

Converting Colors

RGB(90, 221, 131)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(90, 221, 131) contains.

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Color

RGB(90, 221, 131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5ADD83
RGB	90, 221, 131
RGB Percent	35%, 87%, 51%
CMY	0.6471, 0.1333, 0.4863
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.41, 0.13
HSL	139°, 66%, 61%
HSV	139°, 59%, 87%
XYZ	34.1696, 55.5253, 30.3892
YIQ	171.5710, -49.1860, -55.7620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

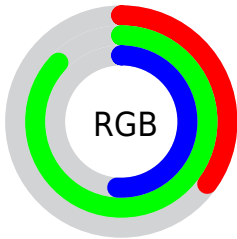
Format	Color
RYB	90, 190, 221
Decimal	5954947
CIELab	79.34, -55.44, 33.68
CIELCh	79, 64.865, 148.718
Yxy	55.5253, 0.2845, 0.4624
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284145027 (0xFF5ADD83)
YUV	171.5710, -20.0015, -71.5378
Hunter-Lab	74.5153, -48.5490, 27.9807

Details

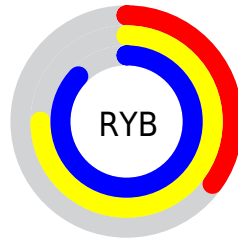
The RGB color **90, 221, 131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. The color can be described as middle muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **221, 90, 180**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150, 255, 185**, and **0, 165, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 221, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112, 221, 146**.

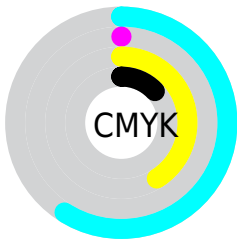
Distribution



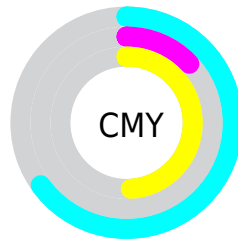
- Red (35%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 90, 221, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 90, 221, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 90, 221, 131

 90, 221, 131


255, 255, 255

 56, 193, 105


 150, 255, 185

 0, 165, 80

 180, 255, 213

 0, 138, 56

 210, 255, 241

 0, 111, 32

 240, 255, 255

 0, 86, 5

 0, 61, 0

 0, 38, 0

 0, 0, 0

 90, 221, 131

 90, 221, 131

■ 68, 221, 116

■ 112, 221, 146

■ 46, 221, 101

■ 134, 221, 161

■ 24, 221, 85

■ 156, 221, 177

■ 2, 221, 70

■ 178, 221, 192

■ 0, 221, 69

■ 201, 221, 207

■ 223, 221, 222

■ 245, 221, 237

■ 255, 221, 252

■ 255, 221, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 210, 84



90, 221, 131



0, 226, 192

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90, 221, 131



40, 204, 255



255, 149, 142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 221, 131



221, 90, 180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 143, 202



90, 221, 131



194, 182, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90, 221, 131



0, 219, 255



255, 157, 255



255, 170, 93

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 221, 131



0, 226, 233



255, 157, 255



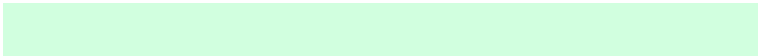
255, 145, 161

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 221, 131



209, 255, 223



182, 221, 90



99, 128, 108



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 221, 131



74, 255, 131



90, 221, 195



99, 110, 102



0, 173, 54



0, 46, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 90, 180



255, 74, 198



221, 90, 116



110, 99, 106



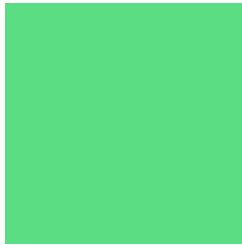
173, 0, 119



46, 0, 32

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 90, 221, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

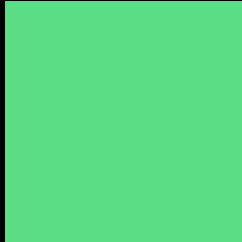
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 90, 221, 131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

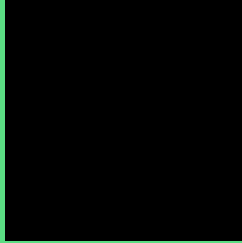
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 90, 221, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 90, 221, 131.

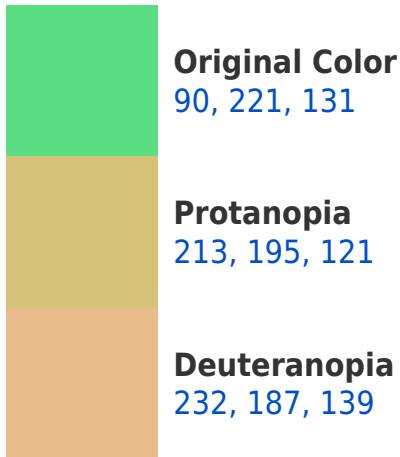


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 90, 221, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
117, 210, 227

Trichromacy



Original Color
90, 221, 131



Protanomaly
168, 204, 125



Deuteranomaly
180, 199, 136



Tritanomaly
107, 214, 192

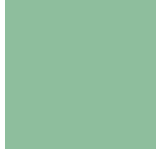
Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 221, 131



Achromatopsia
172, 172, 172



Achromatomaly
142, 190, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 90, 221, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 221, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 221, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 221, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 221, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 90, 221, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 221, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 221, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 221, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 221, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 221, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 221,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 90, 221, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 221, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 221,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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