

Converting Colors

RGB(91, 203, 223)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(91, 203, 223) contains.

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Color

RGB(91, 203, 223)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5BCBDF
RGB	91, 203, 223
RGB Percent	36%, 80%, 87%
CMY	0.6431, 0.2039, 0.1255
CMYK	0.59, 0.09, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	189°, 67%, 62%
HSV	189°, 59%, 87%
XYZ	38.9896, 50.2637, 77.4589
YIQ	171.7920, -73.1720, -17.5240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

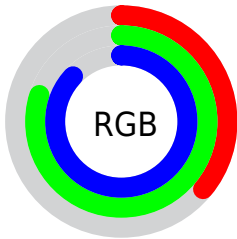
Format	Color
RYB	91, 152, 223
Decimal	6015967
CIELab	76.23, -26.03, -19.52
CIElCh	76, 32.540, 216.863
Yxy	50.2637, 0.2339, 0.3015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284206047 (0xFF5BCBDF)
YUV	171.7920, 25.2455, -70.8546
Hunter-Lab	70.8969, -25.9039, -15.1499

Details

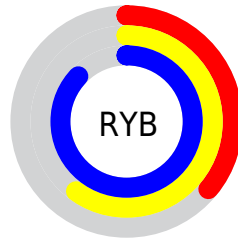
The RGB color **91, 203, 223** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **223, 111, 91**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **152, 255, 255**, and **0, 149, 168** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 200, 223**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 206, 223**.

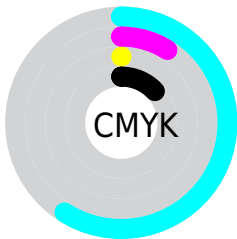
Distribution



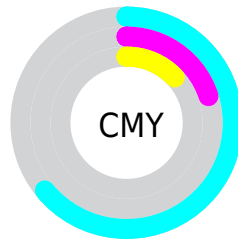
- Red (36%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



















- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 91, 203, 223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 91, 203, 223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 203, 223	 91, 203, 223
 255, 255, 255	 57, 175, 195
 152, 255, 255	 0, 149, 168
 182, 255, 255	 0, 123, 141
 212, 255, 255	 0, 97, 116
 242, 255, 255	 0, 73, 91
	 0, 50, 68
	 0, 31, 45
	 0, 1, 25
	 0, 0, 0

■ 91, 203, 223

■ 91, 203, 223

■ 69, 200, 223

■ 113, 206, 223

■ 46, 196, 223

■ 136, 210, 223

■ 24, 193, 223

■ 158, 213, 223

■ 2, 189, 223

■ 180, 217, 223

■ 0, 189, 223

■ 203, 220, 223

■ 225, 223, 223

■ 247, 227, 223

■ 255, 230, 223

■ 255, 233, 223

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103, 205, 194



91, 203, 223



116, 197, 242

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91, 203, 223



232, 169, 212



202, 188, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 203, 223



223, 111, 91

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229, 178, 133



91, 203, 223



247, 165, 182

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91, 203, 223



201, 178, 236



245, 169, 153



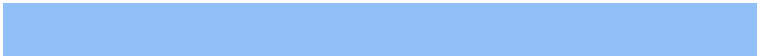
169, 197, 139

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 203, 223



144, 192, 247



245, 169, 153



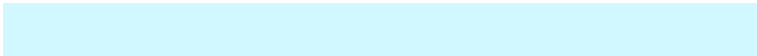
212, 185, 128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 203, 223



209, 248, 255



91, 223, 111



99, 123, 128



0, 0, 0



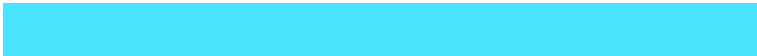
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 203, 223



74, 228, 255



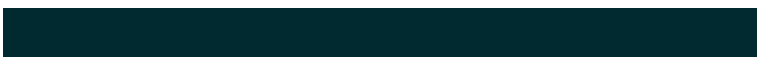
91, 137, 223



101, 111, 112



0, 149, 176



0, 41, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



223, 91, 203



255, 74, 228



223, 177, 91



112, 101, 110



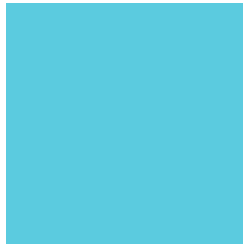
176, 0, 149



48, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 91, 203, 223 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

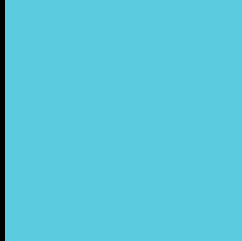
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 91, 203, 223 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

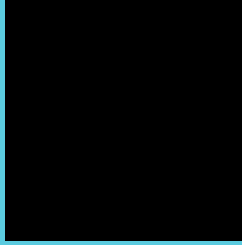
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 91, 203, 223 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 91, 203, 223.

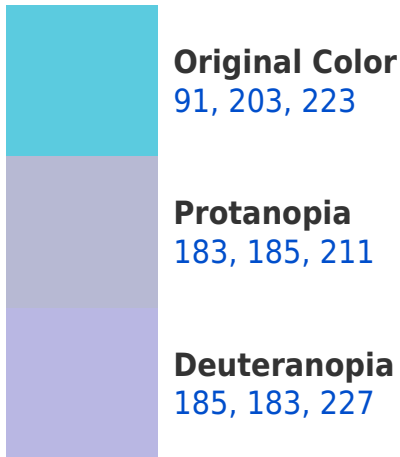


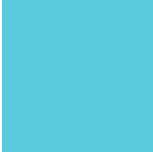
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 91, 203, 223.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
90, 203, 220

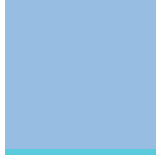
Trichromacy



Original Color
91, 203, 223



Protanomaly
150, 192, 215



Deuteranomaly
151, 190, 226

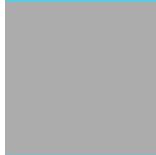


Tritanomaly
90, 203, 221

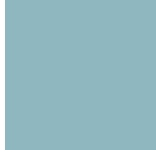
Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 203, 223



Achromatopsia
172, 172, 172



Achromatomaly
143, 183, 191

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 91, 203, 223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 203, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 203, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 203, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 203, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 91, 203, 223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 203, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 203, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 203, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 203, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 203, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 203,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 91, 203, 223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 203, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 203,  
223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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