

Converting Colors

RGB(93, 117, 239)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(93, 117, 239) contains.

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Color

RGB(93, 117, 239)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D75EF
RGB	93, 117, 239
RGB Percent	36%, 46%, 94%
CMY	0.6353, 0.5412, 0.0627
CMYK	0.61, 0.51, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	230°, 82%, 65%
HSV	230°, 61%, 94%
XYZ	26.4555, 21.2817, 84.3748
YIQ	123.7320, -53.4660, 32.8540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

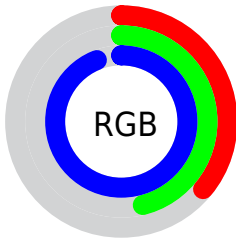
Format	Color
R _Y B	93, 114, 239
Decimal	6125039
CIE Lab	53.26, 27.94, -64.29
CIE LCh	53, 70.103, 293.488
Yxy	21.2817, 0.2003, 0.1611
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284315119 (0xFF5D75EF)
YUV	123.7320, 56.8271, -26.9520
Hunter-Lab	46.1321, 21.6335, -76.1478

Details

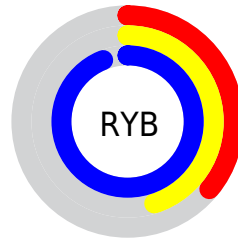
The RGB color **93, 117, 239** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **239, 215, 93**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155, 169, 255**, and **0, 69, 182** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 97, 239**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117, 137, 239**.

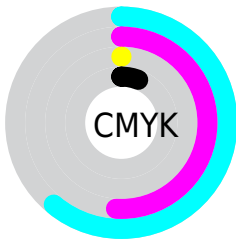
Distribution



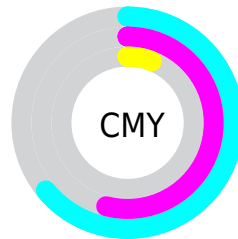
- Red (36%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



















- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 93, 117, 239 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 93, 117, 239 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 93, 117, 239	 93, 117, 239
 255, 255, 255	 58, 93, 210
 155, 169, 255	 0, 69, 182
 185, 196, 255	 0, 48, 155
 215, 224, 255	 0, 28, 128
 246, 252, 255	 0, 6, 102
	 0, 10, 77
	 0, 5, 53
	 0, 2, 31
	 0, 0, 2

■ 93, 117, 239

■ 93, 117, 239

■ 69, 97, 239

■ 117, 137, 239

■ 45, 77, 239

■ 141, 157, 239

■ 21, 57, 239

■ 165, 177, 239

■ 0, 39, 239

■ 189, 197, 239

■ 212, 217, 239

■ 236, 237, 239

■ 255, 255, 239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 139, 248



93, 117, 239



186, 86, 200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93, 117, 239



207, 93, 24



0, 153, 112

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 117, 239



239, 215, 93

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 148, 48



93, 117, 239



165, 120, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93, 117, 239



231, 64, 83



108, 138, 0



0, 154, 174

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 117, 239



217, 66, 163



108, 138, 0



0, 152, 91

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 117, 239



209, 217, 255



93, 239, 215



99, 104, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 117, 239



69, 99, 255



142, 93, 239



108, 110, 120



0, 30, 184



0, 9, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



239, 93, 117



255, 69, 99



190, 239, 93



120, 108, 110



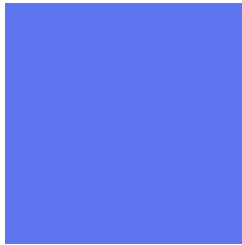
184, 0, 30



56, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 93, 117, 239 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

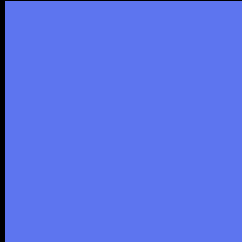
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 93, 117, 239 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

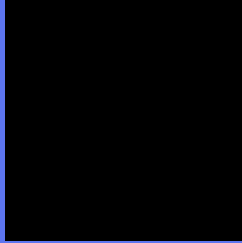
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 93, 117, 239 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 93, 117, 239.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 93, 117, 239.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
50, 139, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color
93, 117, 239

Protanomaly
69, 120, 243

Deuteranomaly
34, 125, 231

Tritanomaly
66, 131, 182

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 117, 239

Achromatopsia
124, 124, 124

Achromatomaly
113, 121, 166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 93, 117, 239 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 117, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 117, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 117, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 117, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 93, 117, 239 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 117, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 117, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 117, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 117, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 117, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 117,  
239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 93, 117, 239 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 117, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 117,  
239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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