

Converting Colors

RGB(94, 122, 128)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(94, 122, 128) contains.

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Color

RGB(94, 122, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E7A80
RGB	94, 122, 128
RGB Percent	37%, 48%, 50%
CMY	0.6314, 0.5216, 0.4980
CMYK	0.27, 0.05, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	191°, 15%, 44%
HSV	191°, 27%, 50%
XYZ	15.4719, 17.8573, 23.0534
YIQ	114.3120, -18.6140, -4.0700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

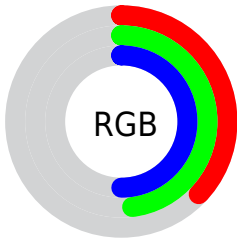
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 109, 128
Decimal	6191744
CIE _{Lab}	49.32, -8.56, -6.58
CIE _{LCh}	49, 10.793, 217.552
Yxy	17.8573, 0.2744, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284381824 (0xFF5E7A80)
YUV	114.3120, 6.7482, -17.8136
Hunter-Lab	42.2579, -8.5969, -2.7647

Details

The RGB color **94, 122, 128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **128, 100, 94**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145, 174, 181**, and **46, 73, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 120, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107, 124, 128**.

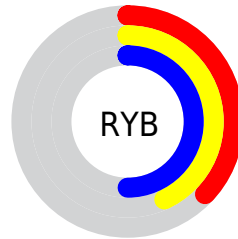
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (48%)

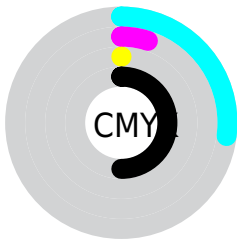
Blue (50%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (50%)

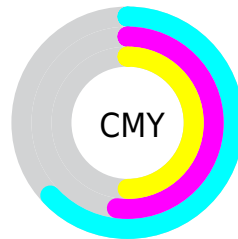


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 94, 122, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 94, 122, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



94, 122, 128



94, 122, 128

255, 255, 255



70, 97, 103



145, 174, 181



46, 73, 79



172, 202, 208



24, 51, 56



200, 230, 237



1, 30, 35



228, 255, 255



0, 1, 13



0, 0, 0



94, 122, 128



94, 122, 128



81, 120, 128



107, 124, 128



68, 117, 128



120, 127, 128

■ 56, 115, 128

■ 132, 129, 128

■ 43, 113, 128

■ 145, 131, 128

■ 30, 111, 128

■ 158, 133, 128

■ 17, 108, 128

■ 171, 136, 128

■ 4, 106, 128

■ 184, 138, 128

■ 0, 105, 128

■ 196, 140, 128

■ 209, 142, 128

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95, 123, 119



94, 122, 128



100, 120, 134

Triad

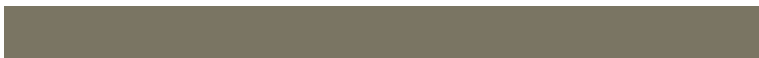
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94, 122, 128



131, 112, 124



122, 117, 99

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 122, 128



128, 100, 94

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131, 114, 101



94, 122, 128



136, 111, 115

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94, 122, 128



122, 114, 132



136, 112, 106



112, 120, 103

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



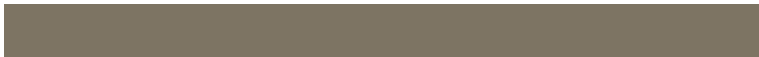
94, 122, 128



106, 118, 135



136, 112, 106



125, 116, 99

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 122, 128



152, 163, 166



94, 128, 100



76, 83, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 122, 128



113, 156, 166



94, 105, 128



57, 63, 64



0, 105, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128, 94, 122



166, 113, 156



128, 117, 94



64, 57, 63



128, 0, 105



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 122, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 122, 128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

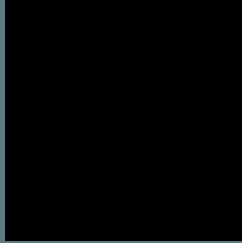
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 94, 122, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 122, 128.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 122, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


94, 122, 128

Protanopia

117, 116, 124

Deuteranopia

122, 114, 130



Tritanopia
95, 121, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color

94, 122, 128

Protanomaly

109, 118, 125

Deuteranomaly

112, 117, 129

Tritanomaly

95, 121, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color

94, 122, 128

Achromatopsia

114, 114, 114

Achromatomaly

107, 117, 119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 94, 122, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 122, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 122, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 122, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 122, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 94, 122, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 122, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 122, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 122, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 122, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 122, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 122,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 94, 122, 128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 122, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 122,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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