

Converting Colors

RGB(92, 196, 251)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(92, 196, 251) contains.

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Color

RGB(92, 196, 251)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5CC4FB
RGB	92, 196, 251
RGB Percent	36%, 77%, 98%
CMY	0.6392, 0.2314, 0.0157
CMYK	0.63, 0.22, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	201°, 95%, 67%
HSV	201°, 63%, 98%
XYZ	41.5661, 48.7202, 98.4800
YIQ	171.1740, -79.6390, -4.9430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

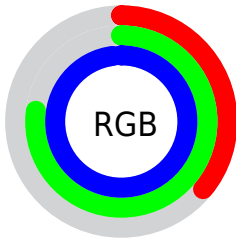
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 155, 251
Decimal	6079739
CIE _{Lab}	75.28, -13.91, -36.04
CIE _{LCh}	75, 38.634, 248.893
Yxy	48.7202, 0.2202, 0.2581
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284269819 (0xFF5CC4FB)
YUV	171.1740, 39.3542, -69.4356
Hunter-Lab	69.7999, -15.8522, -34.7918

Details

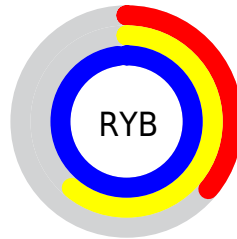
The RGB color **92, 196, 251** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **251, 147, 92**, and the grayscale version is **171, 171, 171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155, 253, 255**, and **0, 142, 194** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 187, 251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117, 205, 251**.

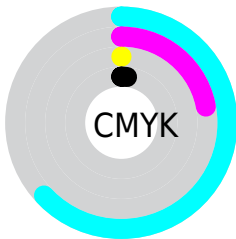
Distribution



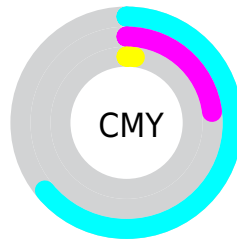
- Red (36%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



















- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 92, 196, 251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 92, 196, 251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 92, 196, 251	 92, 196, 251
 255, 255, 255	 55, 169, 222
 155, 253, 255	 0, 142, 194
 186, 255, 255	 0, 117, 167
 216, 255, 255	 0, 92, 140
 247, 255, 255	 0, 69, 115
	 0, 46, 90
	 0, 27, 66
	 0, 3, 43
	 0, 1, 22

■ 92, 196, 251

■ 92, 196, 251

■ 67, 187, 251

■ 117, 205, 251

■ 42, 179, 251

■ 142, 213, 251

■ 17, 170, 251

■ 167, 222, 251

■ 0, 164, 251

■ 192, 231, 251

■ 218, 239, 251

■ 243, 248, 251

■ 255, 255, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45, 203, 229



92, 196, 251



152, 185, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92, 196, 251



255, 158, 176



160, 196, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 196, 251



251, 147, 92

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



199, 187, 114



92, 196, 251



251, 163, 142

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92, 196, 251



239, 161, 212



231, 175, 120



116, 203, 159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 196, 251



188, 177, 248



231, 175, 120



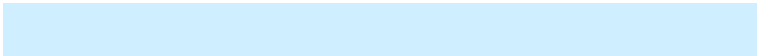
173, 194, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 196, 251



207, 238, 255



92, 251, 145



98, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 196, 251



61, 188, 255



92, 119, 251



112, 121, 125



0, 123, 189



0, 40, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 92, 196



255, 61, 188



251, 225, 92



125, 112, 121



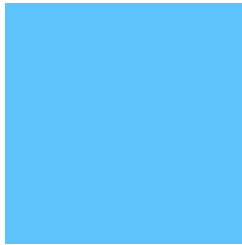
189, 0, 123



61, 0, 40

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 92, 196, 251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

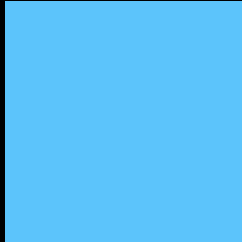
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 92, 196, 251 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

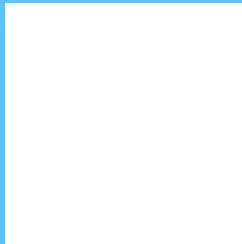
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 92, 196, 251 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 92, 196, 251.

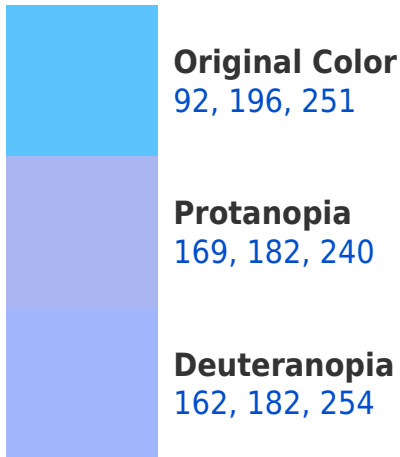


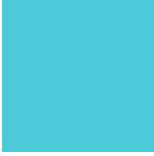
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 92, 196, 251.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

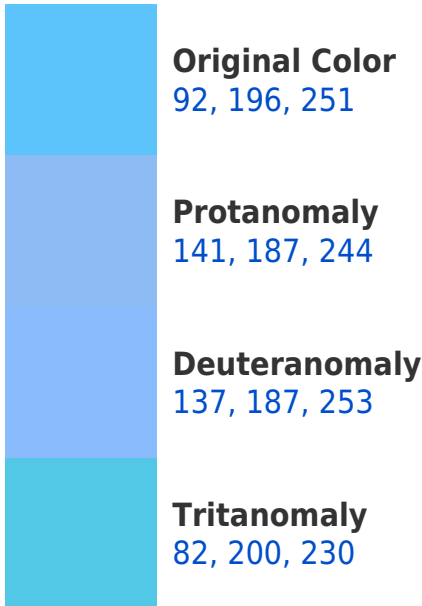
Dichromacy



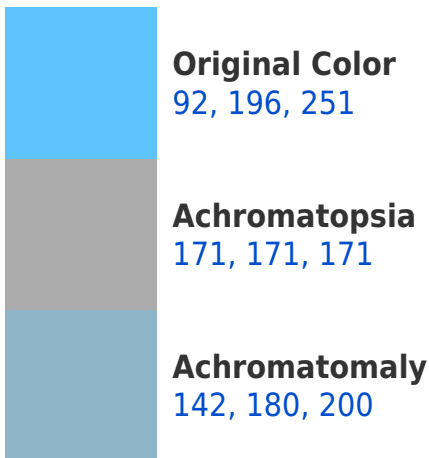


Tritanopia
76, 202, 218

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 92, 196, 251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 196, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 196, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 196, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 196, 251) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 92, 196, 251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 196, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 196, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 196, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 196, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 196, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 196,  
251) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 92, 196, 251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 196, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 196,  
251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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