

Converting Colors

RGB(82, 95, 110)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(82, 95, 110) contains.

RGB(82, 95, 110)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(82, 95, 110)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	525F6E
RGB	82, 95, 110
RGB Percent	32%, 37%, 43%
CMY	0.6784, 0.6275, 0.5686
CMYK	0.25, 0.14, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	212°, 15%, 38%
HSV	212°, 25%, 43%
XYZ	10.3864, 11.1040, 16.3477
YIQ	92.8230, -12.5630, 1.9090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

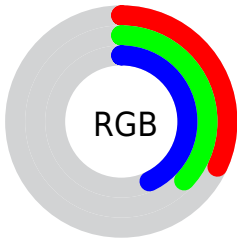
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 91, 110
Decimal	5398382
CIE _{Lab}	39.76, -1.28, -10.17
CIE _{LCh}	40, 10.250, 262.828
Yxy	11.1040, 0.2745, 0.2935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283588462 (0xFF525F6E)
YUV	92.8230, 8.4683, -9.4918
Hunter-Lab	33.3227, -2.6781, -5.7610

Details

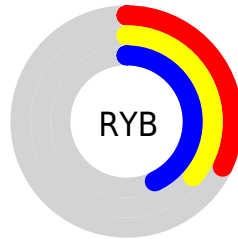
The RGB color **82, 95, 110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **110, 97, 82**, and the grayscale version is **93, 93, 93**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132, 145, 162**, and **36, 49, 62** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 89, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 101, 110**.

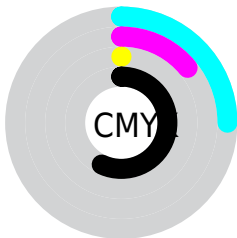
Distribution



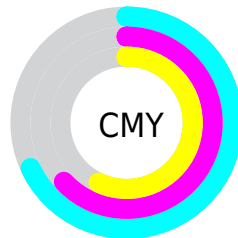
- Red (32%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 82, 95, 110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 82, 95, 110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



82, 95, 110



82, 95, 110

255, 255, 255



59, 71, 86



132, 145, 162



36, 49, 62



158, 172, 189



15, 28, 41



185, 199, 216



0, 1, 20



213, 227, 245



0, 0, 0



241, 255, 255



82, 95, 110



82, 95, 110



71, 89, 110



93, 101, 110



60, 83, 110



104, 107, 110

■ 49, 77, 110

■ 115, 113, 110

■ 38, 71, 110

■ 126, 119, 110

■ 27, 66, 110

■ 137, 124, 110

■ 16, 60, 110

■ 148, 130, 110

■ 5, 54, 110

■ 159, 136, 110

■ 0, 51, 110

■ 170, 142, 110

■ 181, 148, 110

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74, 97, 107



82, 95, 110



93, 92, 109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82, 95, 110



111, 88, 88



84, 97, 83

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 95, 110



110, 97, 82

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93, 95, 78



82, 95, 110



109, 90, 81

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82, 95, 110



109, 88, 96



102, 92, 77



76, 98, 91

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 95, 110



100, 90, 106



102, 92, 77



87, 97, 81

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 95, 110



131, 137, 143



82, 110, 97



64, 68, 71



199, 199, 199



71, 71, 71

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 95, 110



99, 119, 143



83, 82, 110



50, 53, 56



0, 56, 120



0, 115, 247

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110, 82, 95



143, 99, 119



109, 110, 82



56, 50, 53



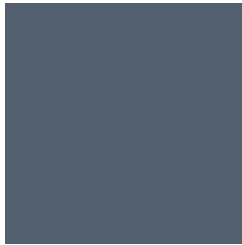
120, 0, 56



247, 0, 115

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 82, 95, 110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

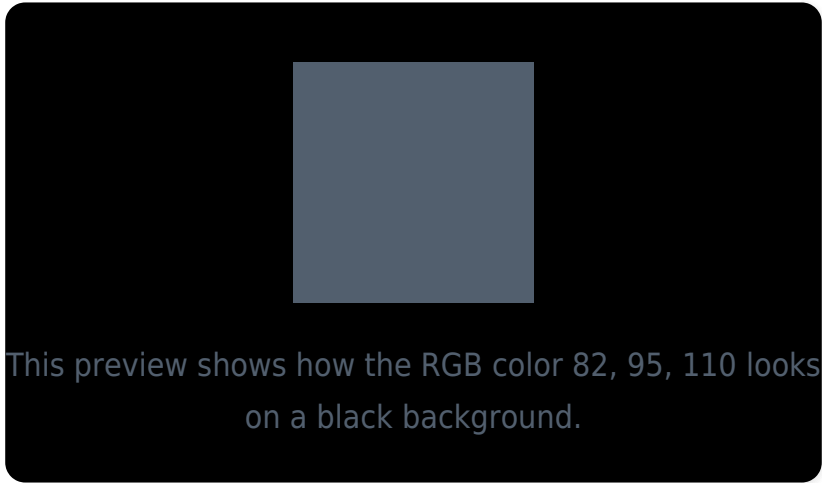
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

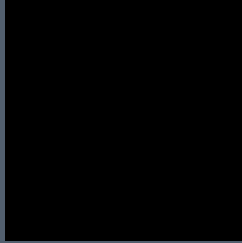
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

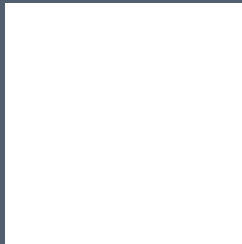
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 82, 95, 110 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 82, 95, 110.

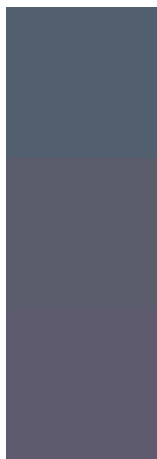


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 82, 95, 110.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82, 95, 110

Protanopia

91, 93, 108

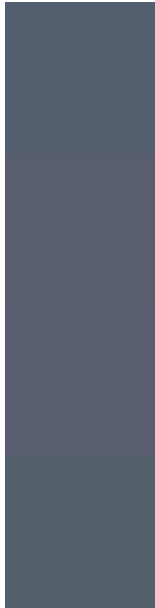
Deuteranopia

94, 91, 111



Tritanopia
81, 96, 104

Trichromacy



Original Color

82, 95, 110

Protanomaly

88, 94, 109

Deuteranomaly

90, 92, 111

Tritanomaly

81, 96, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color

82, 95, 110

Achromatopsia

93, 93, 93

Achromatomaly

89, 94, 99

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 82, 95, 110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(82, 95, 110) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 95, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 95, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 95, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 82, 95, 110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 95, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 95, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 95, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 95, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 95, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 95,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 82, 95, 110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 95, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 95,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor