

Converting Colors

RGB(81, 11, 179)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(81, 11, 179) contains.

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Color

RGB(81, 11, 179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	510BB3
RGB	81, 11, 179
RGB Percent	32%, 4%, 70%
CMY	0.6824, 0.9569, 0.2980
CMYK	0.55, 0.94, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	265°, 88%, 37%
HSV	265°, 94%, 70%
XYZ	11.6497, 5.2433, 43.0459
YIQ	51.0820, -12.2080, 67.0880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

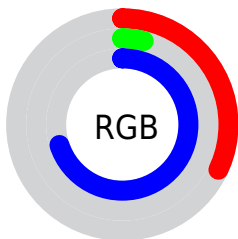
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 11, 179
Decimal	5311411
CIE _{Lab}	27.42, 61.23, -71.93
CIE _{LCh}	27, 94.459, 310.404
Yxy	5.2433, 0.1944, 0.0875
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283501491 (0xFF510BB3)
YUV	51.0820, 63.0636, 26.2381
Hunter-Lab	22.8984, 50.7410, -95.4285

Details

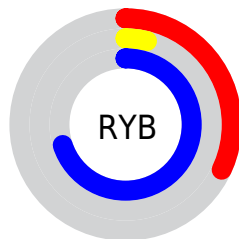
The RGB color **81, 11, 179** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330099**. A complement of this color would be **109, 179, 11**, and the grayscale version is **50, 50, 50**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **141, 72, 236**, and **0, 0, 125** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 0, 179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 29, 179**.

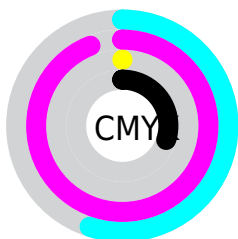
Distribution



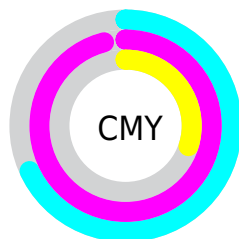
- Red (32%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 81, 11, 179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 81, 11, 179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



81, 11, 179



81, 11, 179

255, 255, 255



47, 0, 151



141, 72, 236



0, 0, 125



171, 98, 255



0, 0, 99



201, 125, 255



0, 3, 74



231, 152, 255



0, 4, 50



255, 180, 255



0, 2, 28



255, 209, 255



0, 0, 0



255, 238, 255



81, 11, 179



81, 11, 179

■ 75, 0, 179

■ 91, 29, 179

■ 102, 47, 179

■ 112, 65, 179

■ 123, 83, 179

■ 133, 101, 179

■ 144, 118, 179

■ 154, 136, 179

■ 165, 154, 179

■ 175, 172, 179

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 71, 214



81, 11, 179



161, 0, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81, 11, 179



117, 40, 0



0, 88, 90

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 11, 179



109, 179, 11

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 85, 4



81, 11, 179



57, 70, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81, 11, 179



159, 0, 0



0, 82, 0



0, 90, 160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 11, 179



177, 0, 68



0, 82, 0



0, 87, 64

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 11, 179



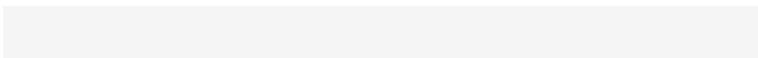
194, 167, 232



11, 109, 179



94, 77, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 11, 179



97, 0, 232



165, 11, 179



84, 80, 89



64, 0, 153



11, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179, 11, 109



232, 0, 135



25, 179, 11



89, 80, 86



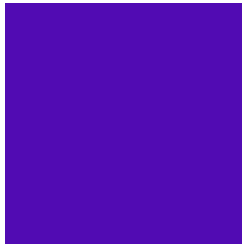
153, 0, 89



26, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 81, 11, 179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

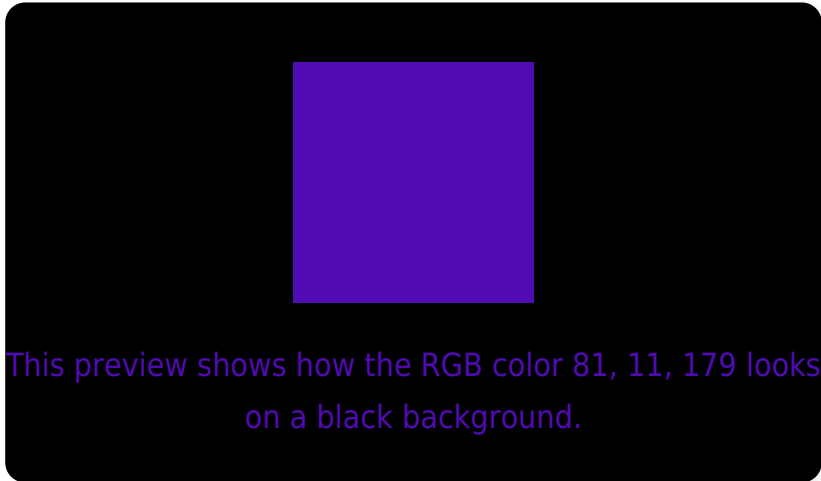
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

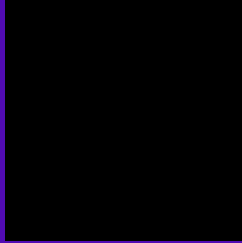
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 81, 11, 179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 81, 11, 179.

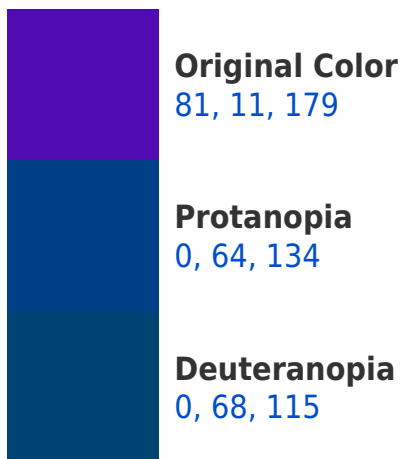


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 81, 11, 179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

46, 70, 76

Trichromacy



Original Color

81, 11, 179

Protanomaly

29, 45, 150

Deuteranomaly

29, 47, 138

Tritanomaly

59, 49, 113

Monochromacy



Original Color

81, 11, 179

Achromatopsia

51, 51, 51

Achromatomaly

62, 36, 98

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 81, 11, 179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 11, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 11, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 11, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 11, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 81, 11, 179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 11, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 11, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 11, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 11, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 11, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 11,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 81, 11, 179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 11, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 11,  
179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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