

Converting Colors

RGB(92, 61, 194)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(92, 61, 194) contains.

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Color

RGB(92, 61, 194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C3DC2
RGB	92, 61, 194
RGB Percent	36%, 24%, 76%
CMY	0.6392, 0.7608, 0.2392
CMYK	0.53, 0.69, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	254°, 52%, 50%
HSV	254°, 69%, 76%
XYZ	15.8200, 9.5078, 52.0403
YIQ	85.4310, -24.2170, 47.9350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

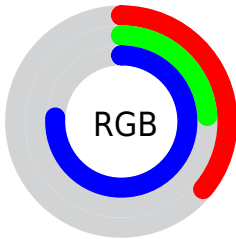
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 61, 194
Decimal	6045122
CIE _{Lab}	36.94, 46.83, -65.09
CIE _{LCh}	37, 80.184, 305.735
Yxy	9.5078, 0.2045, 0.1229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284235202 (0xFF5C3DC2)
YUV	85.4310, 53.5245, 5.7610
Hunter-Lab	30.8348, 37.6197, -78.4803

Details

The RGB color **92, 61, 194** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be **163, 194, 61**, and the grayscale version is **85, 85, 85**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151, 111, 252**, and **22, 12, 139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 42, 194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107, 80, 194**.

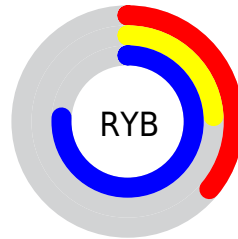
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (24%)

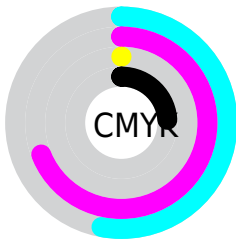
Blue (76%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (76%)

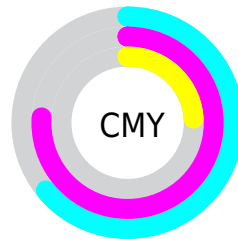


Cyan (53%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 92, 61, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 92, 61, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



92, 61, 194



92, 61, 194

255, 255, 255



61, 37, 166



151, 111, 252



22, 12, 139



180, 137, 255



0, 0, 113



209, 164, 255



0, 0, 88



239, 191, 255



0, 6, 63



255, 219, 255



0, 3, 40



255, 248, 255



0, 1, 18



0, 0, 0



92, 61, 194



92, 61, 194

■ 77, 42, 194

■ 107, 80, 194

■ 62, 22, 194

■ 122, 100, 194

■ 47, 3, 194

■ 137, 119, 194

■ 45, 0, 194

■ 152, 139, 194

■ 166, 158, 194

■ 181, 177, 194

■ 196, 197, 194

■ 211, 216, 194

■ 226, 236, 194

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 93, 219



92, 61, 194



169, 0, 141

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92, 61, 194



147, 61, 0



0, 111, 98

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 61, 194



163, 194, 61

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 109, 27



92, 61, 194



96, 89, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92, 61, 194



182, 0, 13



3, 103, 0



0, 112, 162

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 61, 194



190, 0, 99



3, 103, 0



0, 111, 76

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 61, 194



212, 199, 252



61, 165, 194



103, 96, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 61, 194



94, 45, 252



156, 61, 194



89, 87, 97



37, 0, 161



8, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 61, 163



252, 45, 204



99, 194, 61



97, 87, 95



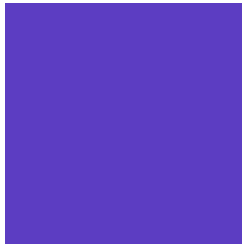
161, 0, 123



33, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 92, 61, 194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 92, 61, 194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

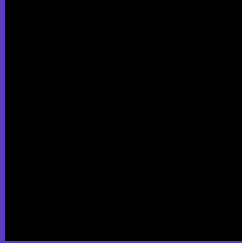
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 92, 61, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 92, 61, 194.

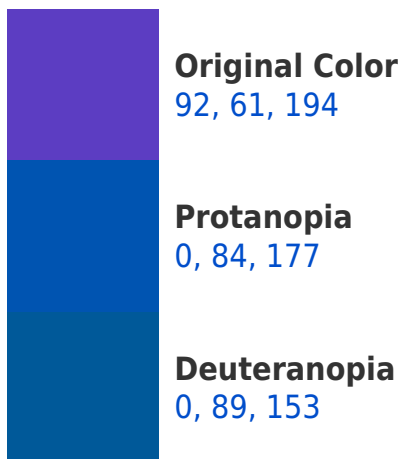



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 92, 61, 194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

62, 92, 99

Trichromacy



Original Color
92, 61, 194

Protanomaly
33, 76, 183

Deuteranomaly
33, 79, 168

Tritanomaly
73, 81, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 61, 194

Achromatopsia
85, 85, 85

Achromatomaly
88, 76, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 92, 61, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 61, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 61, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 61, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 61, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 92, 61, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 61, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 61, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 61, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 61, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 61, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 61,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 92, 61, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 61, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 61,  
194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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