

Converting Colors

RGB(92, 103, 105)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(92, 103, 105) contains.

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Color

RGB(92, 103, 105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C6769
RGB	92, 103, 105
RGB Percent	36%, 40%, 41%
CMY	0.6392, 0.5961, 0.5882
CMYK	0.12, 0.02, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	189°, 7%, 39%
HSV	189°, 12%, 41%
XYZ	11.8137, 12.9957, 15.2504
YIQ	99.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

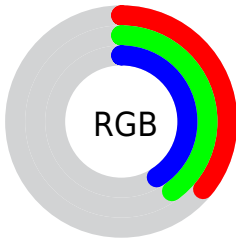
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 98, 105
Decimal	6055785
CIE Lab	42.76, -3.73, -2.56
CIE LCh	43, 4.528, 214.436
Yxy	12.9957, 0.2949, 0.3244
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284245865 (0xFF5C6769)
YUV	99.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625
Hunter-Lab	36.0496, -4.5912, 0.1527

Details

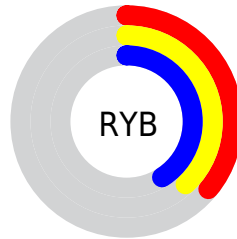
The RGB color **92, 103, 105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **105, 94, 92**, and the grayscale version is **100, 100, 100**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142, 154, 156**, and **46, 56, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 101, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **103, 105, 105**.

Distribution



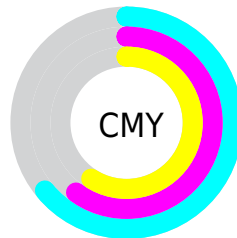
- Red (36%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 92, 103, 105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 92, 103, 105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



92, 103, 105



92, 103, 105

255, 255, 255



68, 79, 81



142, 154, 156



46, 56, 58



169, 181, 183



25, 35, 36



196, 208, 211



0, 13, 15



224, 237, 239



0, 0, 0

253, 255, 255



92, 103, 105



92, 103, 105



82, 101, 105



103, 105, 105



71, 100, 105



113, 106, 105

■ 60, 98, 105

■ 124, 108, 105

■ 50, 97, 105

■ 134, 109, 105

■ 39, 95, 105

■ 145, 111, 105

■ 29, 93, 105

■ 155, 113, 105

■ 19, 92, 105

■ 166, 114, 105

■ 8, 90, 105

■ 176, 116, 105

■ 0, 89, 105

■ 187, 118, 105

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92, 103, 101



92, 103, 105



94, 102, 108

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92, 103, 105



106, 99, 104



104, 101, 94

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 103, 105



105, 94, 92

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107, 100, 94



92, 103, 105



109, 98, 100

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92, 103, 105



102, 100, 107



109, 99, 97



99, 102, 95

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 103, 105



96, 101, 108



109, 99, 97



105, 100, 94

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 103, 105



132, 137, 138



92, 105, 94



65, 68, 69



196, 196, 196



69, 69, 69

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 103, 105



117, 135, 138



92, 97, 105



48, 53, 54



0, 99, 117



0, 207, 245

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



105, 92, 103



138, 117, 135



105, 100, 92



54, 48, 53



117, 0, 99



245, 0, 207

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 92, 103, 105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 92, 103, 105 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

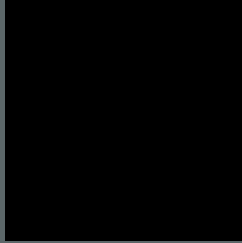
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

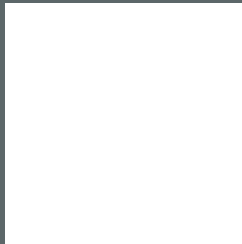
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 92, 103, 105 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 92, 103, 105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 92, 103, 105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[92](#), [103](#), [105](#)

Protanopia
[102](#), [100](#), [103](#)

Deuteranopia
[108](#), [98](#), [106](#)



Tritanopia
93, 102, 110

Trichromacy



Original Color

92, 103, 105

Protanomaly

98, 101, 104

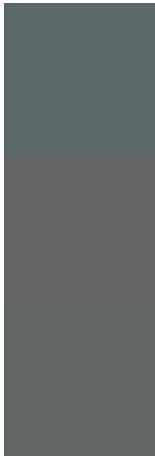
Deuteranomaly

102, 100, 106

Tritanomaly

93, 102, 108

Monochromacy



Original Color

92, 103, 105

Achromatopsia

100, 100, 100

Achromatomaly

97, 101, 102

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 92, 103, 105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(92, 103, 105) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 103, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 103, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 103, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 92, 103, 105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 103, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 103, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 103, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 103, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 103, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 103,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 92, 103, 105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 103, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 103,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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