

Converting Colors

RGB(92, 126, 122)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(92, 126, 122) contains.

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Color

RGB(92, 126, 122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C7E7A
RGB	92, 126, 122
RGB Percent	36%, 49%, 48%
CMY	0.6392, 0.5059, 0.5216
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.03, 0.51
HSL	173°, 16%, 43%
HSV	173°, 27%, 49%
XYZ	15.3873, 18.6022, 21.1919
YIQ	115.3780, -18.9800, -8.4520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

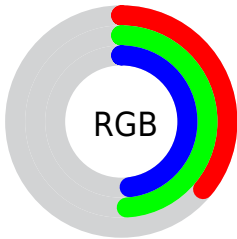
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 110, 126
Decimal	6061690
CIE _{Lab}	50.22, -12.92, -1.73
CIE _{LCh}	50, 13.033, 187.649
Yxy	18.6022, 0.2788, 0.3371
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284251770 (0xFF5C7E7A)
YUV	115.3780, 3.2646, -20.5025
Hunter-Lab	43.1302, -11.7954, 1.0592

Details

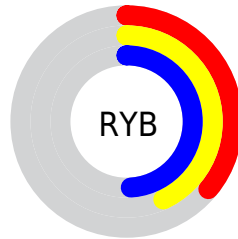
The RGB color **92, 126, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **126, 92, 96**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **143, 179, 174**, and **44, 77, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79, 126, 121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105, 126, 123**.

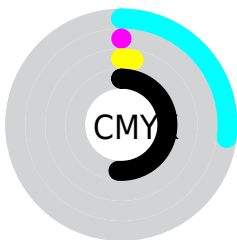
Distribution



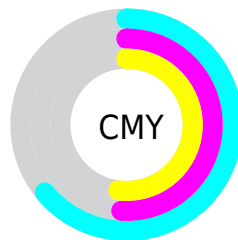
- Red (36%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 92, 126, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 92, 126, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



92, 126, 122



92, 126, 122

255, 255, 255



68, 101, 97



143, 179, 174



44, 77, 73



170, 206, 202



21, 54, 51



197, 235, 230



0, 33, 30



226, 255, 255



0, 2, 5

254, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



92, 126, 122



92, 126, 122



79, 126, 121



105, 126, 123



67, 126, 119



117, 126, 125

■ 54, 126, 118

■ 130, 126, 126

■ 42, 126, 116

■ 142, 126, 128

■ 29, 126, 115

■ 155, 126, 129

■ 16, 126, 113

■ 168, 126, 131

■ 4, 126, 112

■ 180, 126, 132

■ 0, 126, 111

■ 193, 126, 134

■ 205, 126, 135

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



101, 125, 111



92, 126, 122



91, 125, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92, 126, 122



125, 116, 137



136, 116, 99

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 126, 122



126, 92, 96

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 113, 106



92, 126, 122



136, 113, 128

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92, 126, 122



111, 119, 141



142, 112, 117



125, 120, 98

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 126, 122



94, 124, 138



142, 112, 117



138, 115, 101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 126, 122



150, 163, 162



97, 126, 92



73, 82, 81



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 126, 122



111, 163, 157



92, 114, 126



57, 64, 63



0, 128, 113



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126, 92, 96



163, 111, 117



126, 104, 92



64, 57, 58



128, 0, 15



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 92, 126, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 92, 126, 122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

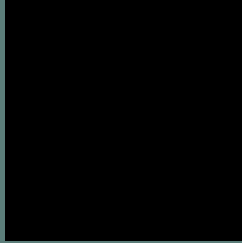
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 92, 126, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 92, 126, 122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 92, 126, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

92, 126, 122

Protanopia

121, 119, 118

Deuteranopia

128, 116, 124



Tritanopia

95, 124, 134

Trichromacy



Original Color

92, 126, 122

Protanomaly

110, 122, 119

Deuteranomaly

115, 120, 123

Tritanomaly

94, 125, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color

92, 126, 122

Achromatopsia

115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly

107, 119, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 92, 126, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 126, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 126, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 126, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 126, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 92, 126, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 126, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 126, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 126, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 126, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 126, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 126,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 92, 126, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 126, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 126,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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