

Converting Colors

RGB(92, 118, 175)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(92, 118, 175) contains.

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Color

RGB(92, 118, 175)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C76AF
RGB	92, 118, 175
RGB Percent	36%, 46%, 69%
CMY	0.6392, 0.5373, 0.3137
CMYK	0.47, 0.33, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	221°, 34%, 52%
HSV	221°, 47%, 69%
XYZ	18.6299, 18.3273, 43.1131
YIQ	116.7240, -33.7930, 12.2150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

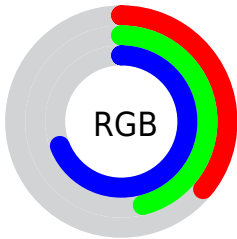
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 112, 175
Decimal	6059695
CIE _{Lab}	49.89, 6.43, -33.26
CIE _{LCh}	50, 33.875, 280.944
Yxy	18.3273, 0.2327, 0.2289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284249775 (0xFF5C76AF)
YUV	116.7240, 28.7301, -21.6829
Hunter-Lab	42.8104, 2.7601, -29.7418

Details

The RGB color **92, 118, 175** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **175, 149, 92**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146, 170, 231**, and **37, 70, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 106, 175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 130, 175**.

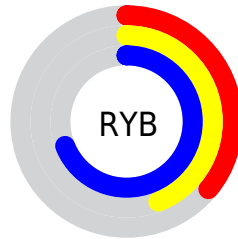
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (46%)

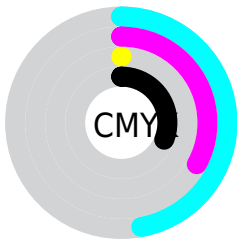
Blue (69%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (69%)

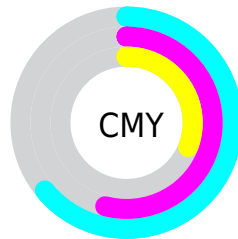


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 92, 118, 175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 92, 118, 175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 92, 118, 175

255, 255, 255

■ 146, 170, 231

■ 174, 197, 255

■ 202, 225, 255

■ 231, 254, 255

■ 92, 118, 175

■ 65, 93, 148

■ 37, 70, 122

■ 0, 48, 97

■ 0, 28, 73

■ 0, 0, 50

■ 0, 2, 28

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 92, 118, 175

■ 75, 106, 175

■ 92, 118, 175

■ 110, 130, 175

■ 57, 94, 175

■ 127, 142, 175

■ 39, 82, 175

■ 145, 154, 175

■ 22, 70, 175

■ 162, 166, 175

■ 4, 58, 175

■ 180, 178, 175

■ 0, 55, 175

■ 197, 190, 175

■ 215, 202, 175

■ 232, 214, 175

■ 250, 226, 175

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25, 127, 173



92, 118, 175



135, 107, 162

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92, 118, 175



169, 101, 82



56, 132, 99

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 118, 175



175, 149, 92

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95, 128, 74



92, 118, 175



152, 111, 64

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92, 118, 175



174, 95, 109



126, 120, 61



0, 134, 129

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 118, 175



155, 101, 147



126, 120, 61



70, 131, 90

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 118, 175



195, 205, 227



92, 175, 149



95, 101, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 118, 175



98, 138, 227



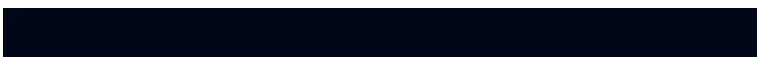
107, 92, 175



78, 81, 87



0, 47, 150



0, 7, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175, 92, 118



227, 98, 138



160, 175, 92



87, 78, 81



150, 0, 47



23, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 92, 118, 175 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 92, 118, 175 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

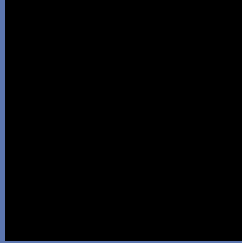
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

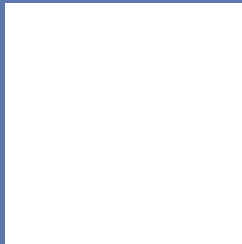
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 92, 118, 175 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 92, 118, 175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 92, 118, 175.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

92, 118, 175

Protanopia

99, 116, 174

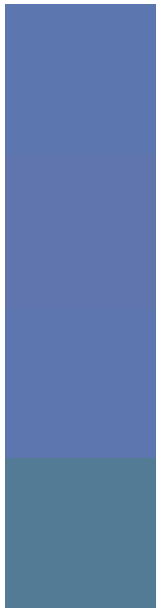
Deuteranopia

94, 118, 175



Tritanopia
80, 126, 136

Trichromacy



Original Color

92, 118, 175

Protanomaly

96, 117, 174

Deuteranomaly

93, 118, 175

Tritanomaly

84, 123, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color

92, 118, 175

Achromatopsia

117, 117, 117

Achromatomaly

108, 117, 138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 92, 118, 175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 118, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 118, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 118, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 118, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 92, 118, 175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 118, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 118, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 118, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 118, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 118, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 118,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 92, 118, 175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 118, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 118,  
175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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