

Converting Colors

RGB(90, 113, 122)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(90, 113, 122) contains.

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Color

RGB(90, 113, 122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A717A
RGB	90, 113, 122
RGB Percent	35%, 44%, 48%
CMY	0.6471, 0.5569, 0.5216
CMYK	0.26, 0.07, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	197°, 15%, 42%
HSV	197°, 26%, 48%
XYZ	13.6344, 15.3891, 20.6641
YIQ	107.1490, -16.5970, -2.0770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

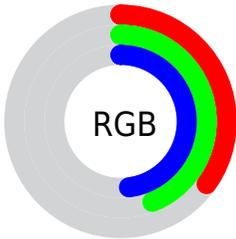
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 103, 122
Decimal	5927290
CIE Lab	46.16, -6.20, -7.76
CIE LCh	46, 9.932, 231.357
Yxy	15.3891, 0.2744, 0.3097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284117370 (0xFF5A717A)
YUV	107.1490, 7.3215, -15.0397
Hunter-Lab	39.2289, -6.6109, -3.7713

Details

The RGB color **90, 113, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **122, 99, 90**, and the grayscale version is **107, 107, 107**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **141, 165, 174**, and **43, 65, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 110, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **102, 116, 122**.

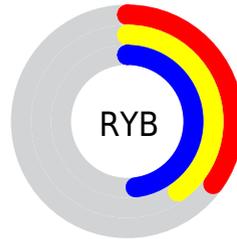
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (44%)

Blue (48%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (48%)

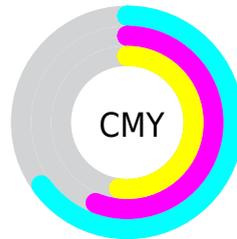


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 90, 113, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 90, 113, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



90, 113, 122



90, 113, 122

255, 255, 255



66, 89, 97



141, 165, 174



43, 65, 73



167, 192, 202



21, 43, 51



195, 220, 230



0, 23, 30



223, 248, 255



0, 0, 3



252, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



90, 113, 122



90, 113, 122



78, 110, 122



102, 116, 122



66, 106, 122



114, 120, 122

■ 53, 103, 122

■ 127, 123, 122

■ 41, 99, 122

■ 139, 127, 122

■ 29, 96, 122

■ 151, 130, 122

■ 17, 92, 122

■ 163, 134, 122

■ 5, 89, 122

■ 175, 137, 122

■ 0, 88, 122

■ 188, 140, 122

■ 200, 144, 122

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88, 114, 115



90, 113, 122



98, 111, 126

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90, 113, 122



125, 104, 112



110, 111, 94

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 113, 122



122, 99, 90

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



118, 108, 93



90, 113, 122



127, 104, 104

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90, 113, 122



118, 105, 120



125, 105, 97



100, 113, 99

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 113, 122



104, 109, 125



125, 105, 97



113, 110, 93

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 113, 122



145, 155, 158



90, 122, 99



71, 77, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

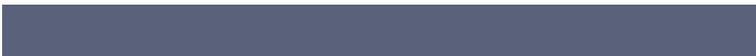
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 113, 122



109, 144, 158



90, 97, 122



55, 59, 61



0, 90, 125



0, 181, 252

Inverse Universe

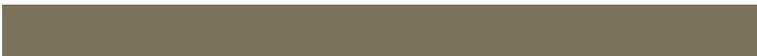
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122, 90, 113



158, 109, 144



122, 115, 90



61, 55, 59



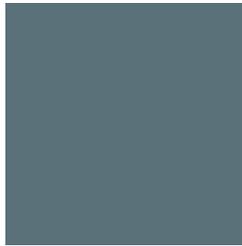
125, 0, 90



252, 0, 181

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 90, 113, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

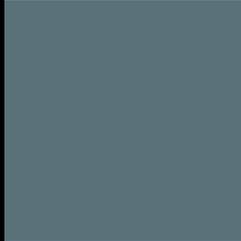
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 90, 113, 122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

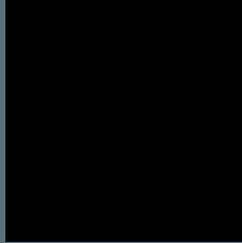
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 90, 113, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 90, 113, 122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 90, 113, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[90](#), [113](#), [122](#)

Protanopia
[108](#), [108](#), [119](#)

Deuteranopia
[113](#), [106](#), [123](#)



Tritanopia
90, 113, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

90, 113, 122

Protanomaly

101, 110, 120

Deuteranomaly

105, 109, 123

Tritanomaly

90, 113, 122

Monochromacy



Original Color

90, 113, 122

Achromatopsia

107, 107, 107

Achromatomaly

101, 109, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 90, 113, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(90, 113, 122) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 113, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 113, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 113, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 90, 113, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 113, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 113, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 113, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 113, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 113, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 113,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 90, 113, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 113, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 113,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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