

Converting Colors

RGB(81, 104, 187)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(81, 104, 187) contains.

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Color

RGB(81, 104, 187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5168BB
RGB	81, 104, 187
RGB Percent	32%, 41%, 73%
CMY	0.6824, 0.5922, 0.2667
CMYK	0.57, 0.44, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	227°, 44%, 53%
HSV	227°, 57%, 73%
XYZ	17.3133, 15.2378, 49.0424
YIQ	106.5850, -40.3510, 20.9370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

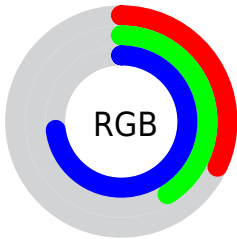
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 100, 187
Decimal	5335227
CIE _{Lab}	45.96, 16.37, -46.48
CIE _{LCh}	46, 49.283, 289.402
Yxy	15.2378, 0.2122, 0.1868
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283525307 (0xFF5168BB)
YUV	106.5850, 39.6446, -22.4380
Hunter-Lab	39.0356, 10.8569, -47.1640

Details

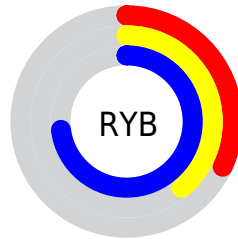
The RGB color **81, 104, 187** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. A complement of this color would be **187, 164, 81**, and the grayscale version is **106, 106, 106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **138, 155, 244**, and **8, 58, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 89, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 119, 187**.

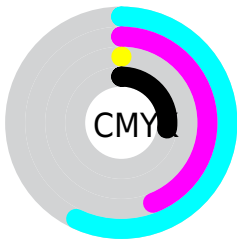
Distribution



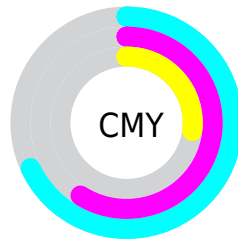
- Red (32%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 81, 104, 187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 81, 104, 187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



81, 104, 187



81, 104, 187

255, 255, 255



51, 80, 160



138, 155, 244



8, 58, 133



166, 182, 255



0, 37, 107



195, 209, 255



0, 17, 83



224, 237, 255



0, 6, 59

254, 255, 255



0, 2, 36



0, 0, 12



0, 0, 0



81, 104, 187



81, 104, 187

■ 62, 89, 187

■ 100, 119, 187

■ 44, 75, 187

■ 118, 133, 187

■ 25, 60, 187

■ 137, 148, 187

■ 6, 45, 187

■ 156, 163, 187

■ 0, 41, 187

■ 174, 177, 187

■ 193, 192, 187

■ 212, 206, 187

■ 231, 221, 187

■ 249, 236, 187

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 118, 190



81, 104, 187



144, 86, 163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81, 104, 187



170, 85, 47



0, 128, 92

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 104, 187



187, 164, 81

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53, 123, 52



81, 104, 187



142, 102, 19

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81, 104, 187



183, 71, 84



104, 115, 20



0, 128, 135

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 104, 187



168, 75, 139



104, 115, 20



0, 127, 78

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 104, 187



201, 210, 242



81, 187, 162



98, 103, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 104, 187



78, 113, 242



109, 81, 187



85, 87, 94



0, 34, 158



0, 7, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187, 81, 104



242, 78, 113



159, 187, 81



94, 85, 87



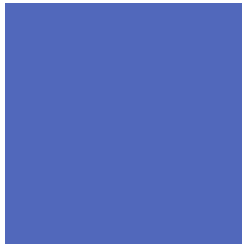
158, 0, 34



31, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 81, 104, 187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

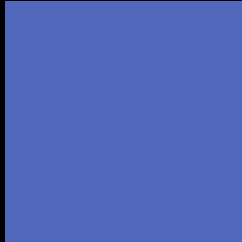
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 81, 104, 187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

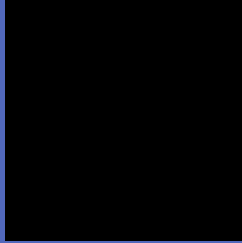
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 81, 104, 187 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 81, 104, 187.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 81, 104, 187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81, 104, 187

Protanopia

71, 106, 189

Deuteranopia

51, 110, 186



Tritanopia
57, 117, 127

Trichromacy



Original Color
81, 104, 187

Protanomaly
75, 105, 188

Deuteranomaly
62, 108, 186

Tritanomaly
66, 112, 149

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 104, 187

Achromatopsia
107, 107, 107

Achromatomaly
98, 106, 136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 81, 104, 187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 104, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 104, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 104, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 104, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 81, 104, 187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 104, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 104, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 104, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 104, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 104, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 104,  
187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 81, 104, 187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 104, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 104,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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