

Converting Colors

RGB(91, 186, 187)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(91, 186, 187) contains.

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Color

RGB(91, 186, 187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5BBABB
RGB	91, 186, 187
RGB Percent	36%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.6431, 0.2706, 0.2667
CMYK	0.51, 0.01, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	181°, 41%, 55%
HSV	181°, 51%, 73%
XYZ	30.8429, 40.9298, 53.2884
YIQ	157.7090, -56.9410, -19.8290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

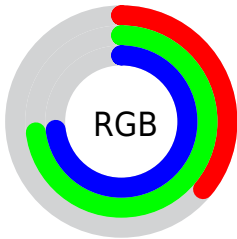
Format	Color
RYB	91, 139, 187
Decimal	6011579
CIELab	70.13, -27.64, -9.12
CIELCh	70, 29.109, 198.252
Yxy	40.9298, 0.2466, 0.3273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284201659 (0xFF5BBABB)
YUV	157.7090, 14.4405, -58.5038
Hunter-Lab	63.9764, -25.9041, -4.6014

Details

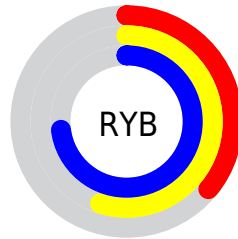
The RGB color **91, 186, 187** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **187, 92, 91**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148, 242, 243**, and **23, 132, 134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 186, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 186, 187**.

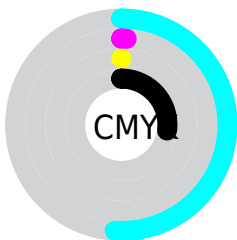
Distribution



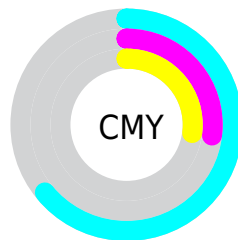
- Red (36%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 91, 186, 187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 91, 186, 187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 186, 187


255, 255, 255


 148, 242, 243


 177, 255, 255

 206, 255, 255

 236, 255, 255

 91, 186, 187

 61, 159, 160

 23, 132, 134


 0, 107, 109


 0, 82, 84


 0, 59, 61

 0, 37, 39

 0, 2, 20

 0, 0, 0

 91, 186, 187

 91, 186, 187

■ 72, 186, 187

■ 110, 186, 187

■ 54, 186, 187

■ 128, 186, 187

■ 35, 185, 187

■ 147, 187, 187

■ 16, 185, 187

■ 166, 187, 187

■ 0, 185, 187

■ 185, 187, 187

■ 203, 187, 187

■ 222, 187, 187

■ 241, 188, 187

■ 255, 188, 187

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113, 185, 160



91, 186, 187



93, 183, 210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91, 186, 187



195, 159, 207



200, 166, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 186, 187



187, 92, 91

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



218, 158, 133



91, 186, 187



217, 153, 183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91, 186, 187



161, 168, 221



225, 152, 156



174, 175, 121

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 186, 187



111, 179, 220



225, 152, 156



207, 163, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 186, 187



206, 242, 242



91, 187, 91



100, 122, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 186, 187



92, 241, 242



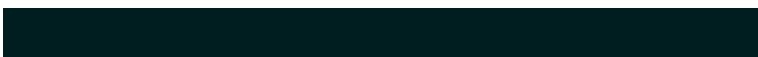
91, 139, 187



85, 94, 94



0, 156, 158



0, 30, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187, 91, 186



242, 92, 241



187, 139, 91



94, 85, 94



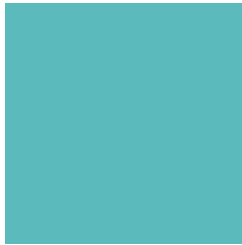
158, 0, 156



31, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 91, 186, 187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

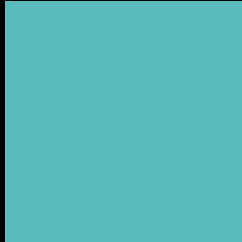
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 91, 186, 187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

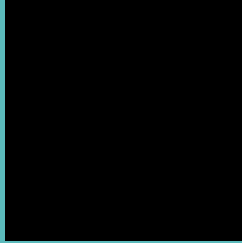
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

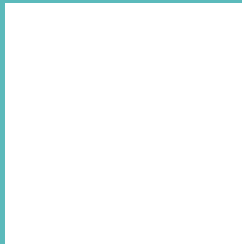
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 91, 186, 187 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 91, 186, 187.

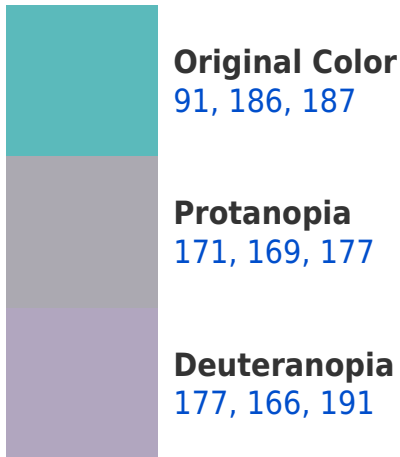


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 91, 186, 187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
95, 184, 199

Trichromacy



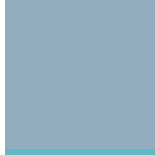
Original Color

91, 186, 187



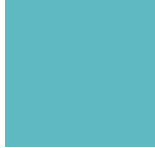
Protanomaly

142, 175, 181



Deuteranomaly

146, 173, 190



Tritanomaly

94, 185, 195

Monochromacy



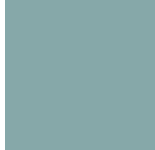
Original Color

91, 186, 187



Achromatopsia

158, 158, 158



Achromatomaly

134, 168, 169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 91, 186, 187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 186, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 186, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 186, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 186, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 91, 186, 187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 186, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 186, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 186, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 186, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 186, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 186,  
187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 91, 186, 187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 186, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 186,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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