

Converting Colors

RGB(87, 182, 183)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(87, 182, 183) contains.

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Color

RGB(87, 182, 183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57B6B7
RGB	87, 182, 183
RGB Percent	34%, 71%, 72%
CMY	0.6588, 0.2863, 0.2824
CMYK	0.52, 0.01, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	181°, 40%, 53%
HSV	181°, 52%, 72%
XYZ	29.2057, 38.9010, 50.7691
YIQ	153.7090, -56.9410, -19.8290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

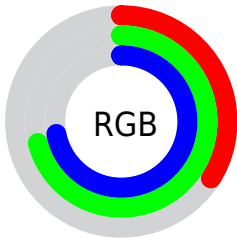
Format	Color
RYB	87, 135, 183
Decimal	5748407
CIELab	68.68, -27.60, -9.09
CIElCh	69, 29.055, 198.228
Yxy	38.9010, 0.2457, 0.3272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283938487 (0xFF57B6B7)
YUV	153.7090, 14.4405, -58.5038
Hunter-Lab	62.3707, -25.5644, -4.6020

Details

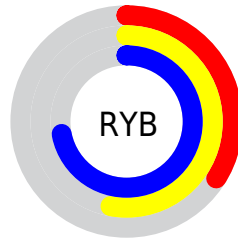
The RGB color **87, 182, 183** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **183, 88, 87**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145, 238, 239**, and **16, 129, 130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 182, 183**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105, 182, 183**.

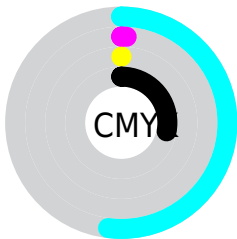
Distribution



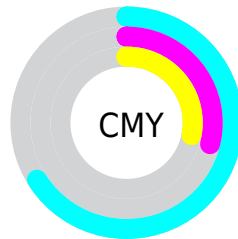
- Red (34%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)




- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 87, 182, 183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 87, 182, 183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 87, 182, 183


255, 255, 255


 145, 238, 239


 173, 255, 255

 202, 255, 255

 232, 255, 255

 87, 182, 183

 56, 155, 156


 16, 129, 130

 0, 103, 105


 0, 79, 81


 0, 55, 58

 0, 35, 36

 0, 1, 16

 0, 0, 0

 87, 182, 183

 87, 182, 183

■ 69, 182, 183

■ 105, 182, 183

■ 50, 182, 183

■ 124, 182, 183

■ 32, 181, 183

■ 142, 183, 183

■ 14, 181, 183

■ 160, 183, 183

■ 0, 181, 183

■ 179, 183, 183

■ 197, 183, 183

■ 215, 183, 183

■ 233, 184, 183

■ 252, 184, 183

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110, 181, 156



87, 182, 183



89, 179, 206

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87, 182, 183



191, 155, 203



196, 162, 116

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 182, 183



183, 88, 87

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



214, 154, 129



87, 182, 183



213, 149, 179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87, 182, 183



157, 164, 217



220, 149, 152



170, 171, 117

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 182, 183



107, 176, 216



220, 149, 152



203, 159, 119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 182, 183



199, 237, 237



87, 183, 87



97, 120, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 182, 183



88, 236, 237



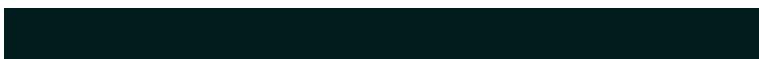
87, 135, 183



83, 92, 92



0, 154, 156



0, 28, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



183, 87, 182



237, 88, 236



183, 135, 87



92, 83, 92



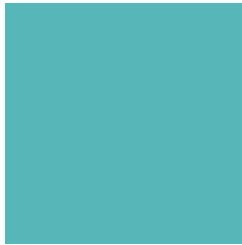
156, 0, 154



28, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 87, 182, 183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

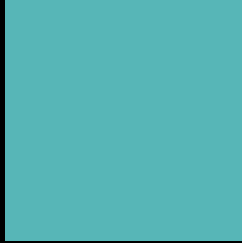
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 87, 182, 183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

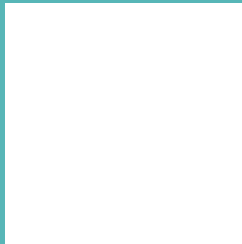
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 87, 182, 183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 87, 182, 183.

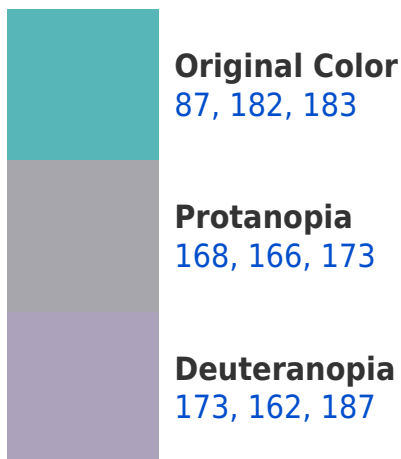


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 87, 182, 183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
91, 180, 195

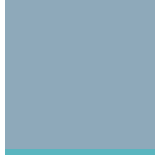
Trichromacy



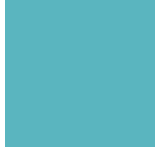
Original Color
87, 182, 183



Protanomaly
139, 172, 177



Deuteranomaly
142, 169, 186



Tritanomaly
90, 181, 191

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 182, 183



Achromatopsia
154, 154, 154



Achromatomaly
130, 164, 165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 87, 182, 183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 182, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 182, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 182, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 182, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 87, 182, 183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

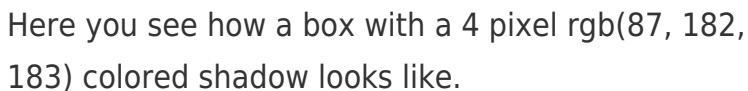
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 182, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 182, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 182, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 182, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 182, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 182,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 87, 182, 183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 182, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 182,  
183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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