

Converting Colors

RGB(93, 27, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(93, 27, 107) contains.

RGB(93, 27, 107)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(93, 27, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D1B6B
RGB	93, 27, 107
RGB Percent	36%, 11%, 42%
CMY	0.6353, 0.8941, 0.5804
CMYK	0.13, 0.75, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	290°, 60%, 26%
HSV	290°, 75%, 42%
XYZ	7.5600, 4.1726, 14.3168
YIQ	55.8540, 13.6560, 38.8720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

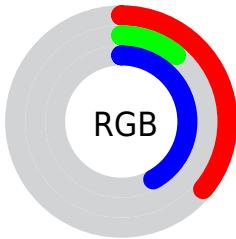
Format	Color
RYB	93, 27, 107
Decimal	6101867
CIELab	24.23, 41.61, -32.33
CIElCh	24, 52.693, 322.150
Yxy	4.1726, 0.2902, 0.1602
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284291947 (0xFF5D1B6B)
YUV	55.8540, 25.2150, 32.5770
Hunter-Lab	20.4268, 30.3159, -27.2566

Details

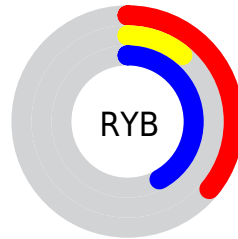
The RGB color **93, 27, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **41, 107, 27**, and the grayscale version is **56, 56, 56**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146, 78, 159**, and **44, 0, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 16, 107**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 38, 107**.

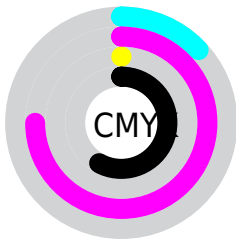
Distribution



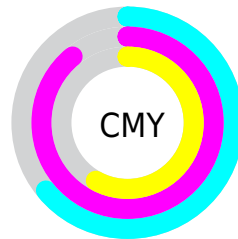
- Red (36%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 93, 27, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 93, 27, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 93, 27, 107

 93, 27, 107


255, 255, 255


 68, 0, 82

 146, 78, 159

 44, 0, 59

 173, 103, 186

 15, 0, 37

 201, 129, 214

 0, 0, 12

 230, 156, 243

 0, 0, 0

 255, 183, 255

 255, 212, 255

 255, 240, 255

 93, 27, 107

 93, 27, 107

■ 91, 16, 107

■ 95, 38, 107

■ 89, 6, 107

■ 97, 48, 107

■ 88, 0, 107

■ 99, 59, 107

■ 100, 70, 107

■ 102, 81, 107

■ 104, 91, 107

■ 106, 102, 107

■ 108, 113, 107

■ 110, 123, 107

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6, 52, 132



93, 27, 107



120, 0, 70

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93, 27, 107



80, 52, 0



0, 74, 87

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 27, 107



41, 107, 27

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 73, 46



93, 27, 107



44, 64, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93, 27, 107



108, 32, 0



0, 70, 0



0, 72, 120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 27, 107



124, 0, 44



0, 70, 0



0, 74, 73

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 27, 107



135, 109, 140



27, 42, 107



68, 53, 71



199, 199, 199



71, 71, 71

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 27, 107



118, 14, 140



107, 27, 82



53, 48, 54



97, 0, 117



202, 0, 245

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107, 27, 41



140, 14, 36



27, 107, 52



54, 48, 49



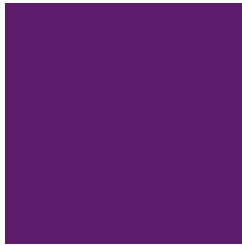
117, 0, 21



245, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 93, 27, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

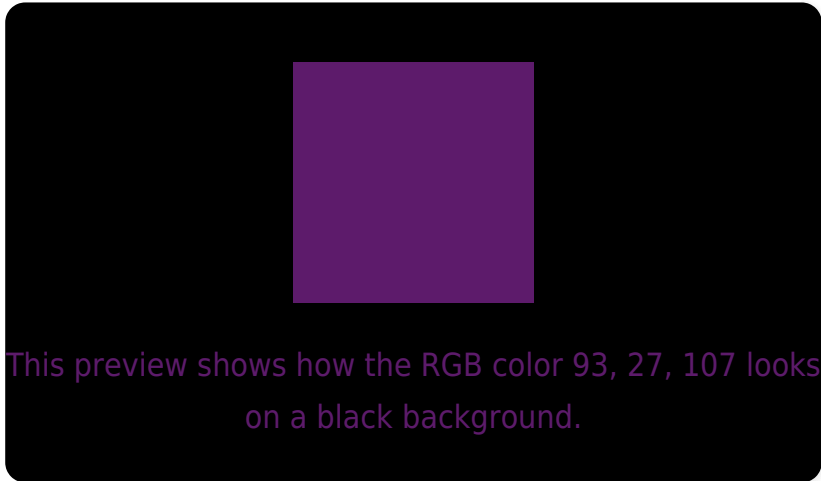
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

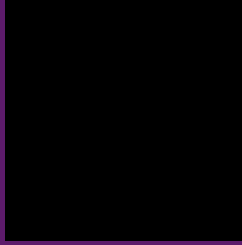
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 93, 27, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 93, 27, 107.

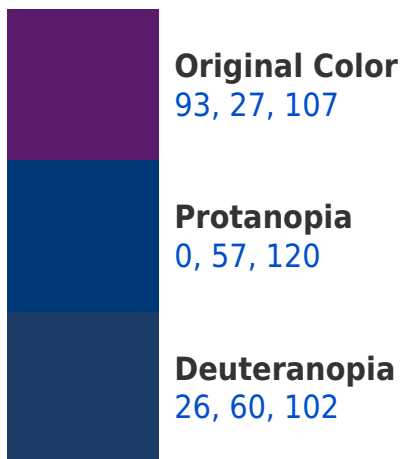


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 93, 27, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 48, 51

Trichromacy



Original Color

93, 27, 107

Protanomaly

34, 46, 115

Deuteranomaly

50, 48, 104

Tritanomaly

89, 40, 71

Monochromacy



Original Color

93, 27, 107

Achromatopsia

56, 56, 56

Achromatomaly

69, 45, 75

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 93, 27, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(93, 27, 107) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 27, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 27, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 27, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 93, 27, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 27, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 27, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 27, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 27, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 27, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 27,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 93, 27, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 27, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 27,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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