

Converting Colors

RGB(84, 120, 127)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(84, 120, 127) contains.

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Color

RGB(84, 120, 127)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	54787F
RGB	84, 120, 127
RGB Percent	33%, 47%, 50%
CMY	0.6706, 0.5294, 0.5020
CMYK	0.34, 0.06, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	190°, 20%, 41%
HSV	190°, 34%, 50%
XYZ	14.2034, 16.8501, 22.5825
YIQ	110.0340, -23.7030, -5.4550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

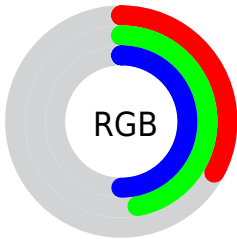
Format	Color
RYB	84, 104, 127
Decimal	5535871
CIELab	48.07, -10.84, -7.92
CIELCh	48, 13.421, 216.163
Yxy	16.8501, 0.2648, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283725951 (0xFF54787F)
YUV	110.0340, 8.3642, -22.8318
Hunter-Lab	41.0488, -10.0723, -3.8834

Details

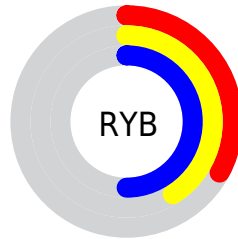
The RGB color **84, 120, 127** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **127, 91, 84**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135, 172, 180**, and **36, 71, 78** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 118, 127**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 122, 127**.

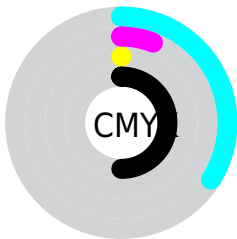
Distribution



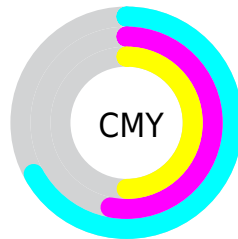
- Red (33%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 84, 120, 127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 84, 120, 127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84, 120, 127



84, 120, 127

255, 255, 255



60, 95, 102



135, 172, 180



36, 71, 78



162, 200, 207



10, 49, 55



189, 228, 235



0, 28, 34



217, 255, 255



0, 0, 11



246, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



84, 120, 127



84, 120, 127



71, 118, 127



97, 122, 127



59, 116, 127



109, 124, 127

■ 46, 114, 127

■ 122, 126, 127

■ 33, 112, 127

■ 135, 128, 127

■ 20, 110, 127

■ 147, 130, 127

■ 8, 108, 127

■ 160, 132, 127

■ 0, 106, 127

■ 173, 134, 127

■ 186, 137, 127

■ 198, 139, 127

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86, 121, 116



84, 120, 127



91, 118, 134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84, 120, 127



131, 107, 123



121, 114, 92

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 120, 127



127, 91, 84

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131, 110, 94



84, 120, 127



137, 106, 112

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84, 120, 127



119, 110, 132



137, 107, 101



108, 117, 96

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 120, 127



99, 116, 136



137, 107, 101



124, 113, 92

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 120, 127



149, 163, 166



84, 127, 90



74, 83, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 120, 127



98, 155, 166



84, 99, 127



57, 63, 64



0, 107, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127, 84, 120



166, 98, 155



127, 112, 84



64, 57, 63



128, 0, 107



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 84, 120, 127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 84, 120, 127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

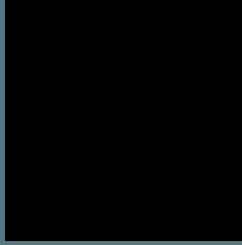
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 84, 120, 127 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 84, 120, 127.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 84, 120, 127.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[84](#), [120](#), [127](#)

Protanopia

[113](#), [113](#), [123](#)

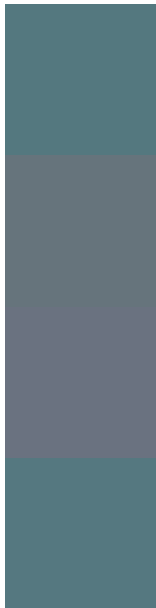
Deuteranopia

[118](#), [111](#), [129](#)



Tritanopia
85, 120, 129

Trichromacy



Original Color

84, 120, 127

Protanomaly

102, 116, 124

Deuteranomaly

106, 114, 128

Tritanomaly

85, 120, 128

Monochromacy



Original Color

84, 120, 127

Achromatopsia

110, 110, 110

Achromatomaly

101, 114, 116

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 84, 120, 127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 120, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 120, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 120, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 120, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 84, 120, 127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 120, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 120, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 120, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 120, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 120, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 120,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 84, 120, 127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 120, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 120,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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