

Converting Colors

RGB(94, 118, 2)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(94, 118, 2) contains.

RGB(94, 118, 2)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(94, 118, 2)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E7602
RGB	94, 118, 2
RGB Percent	37%, 46%, 1%
CMY	0.6314, 0.5373, 0.9922
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.98, 0.54
HSL	72°, 97%, 24%
HSV	72°, 98%, 46%
XYZ	11.1055, 15.3409, 2.4332
YIQ	97.6000, 22.9320, -41.1640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

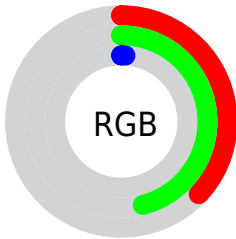
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 118, 26
Decimal	6190594
CIE Lab	46.10, -23.22, 50.73
CIE LCh	46, 55.794, 114.597
Yxy	15.3409, 0.3845, 0.5312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284380674 (0xFF5E7602)
YUV	97.6000, -47.1308, -3.1572
Hunter-Lab	39.1675, -17.9316, 23.7340

Details

The RGB color **94, 118, 2** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **26, 2, 118**, and the grayscale version is **98, 98, 98**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148, 170, 64**, and **43, 70, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 118, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 118, 14**.

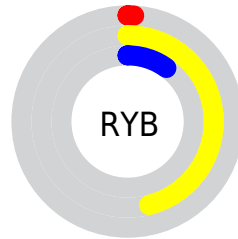
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (46%)

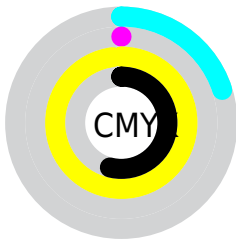
Blue (1%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (10%)

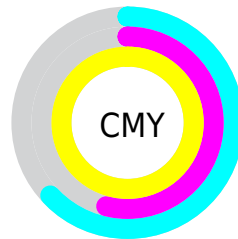


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 94, 118, 2 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 94, 118, 2 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



94, 118, 2



94, 118, 2

255, 255, 255



68, 93, 0



148, 170, 64



43, 70, 0



176, 197, 90



16, 47, 0



204, 225, 116



0, 28, 0



233, 254, 143



0, 0, 0



255, 255, 170



255, 255, 198



255, 255, 227



94, 118, 2



94, 118, 2

■ 94, 118, 0

■ 96, 118, 14

■ 99, 118, 26

■ 101, 118, 37

■ 104, 118, 49

■ 106, 118, 61

■ 109, 118, 73

■ 111, 118, 85

■ 114, 118, 96

■ 116, 118, 108

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138, 104, 0



94, 118, 2



18, 126, 51

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94, 118, 2



0, 127, 185



188, 61, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 118, 2



26, 2, 118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157, 78, 164



94, 118, 2



0, 117, 203

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94, 118, 2



0, 130, 147



91, 100, 195



191, 65, 73

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 118, 2



0, 129, 83



91, 100, 195



181, 65, 135

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 118, 2



144, 153, 109



118, 25, 2



71, 77, 50



204, 204, 204



77, 77, 77

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 118, 2



121, 153, 0



37, 118, 2



57, 59, 53



97, 122, 0



198, 250, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 2, 118



32, 0, 153



83, 2, 118



54, 53, 59



25, 0, 122



52, 0, 250

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 118, 2 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

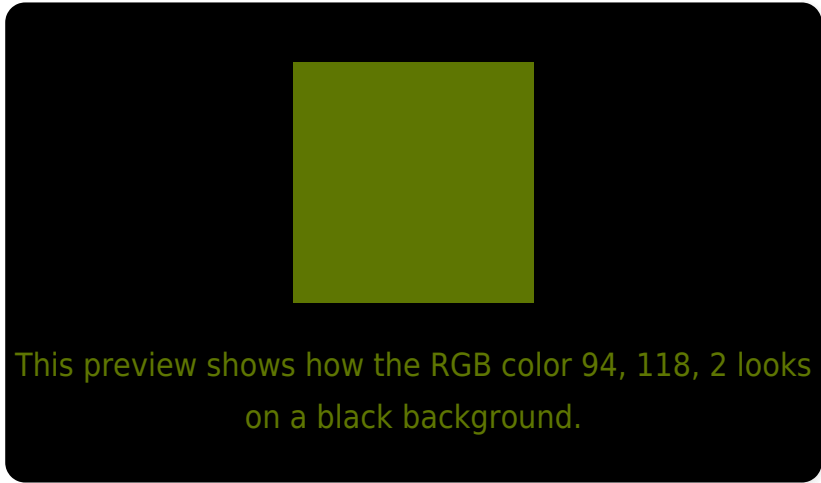
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 94, 118, 2 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 118, 2.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 118, 2.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94, 118, 2

Protanopia

123, 109, 0

Deuteranopia

137, 103, 21



Tritanopia
104, 110, 118

Trichromacy



Original Color

94, 118, 2

Protanomaly

112, 112, 1

Deuteranomaly

121, 108, 14

Tritanomaly

100, 113, 76

Monochromacy



Original Color

94, 118, 2

Achromatopsia

98, 98, 98

Achromatomaly

97, 105, 63

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 94, 118, 2 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 118, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 118, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 118, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 118, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 94, 118, 2 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 118, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 118, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 118, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 118, 2); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 118, 2);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 118, 2)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 94, 118, 2 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 118, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 118,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor