

Converting Colors

RGB(94, 103, 170)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(94, 103, 170) contains.

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Color

RGB(94, 103, 170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E67AA
RGB	94, 103, 170
RGB Percent	37%, 40%, 67%
CMY	0.6314, 0.5961, 0.3333
CMYK	0.45, 0.39, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	233°, 31%, 52%
HSV	233°, 45%, 67%
XYZ	16.7220, 14.9825, 40.0408
YIQ	107.9470, -26.8710, 18.9290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

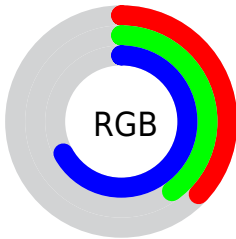
Format	Color
R _Y B	94, 102, 170
Decimal	6186922
CIE Lab	45.61, 14.61, -37.06
CIE LCh	46, 39.839, 291.511
Yxy	14.9825, 0.2331, 0.2088
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284377002 (0xFF5E67AA)
YUV	107.9470, 30.5921, -12.2315
Hunter-Lab	38.7072, 9.3769, -34.2377

Details

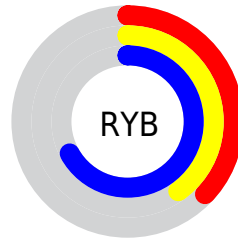
The RGB color **94, 103, 170** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **170, 161, 94**, and the grayscale version is **108, 108, 108**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148, 154, 226**, and **40, 56, 117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 88, 170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **111, 118, 170**.

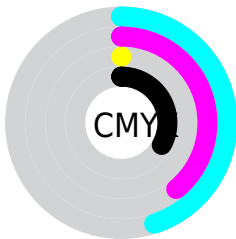
Distribution



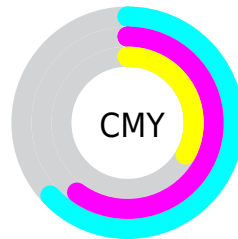
- Red (37%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 94, 103, 170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 94, 103, 170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 94, 103, 170

255, 255, 255

■ 148, 154, 226

■ 175, 181, 254

■ 204, 208, 255

■ 233, 236, 255

■ 94, 103, 170

■ 68, 79, 143

■ 40, 56, 117

■ 5, 35, 92

■ 0, 15, 68

■ 0, 3, 45

■ 0, 1, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 94, 103, 170

■ 77, 88, 170

■ 94, 103, 170

■ 111, 118, 170

■ 60, 73, 170

■ 128, 133, 170

■ 43, 58, 170

■ 145, 148, 170

■ 26, 43, 170

■ 162, 163, 170

■ 9, 28, 170

■ 179, 178, 170

■ 0, 20, 170

■ 196, 193, 170

■ 213, 208, 170

■ 230, 223, 170

■ 247, 238, 170

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 114, 174



94, 103, 170



140, 90, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94, 103, 170



158, 90, 57



0, 124, 97

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 103, 170



170, 161, 94

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63, 120, 65



94, 103, 170



135, 103, 40

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94, 103, 170



170, 80, 85



103, 113, 43



0, 124, 131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 103, 170



158, 82, 130



103, 113, 43



16, 123, 86

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 103, 170



193, 196, 222



94, 170, 160



94, 96, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 103, 170



102, 116, 222



122, 94, 170



76, 77, 84



0, 18, 148



0, 2, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170, 94, 103



222, 102, 116



142, 170, 94



84, 76, 77



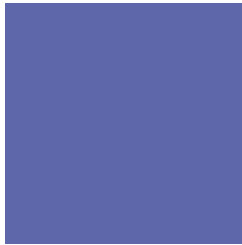
148, 0, 18



20, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 103, 170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

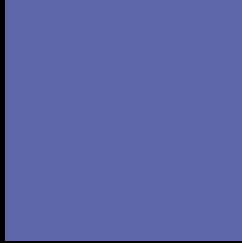
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 103, 170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 94, 103, 170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 103, 170.

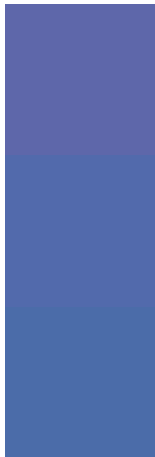


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 103, 170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


94, 103, 170

Protanopia

82, 106, 172

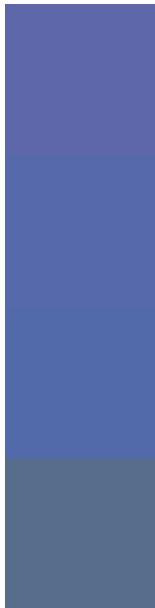
Deuteranopia

75, 108, 169



Tritanopia
81, 113, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

94, 103, 170

Protanomaly

86, 105, 171

Deuteranomaly

82, 106, 169

Tritanomaly

86, 109, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

94, 103, 170

Achromatopsia

108, 108, 108

Achromatomaly

103, 106, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 94, 103, 170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 103, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 103, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 103, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 103, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 94, 103, 170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 103, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 103, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 103, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 103, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 103, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 103,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 94, 103, 170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 103, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 103,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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