

Converting Colors

RGB(84, 118, 208)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(84, 118, 208) contains.

RGB(84, 118, 208)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(84, 118, 208)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5476D0
RGB	84, 118, 208
RGB Percent	33%, 46%, 82%
CMY	0.6706, 0.5373, 0.1843
CMYK	0.60, 0.43, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	224°, 57%, 57%
HSV	224°, 60%, 82%
XYZ	21.5198, 19.3958, 62.2840
YIQ	118.0940, -49.1540, 20.7820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

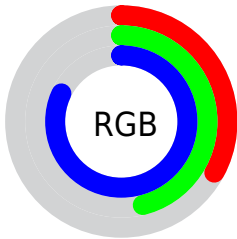
Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 111, 208
Decimal	5535440
CIE _{Lab}	51.15, 15.32, -50.25
CIE _{LCh}	51, 52.535, 286.952
Yxy	19.3958, 0.2085, 0.1879
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283725520 (0xFF5476D0)
YUV	118.0940, 44.3237, -29.9004
Hunter-Lab	44.0406, 10.1502, -53.0219

Details

The RGB color **84, 118, 208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **208, 174, 84**, and the grayscale version is **118, 118, 118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **143, 170, 255**, and **0, 70, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 103, 208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105, 133, 208**.

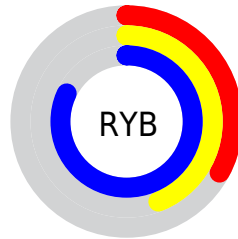
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (46%)

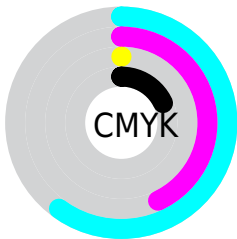
Blue (82%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (82%)

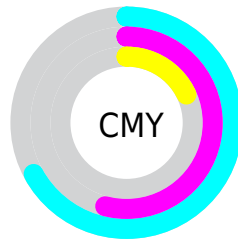


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (67%)

















Magenta (54%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 84, 118, 208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 84, 118, 208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 84, 118, 208	 84, 118, 208
 255, 255, 255	 52, 94, 180
 143, 170, 255	 0, 70, 153
 172, 197, 255	 0, 49, 126
 201, 225, 255	 0, 29, 101
 231, 253, 255	 0, 2, 76
	 0, 5, 53
	 0, 2, 31
	 0, 0, 1
	 0, 0, 0

■ 84, 118, 208

■ 84, 118, 208

■ 63, 103, 208

■ 105, 133, 208

■ 42, 88, 208

■ 126, 148, 208

■ 22, 73, 208

■ 146, 163, 208

■ 1, 58, 208

■ 167, 178, 208

■ 0, 57, 208

■ 188, 193, 208

■ 209, 209, 208

■ 230, 224, 208

■ 250, 239, 208

■ 255, 254, 208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 132, 209



84, 118, 208



156, 99, 184

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84, 118, 208



191, 94, 58



0, 142, 100

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 118, 208



208, 174, 84

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68, 137, 57



84, 118, 208



161, 113, 27

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84, 118, 208



203, 80, 98



121, 127, 25



0, 143, 147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 118, 208



184, 87, 158



121, 127, 25



0, 141, 85

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 118, 208



209, 222, 255



84, 208, 173



99, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 118, 208



71, 122, 255



111, 84, 208



94, 97, 105



0, 46, 168



0, 11, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 84, 118



255, 71, 122



181, 208, 84



105, 94, 97



168, 0, 46



41, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 84, 118, 208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

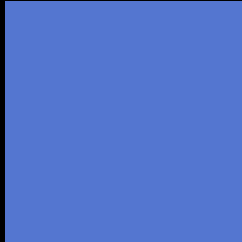
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 84, 118, 208 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

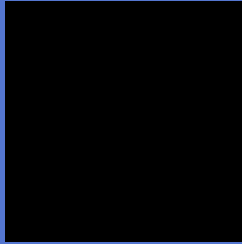
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 84, 118, 208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 84, 118, 208.

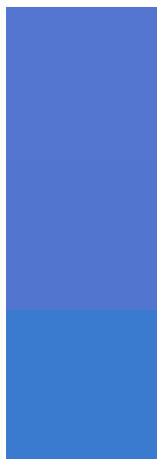


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 84, 118, 208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

84, 118, 208

Protanopia

82, 118, 208

Deuteranopia

58, 123, 207

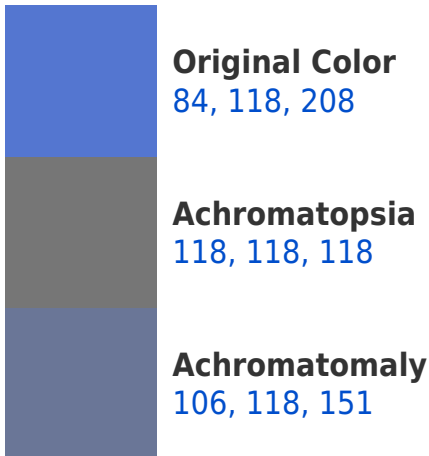


Tritanopia
55, 132, 143

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 84, 118, 208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 118, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 118, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 118, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 118, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 84, 118, 208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 118, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 118, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 118, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 118, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 118, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 118,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 84, 118, 208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 118, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 118,  
208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor