

Converting Colors

RGB(82, 131, 149)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(82, 131, 149) contains.

RGB(82, 131, 149)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(82, 131, 149)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	528395
RGB	82, 131, 149
RGB Percent	32%, 51%, 58%
CMY	0.6784, 0.4863, 0.4157
CMYK	0.45, 0.12, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	196°, 29%, 45%
HSV	196°, 45%, 58%
XYZ	17.0208, 20.1964, 31.4350
YIQ	118.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

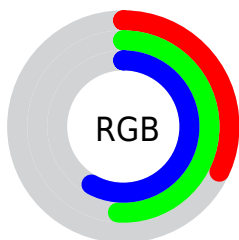
Format	Color
RYB	82, 110, 149
Decimal	5407637
CIELab	52.06, -11.53, -14.84
CIELCh	52, 18.793, 232.164
Yxy	20.1964, 0.2479, 0.2942
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283597717 (0xFF528395)
YUV	118.4010, 15.0853, -31.9237
Hunter-Lab	44.9404, -11.0402, -10.0140

Details

The RGB color **82, 131, 149** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **149, 100, 82**, and the grayscale version is **118, 118, 118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135, 184, 203**, and **28, 82, 98** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 127, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 135, 149**.

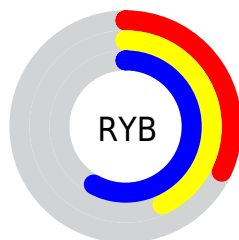
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (51%)

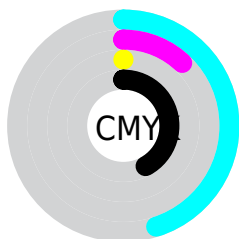
Blue (58%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (58%)

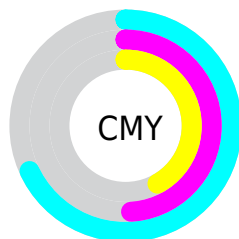


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 82, 131, 149 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 82, 131, 149 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



82, 131, 149



82, 131, 149

255, 255, 255



56, 106, 123



135, 184, 203



28, 82, 98



162, 212, 231



0, 59, 74



190, 240, 255



0, 37, 52



218, 255, 255



0, 15, 31



247, 255, 255



0, 0, 3



0, 0, 0



82, 131, 149




82, 131, 149




67, 127, 149




97, 135, 149


 52, 123, 149

 112, 139, 149

 37, 119, 149

 127, 143, 149


 22, 115, 149

 142, 147, 149


 7, 111, 149

 157, 151, 149

 0, 109, 149

 171, 155, 149

 186, 159, 149

 201, 163, 149

 216, 167, 149

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78, 133, 136



82, 131, 149



99, 127, 156

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82, 131, 149



153, 113, 129



124, 127, 94

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 131, 149



149, 100, 82

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



140, 122, 92



82, 131, 149



157, 113, 113

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82, 131, 149



141, 116, 144



152, 116, 99



105, 131, 104

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 131, 149



114, 123, 155



152, 116, 99



129, 125, 93

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 131, 149



169, 187, 194



82, 149, 100



81, 93, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 131, 149



89, 166, 194



82, 98, 149



67, 72, 74



0, 101, 138



0, 7, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149, 82, 131



194, 89, 166



149, 133, 82



74, 67, 72



138, 0, 101



10, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 82, 131, 149 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

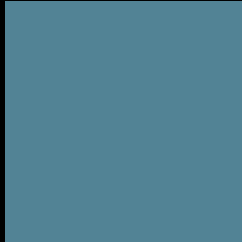
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 82, 131, 149 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

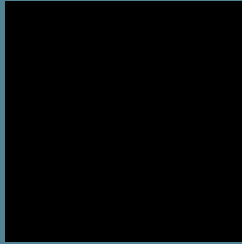
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 82, 131, 149 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 82, 131, 149.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 82, 131, 149.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82, 131, 149

Protanopia

120, 123, 143

Deuteranopia





122, 121, 151





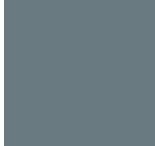
Tritanopia

80, 132, 143

Trichromacy

	Original Color 82, 131, 149
	Protanomaly 106, 126, 145
	Deuteranomaly 107, 125, 150
	Tritanomaly 81, 132, 145

Monochromacy

	Original Color 82, 131, 149
	Achromatopsia 118, 118, 118
	Achromatomaly 105, 123, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 82, 131, 149 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(82, 131, 149) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 131, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 131, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 131, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 82, 131, 149 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 131, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 131, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 131, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 131, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 131, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 131,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 82, 131, 149 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 131, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 131,  
149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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