

Converting Colors

RGB(84, 121, 102)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(84, 121, 102) contains.

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Color

RGB(84, 121, 102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	547966
RGB	84, 121, 102
RGB Percent	33%, 47%, 40%
CMY	0.6706, 0.5255, 0.6000
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.16, 0.53
HSL	149°, 18%, 40%
HSV	149°, 31%, 47%
XYZ	12.8918, 16.5189, 15.0794
YIQ	107.7710, -15.9530, -13.7530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

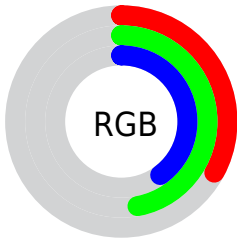
Format	Color
RYB	84, 109, 121
Decimal	5536102
CIELab	47.65, -17.45, 6.26
CIELCh	48, 18.536, 160.254
Yxy	16.5189, 0.2898, 0.3713
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283726182 (0xFF547966)
YUV	107.7710, -2.8451, -20.8472
Hunter-Lab	40.6434, -14.5070, 6.4528

Details

The RGB color **84, 121, 102** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **121, 84, 103**, and the grayscale version is **108, 108, 108**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135, 174, 153**, and **37, 72, 55** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 121, 96**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 121, 108**.

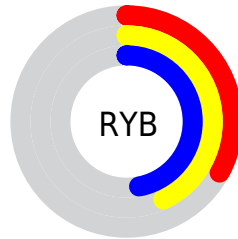
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (47%)

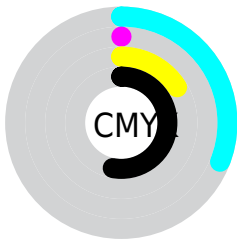
Blue (40%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (47%)

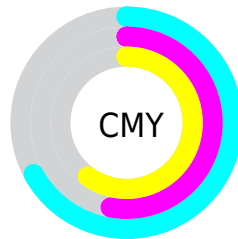


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 84, 121, 102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 84, 121, 102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84, 121, 102



84, 121, 102

255, 255, 255



60, 96, 78



135, 174, 153



37, 72, 55



161, 201, 180



14, 49, 34



188, 229, 207



0, 29, 12



216, 255, 235



0, 0, 0



245, 255, 255



84, 121, 102



84, 121, 102



72, 121, 96



96, 121, 108



60, 121, 90



108, 121, 114

■ 48, 121, 83

■ 120, 121, 121

■ 36, 121, 77

■ 132, 121, 127

■ 23, 121, 71

■ 144, 121, 133

■ 11, 121, 65

■ 157, 121, 139

■ 0, 121, 59

■ 169, 121, 145

■ 181, 121, 152

■ 193, 121, 158

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



102, 118, 89



84, 121, 102



70, 122, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84, 121, 102



101, 113, 144



143, 104, 94

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 121, 102



121, 84, 103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145, 102, 108



84, 121, 102



122, 107, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84, 121, 102



80, 118, 142



138, 103, 124



134, 109, 84

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 121, 102



67, 121, 128



138, 103, 124



144, 103, 98

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 121, 102



144, 158, 151



103, 121, 84



70, 79, 75



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 121, 102



100, 158, 128



84, 121, 120



55, 61, 58



0, 125, 61



0, 252, 123

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



121, 84, 103



158, 100, 130



121, 84, 85



61, 55, 58



125, 0, 64



252, 0, 130

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 84, 121, 102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 84, 121, 102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

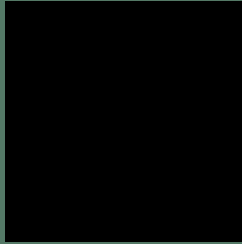
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 84, 121, 102 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 84, 121, 102.

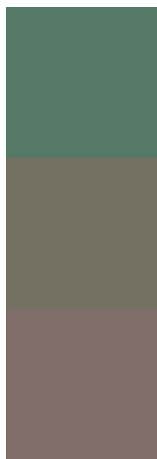


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 84, 121, 102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

84, 121, 102

Protanopia

118, 112, 98

Deuteranopia

127, 109, 105



Tritanopia
89, 118, 127

Trichromacy



Original Color
84, 121, 102

Protanomaly
106, 115, 99

Deuteranomaly
111, 113, 104

Tritanomaly
87, 119, 118

Monochromacy



Original Color
84, 121, 102

Achromatopsia
108, 108, 108

Achromatomaly
99, 113, 106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 84, 121, 102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(84, 121, 102) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 121, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 121, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 121, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 84, 121, 102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 121, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 121, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 121, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 121, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 121, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 121,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 84, 121, 102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 121, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 121,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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