

Converting Colors

RGB(89, 245, 236)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(89, 245, 236) contains.

RGB(89, 245, 236)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(89, 245, 236)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59F5EC
RGB	89, 245, 236
RGB Percent	35%, 96%, 93%
CMY	0.6510, 0.0392, 0.0745
CMYK	0.64, 0.00, 0.04, 0.04
HSL	177°, 89%, 65%
HSV	177°, 64%, 96%
XYZ	51.9126, 73.4848, 90.8048
YIQ	197.3300, -90.0870, -35.8710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

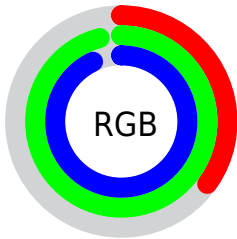
Format	Color
R _{YB}	89, 169, 245
Decimal	5895660
CIE _{Lab}	88.68, -42.49, -7.77
CIE _{LCh}	89, 43.196, 190.369
Y _{xy}	73.4848, 0.2401, 0.3399
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284085740 (0xFF59F5EC)
YUV	197.3300, 19.0643, -95.0054
Hunter-Lab	85.7233, -41.9192, -2.7983

Details

The RGB color **89, 245, 236** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **245, 89, 98**, and the grayscale version is **197, 197, 197**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155, 255, 255**, and **0, 188, 180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 245, 235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 245, 237**.

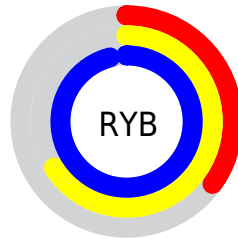
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (96%)

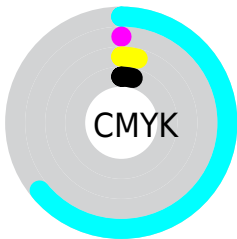
Blue (93%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (96%)

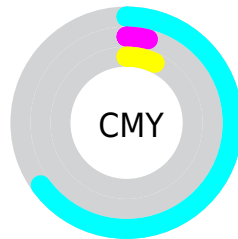


Cyan (64%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (65%)

















Magenta (4%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 89, 245, 236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 89, 245, 236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 89, 245, 236	 89, 245, 236
 255, 255, 255	 47, 216, 208
 155, 255, 255	 0, 188, 180
 186, 255, 255	 0, 161, 154
 218, 255, 255	 0, 134, 128
 249, 255, 255	 0, 108, 103
	 0, 83, 79
	 0, 58, 56
	 0, 37, 34
	 0, 1, 13

89, 245, 236

89, 245, 236

64, 245, 235

113, 245, 237

40, 245, 233

138, 245, 239

15, 245, 232

163, 245, 240

0, 245, 231

187, 245, 242

211, 245, 243

236, 245, 244

255, 245, 246

255, 245, 247

255, 245, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141, 243, 194



89, 245, 236



69, 242, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89, 245, 236



246, 207, 255



255, 211, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 245, 236



245, 89, 98

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 198, 171



89, 245, 236



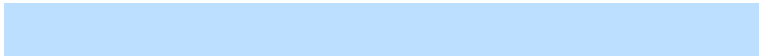
255, 195, 251

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89, 245, 236



188, 222, 255



255, 191, 210



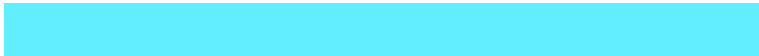
236, 225, 141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 245, 236



99, 238, 255



255, 191, 210



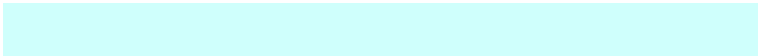
255, 206, 152

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 245, 236



207, 255, 252



99, 245, 89



98, 128, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 245, 236



61, 255, 244



89, 177, 245



110, 122, 122



0, 186, 175



0, 59, 55

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 89, 98



255, 61, 72



245, 157, 89



122, 110, 111



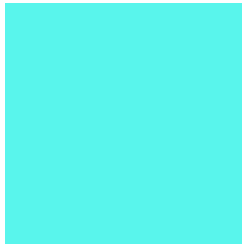
186, 0, 11



59, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 89, 245, 236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

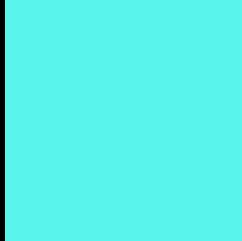
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 89, 245, 236 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

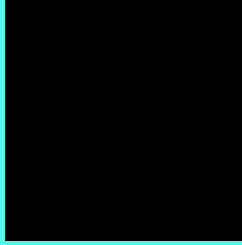
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 89, 245, 236 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 89, 245, 236.

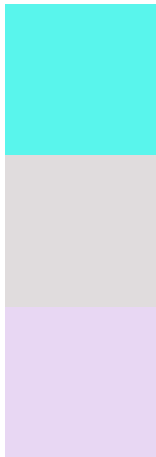


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 89, 245, 236.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

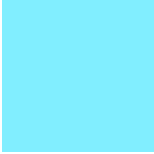
Dichromacy



Original Color
89, 245, 236

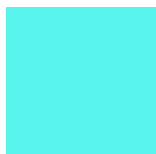
Protanopia
224, 220, 221

Deuteranopia
232, 215, 243



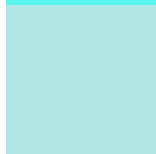
Tritanopia
129, 238, 255

Trichromacy



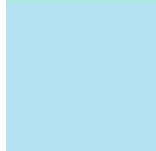
Original Color

89, 245, 236



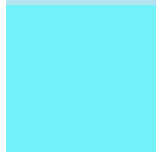
Protanomaly

175, 229, 226



Deuteranomaly

180, 226, 240



Tritanomaly

114, 241, 248

Monochromacy



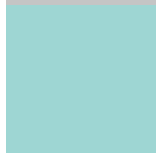
Original Color

89, 245, 236



Achromatopsia

197, 197, 197



Achromatomaly

158, 214, 211

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 89, 245, 236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 245, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 245, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 245, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 245, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 89, 245, 236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 245, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 245, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 245, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 245, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 245, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 245,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 89, 245, 236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 245, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 245,  
236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor