

Converting Colors

RGB(90, 255, 235)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(90, 255, 235) contains.

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Color

RGB(90, 255, 235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5AFFEB
RGB	90, 255, 235
RGB Percent	35%, 100%, 92%
CMY	0.6471, 0.0000, 0.0784
CMYK	0.65, 0.00, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	173°, 100%, 68%
HSV	173°, 65%, 100%
XYZ	54.9718, 79.6918, 91.0820
YIQ	203.3850, -91.9200, -41.2000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

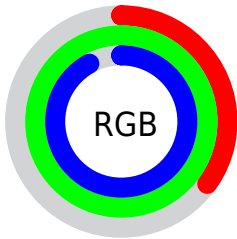
Format	Color
RYB	90, 178, 255
Decimal	5963755
CIELab	91.55, -46.98, -3.02
CIELCh	92, 47.074, 183.680
Yxy	79.6918, 0.2435, 0.3530
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284153835 (0xFF5AFFEB)
YUV	203.3850, 15.5862, -99.4386
Hunter-Lab	89.2703, -46.3043, 1.9959

Details

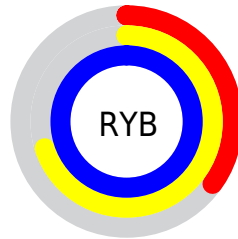
The RGB color **90, 255, 235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFFF**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **255, 90, 110**, and the grayscale version is **203, 203, 203**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **157, 255, 255**, and **0, 197, 179** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 255, 232**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116, 255, 238**.

Distribution



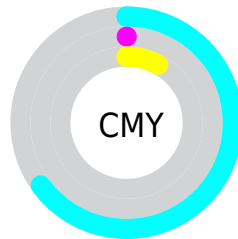
- Red (35%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 90, 255, 235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 90, 255, 235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



90, 255, 235



90, 255, 235

255, 255, 255



48, 226, 207



157, 255, 255



0, 197, 179



188, 255, 255



0, 170, 153



220, 255, 255



0, 143, 127



251, 255, 255



0, 116, 102



0, 91, 78



0, 66, 55



0, 44, 34



0, 11, 13

■ 90, 255, 235

■ 90, 255, 235

■ 65, 255, 232

■ 116, 255, 238

■ 39, 255, 229

■ 141, 255, 241

■ 14, 255, 226

■ 167, 255, 244

■ 0, 255, 224

■ 192, 255, 247

■ 218, 255, 250

■ 243, 255, 254

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152, 251, 189



90, 255, 235



34, 253, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90, 255, 235



243, 217, 255



255, 214, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 255, 235



255, 90, 110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 201, 183



90, 255, 235



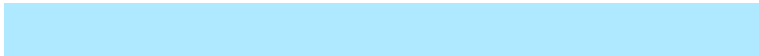
255, 202, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90, 255, 235



175, 233, 255



255, 195, 227



255, 230, 140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 255, 235



67, 249, 255



255, 195, 227



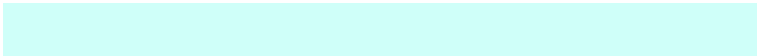
255, 209, 160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 255, 235



207, 255, 249



112, 255, 90



98, 128, 124



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 255, 235



56, 255, 231



90, 195, 255



115, 128, 126



0, 191, 168



0, 64, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 90, 110



255, 56, 80



255, 151, 90



128, 115, 116



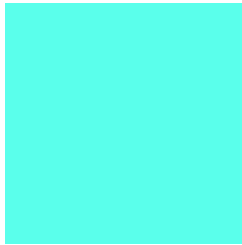
191, 0, 23



64, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 90, 255, 235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

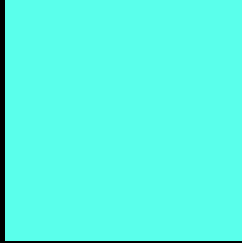
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 90, 255, 235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 90, 255, 235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 90, 255, 235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 90, 255, 235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

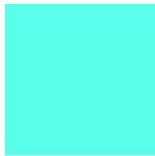
Dichromacy





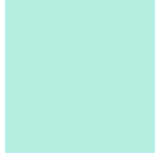
Tritanopia
167, 242, 255

Trichromacy



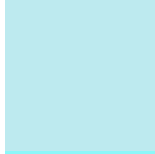
Original Color

90, 255, 235



Protanomaly

182, 238, 225



Deuteranomaly

189, 234, 239



Tritanomaly

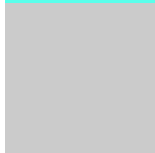
139, 247, 248

Monochromacy



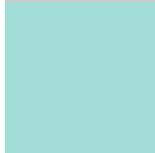
Original Color

90, 255, 235



Achromatopsia

203, 203, 203



Achromatomaly

162, 222, 215

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 90, 255, 235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 255, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 255, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 255, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 255, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 90, 255, 235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 255, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 255, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 255, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 255, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 255, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 255,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 90, 255, 235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 255, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 255,  
235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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