

Converting Colors

RGB(93, 182, 191)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(93, 182, 191) contains.

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Color

RGB(93, 182, 191)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5DB6BF
RGB	93, 182, 191
RGB Percent	36%, 71%, 75%
CMY	0.6353, 0.2863, 0.2510
CMYK	0.51, 0.05, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	186°, 43%, 56%
HSV	186°, 51%, 75%
XYZ	30.6461, 39.5446, 55.3079
YIQ	156.4150, -55.9330, -16.0690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

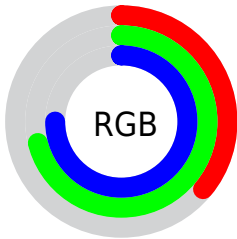
Format	Color
RYB	93, 140, 191
Decimal	6141631
CIELab	69.14, -24.14, -12.78
CIELCh	69, 27.314, 207.892
Yxy	39.5446, 0.2442, 0.3151
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284331711 (0xFF5DB6BF)
YUV	156.4150, 17.0504, -55.6150
Hunter-Lab	62.8845, -23.0578, -8.1273

Details

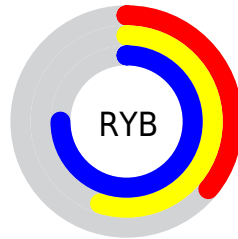
The RGB color **93, 182, 191** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **191, 102, 93**, and the grayscale version is **156, 156, 156**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150, 238, 247**, and **28, 129, 138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 180, 191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112, 184, 191**.

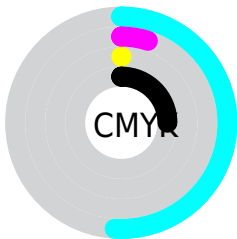
Distribution



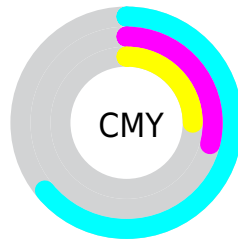
- Red (36%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 93, 182, 191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 93, 182, 191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 182, 191

 93, 182, 191

255, 255, 255

 63, 155, 164

 150, 238, 247

 28, 129, 138

 179, 255, 255

 0, 103, 112


 208, 255, 255

 0, 79, 88


 238, 255, 255


 0, 56, 64

 0, 35, 42

 0, 1, 23

 0, 0, 0

 93, 182, 191

 93, 182, 191

■ 74, 180, 191

■ 112, 184, 191

■ 55, 178, 191

■ 131, 186, 191

■ 36, 177, 191

■ 150, 187, 191

■ 17, 175, 191

■ 169, 189, 191

■ 0, 173, 191

■ 189, 191, 191

■ 208, 193, 191

■ 227, 194, 191

■ 246, 196, 191

■ 255, 198, 191

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



107, 182, 166



93, 182, 191



104, 178, 210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93, 182, 191



199, 155, 195



188, 167, 119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 182, 191



191, 102, 93

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208, 158, 128



93, 182, 191



216, 151, 171

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93, 182, 191



170, 163, 212



218, 152, 147



162, 174, 125

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 182, 191



123, 174, 217



218, 152, 147



196, 164, 121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 182, 191



210, 244, 247



93, 191, 101



102, 123, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 182, 191



94, 233, 247



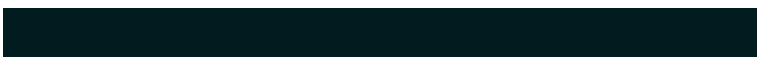
93, 134, 191



85, 93, 94



0, 144, 158



0, 28, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191, 93, 182



247, 94, 233



191, 150, 93



94, 85, 93



158, 0, 144



31, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 93, 182, 191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

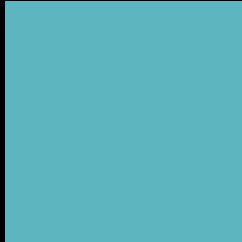
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 93, 182, 191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

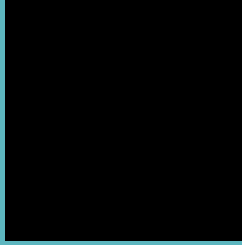
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 93, 182, 191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 93, 182, 191.

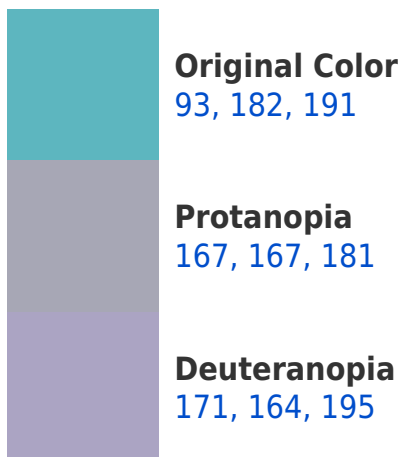


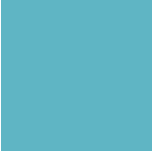
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 93, 182, 191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
95, 181, 196

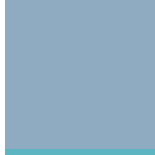
Trichromacy



Original Color
93, 182, 191



Protanomaly
140, 172, 185



Deuteranomaly
143, 171, 194



Tritanomaly
94, 181, 194

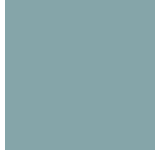
Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 182, 191



Achromatopsia
156, 156, 156



Achromatomaly
133, 165, 169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 93, 182, 191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 182, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 182, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 182, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 182, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 93, 182, 191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

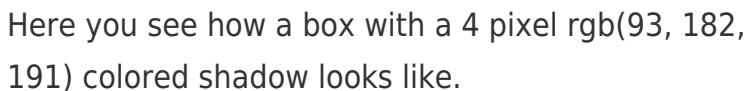
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 182, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 182, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 182, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 182, 191); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 182, 191); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 182, 191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 93, 182, 191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 182, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 182,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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