

Converting Colors

RGB(93, 120, 123)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(93, 120, 123) contains.

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Color

RGB(93, 120, 123)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D787B
RGB	93, 120, 123
RGB Percent	36%, 47%, 48%
CMY	0.6353, 0.5294, 0.5176
CMYK	0.24, 0.02, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	186°, 14%, 42%
HSV	186°, 24%, 48%
XYZ	14.8058, 17.1902, 21.2766
YIQ	112.2690, -17.0550, -4.7910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

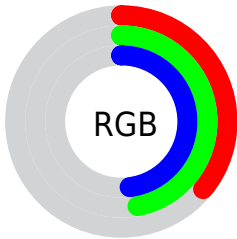
Format	Color
R _Y B	93, 107, 123
Decimal	6125691
CIE Lab	48.50, -8.98, -4.85
CIE LCh	48, 10.209, 208.388
Yxy	17.1902, 0.2779, 0.3227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284315771 (0xFF5D787B)
YUV	112.2690, 5.2904, -16.8989
Hunter-Lab	41.4610, -8.8140, -1.4032

Details

The RGB color **93, 120, 123** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **123, 96, 93**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **144, 172, 175**, and **46, 72, 74** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 119, 123**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105, 121, 123**.

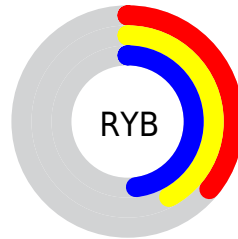
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (47%)

Blue (48%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (48%)

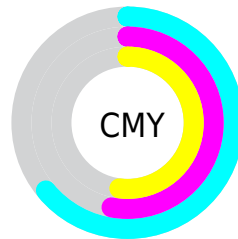


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 93, 120, 123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 93, 120, 123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93, 120, 123



93, 120, 123

255, 255, 255



69, 95, 98



144, 172, 175



46, 72, 74



171, 200, 203



23, 49, 52



198, 228, 231



1, 28, 31



226, 255, 255



0, 0, 6



0, 0, 0



93, 120, 123



93, 120, 123



81, 119, 123



105, 121, 123



68, 118, 123



118, 122, 123

■ 56, 116, 123

■ 130, 124, 123

■ 44, 115, 123

■ 142, 125, 123

■ 32, 114, 123

■ 155, 126, 123

■ 19, 113, 123

■ 167, 127, 123

■ 7, 111, 123

■ 179, 129, 123

■ 0, 111, 123

■ 191, 130, 123

■ 204, 131, 123

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96, 120, 114



93, 120, 123



97, 119, 130

Triad

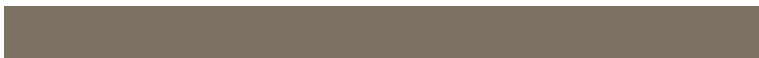
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93, 120, 123



126, 111, 124



123, 114, 98

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 120, 123



123, 96, 93

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130, 112, 101



93, 120, 123



132, 109, 116

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93, 120, 123



116, 113, 130



134, 110, 107



113, 117, 100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



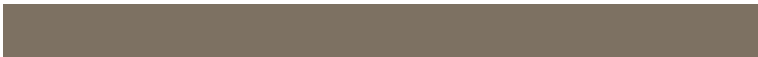
93, 120, 123



102, 117, 132



134, 110, 107



125, 113, 98

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 120, 123



149, 160, 161



93, 123, 96



75, 81, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 120, 123



114, 156, 161



93, 105, 123



55, 61, 61



0, 112, 125



0, 227, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



123, 93, 120



161, 114, 156



123, 111, 93



61, 55, 61



125, 0, 112



252, 0, 227

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 93, 120, 123 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 93, 120, 123 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

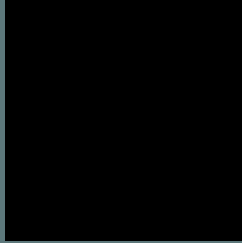
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

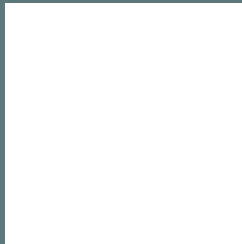
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 93, 120, 123 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 93, 120, 123.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 93, 120, 123.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[93](#), [120](#), [123](#)

Protanopia
[116](#), [114](#), [120](#)

Deuteranopia
[121](#), [112](#), [125](#)



Tritanopia
94, 119, 129

Trichromacy



Original Color

93, 120, 123

Protanomaly

108, 116, 121

Deuteranomaly

111, 115, 124

Tritanomaly

94, 119, 127

Monochromacy



Original Color

93, 120, 123

Achromatopsia

112, 112, 112

Achromatomaly

105, 115, 116

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 93, 120, 123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 120, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 120, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 120, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 120, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 93, 120, 123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 120, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 120, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 120, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 120, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 120, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 120,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 93, 120, 123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 120, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 120,  
123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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