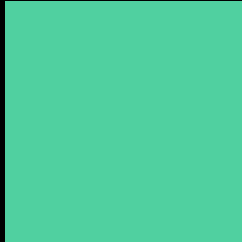
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 80, 208, 160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 80, 208, 160 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 80, 208, 160.

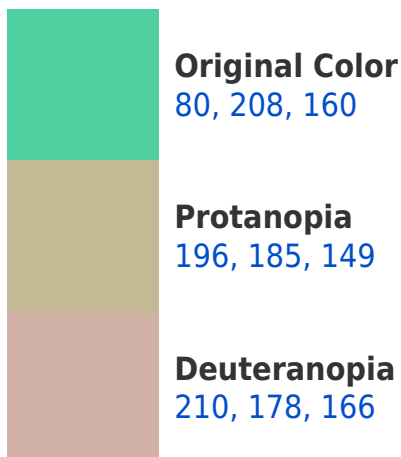


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 80, 208, 160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
100, 200, 217

Trichromacy



Original Color

80, 208, 160



Protanomaly

154, 193, 153



Deuteranomaly

163, 189, 164



Tritanomaly

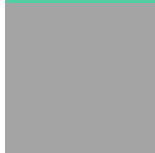
93, 203, 196

Monochromacy



Original Color

80, 208, 160



Achromatopsia

164, 164, 164



Achromatomaly

133, 180, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 80, 208, 160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 208, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 208, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 208, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 208, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 80, 208, 160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 208, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 208, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 208, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 208, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 208, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 208,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 80, 208, 160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 208, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 208,  
160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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