

Converting Colors

RGB(85, 236, 249)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(85, 236, 249) contains.

RGB(85, 236, 249)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(85, 236, 249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	55ECF9
RGB	85, 236, 249
RGB Percent	33%, 93%, 98%
CMY	0.6667, 0.0745, 0.0235
CMYK	0.66, 0.05, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	185°, 93%, 65%
HSV	185°, 66%, 98%
XYZ	50.8406, 68.7618, 100.2153
YIQ	192.3330, -94.1690, -27.9690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

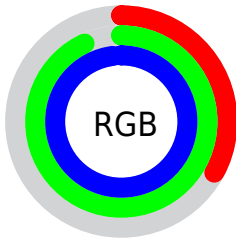
Format	Color
R _Y B	85, 164, 249
Decimal	5631225
CIE Lab	86.39, -35.44, -18.02
CIE LCh	86, 39.759, 206.948
Yxy	68.7618, 0.2313, 0.3128
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283821305 (0xFF55ECF9)
YUV	192.3330, 27.9368, -94.1310
Hunter-Lab	82.9227, -35.6748, -13.6084

Details

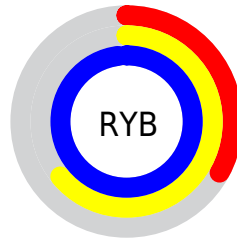
The RGB color **85, 236, 249** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **249, 98, 85**, and the grayscale version is **192, 192, 192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **152, 255, 255**, and **0, 180, 193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 234, 249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 238, 249**.

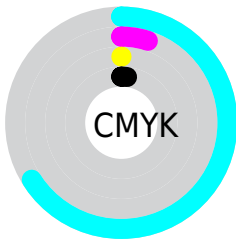
Distribution



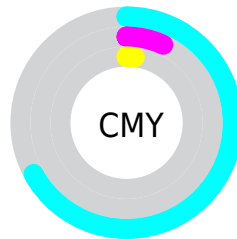
- Red (33%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 85, 236, 249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 85, 236, 249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



85, 236, 249



85, 236, 249

255, 255, 255



40, 208, 220



152, 255, 255



0, 180, 193



184, 255, 255



0, 153, 165



215, 255, 255



0, 126, 139



246, 255, 255



0, 101, 114



0, 76, 89



0, 52, 66



0, 32, 43



0, 1, 23

85, 236, 249

85, 236, 249

60, 234, 249

110, 238, 249

35, 232, 249

135, 240, 249

10, 230, 249

160, 242, 249

0, 229, 249

185, 244, 249

210, 246, 249

234, 248, 249

255, 250, 249

255, 252, 249

255, 254, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117, 236, 211



85, 236, 249



103, 231, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85, 236, 249



255, 195, 255



246, 213, 141

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 236, 249



249, 98, 85

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 200, 154



85, 236, 249



255, 188, 222

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85, 236, 249



216, 208, 255



255, 190, 184



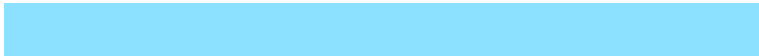
207, 224, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 236, 249



139, 225, 255



255, 190, 184



255, 208, 143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 236, 249



204, 251, 255



85, 249, 96



97, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 236, 249



54, 239, 255



85, 156, 249



112, 124, 125



0, 174, 189



0, 56, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 85, 236



255, 54, 239



249, 178, 85



125, 112, 124



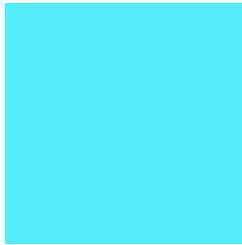
189, 0, 174



61, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 85, 236, 249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

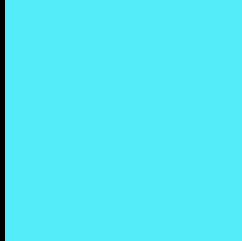
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 85, 236, 249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 85, 236, 249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 85, 236, 249.

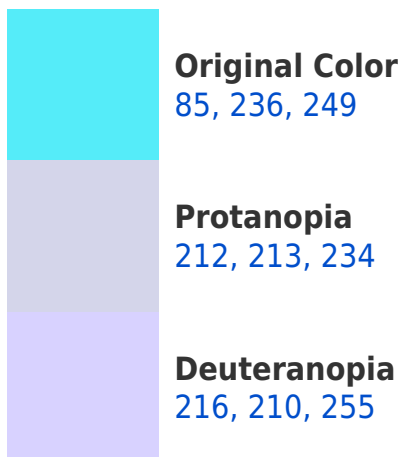


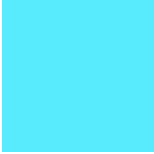
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 85, 236, 249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



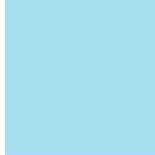


Tritanopia
88, 235, 254

Trichromacy



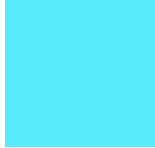
Original Color
85, 236, 249



Protanomaly
166, 221, 239



Deuteranomaly
168, 219, 253

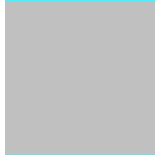


Tritanomaly
87, 235, 252

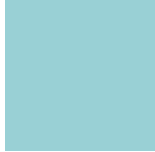
Monochromacy



Original Color
85, 236, 249



Achromatopsia
192, 192, 192



Achromatomaly
153, 208, 213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 85, 236, 249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 236, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 236, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 236, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 236, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 85, 236, 249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 236, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 236, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 236, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 236, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 236, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 236,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 85, 236, 249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 236, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 236,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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