

Converting Colors

RGB(94, 123, 188)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(94, 123, 188) contains.

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Color

RGB(94, 123, 188)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E7BBC
RGB	94, 123, 188
RGB Percent	37%, 48%, 74%
CMY	0.6314, 0.5176, 0.2627
CMYK	0.50, 0.35, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	221°, 41%, 55%
HSV	221°, 50%, 74%
XYZ	20.7762, 20.1764, 50.3764
YIQ	121.7390, -38.1490, 14.0670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

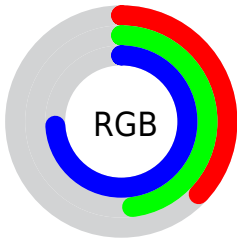
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 116, 188
Decimal	6192060
CIE _{Lab}	52.04, 7.93, -37.38
CIE _{LCh}	52, 38.216, 281.983
Yxy	20.1764, 0.2275, 0.2209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284382140 (0xFF5E7BBC)
YUV	121.7390, 32.6667, -24.3271
Hunter-Lab	44.9182, 3.9553, -35.0518

Details

The RGB color `94, 123, 188` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be `188, 159, 94`, and the grayscale version is `121, 121, 121`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `149, 175, 245`, and `36, 75, 134` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `75, 110, 188`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `113, 136, 188`.

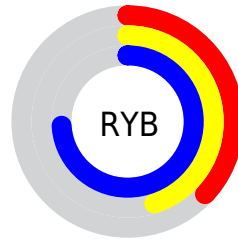
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (48%)

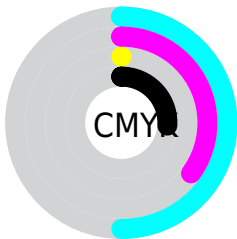
Blue (74%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (74%)

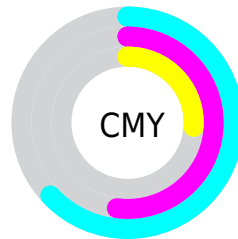


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 94, 123, 188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 94, 123, 188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 94, 123, 188

■ 94, 123, 188

255, 255, 255

■ 66, 98, 161

■ 149, 175, 245

■ 36, 75, 134

■ 177, 203, 255

■ 0, 52, 109

■ 206, 231, 255

■ 0, 32, 84

■ 235, 255, 255

■ 0, 7, 61

■ 0, 3, 38

■ 0, 1, 15

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 94, 123, 188

■ 94, 123, 188

■ 75, 110, 188

■ 113, 136, 188

■ 56, 97, 188

■ 132, 149, 188

■ 38, 84, 188

■ 150, 162, 188

■ 19, 71, 188

■ 169, 175, 188

■ 0, 58, 188

■ 188, 188, 188

■ 207, 201, 188

■ 226, 214, 188

■ 244, 227, 188

■ 255, 240, 188

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 133, 186



94, 123, 188



144, 110, 173

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94, 123, 188



180, 104, 82



47, 139, 103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 123, 188



188, 159, 94

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95, 135, 74



94, 123, 188



160, 115, 61

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94, 123, 188



186, 97, 112



131, 126, 58



0, 141, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 123, 188



166, 103, 155



131, 126, 58



66, 138, 92

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 123, 188



208, 219, 245



94, 188, 158



100, 107, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 123, 188



98, 143, 245



111, 94, 188



85, 88, 94



0, 49, 158



0, 9, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188, 94, 123



245, 98, 143



171, 188, 94



94, 85, 88



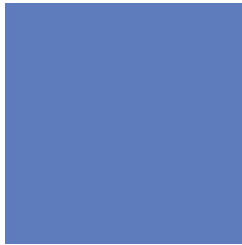
158, 0, 49



31, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 123, 188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 123, 188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

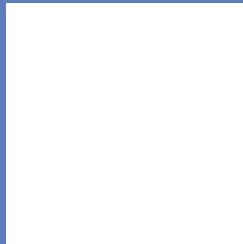
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 94, 123, 188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 123, 188.

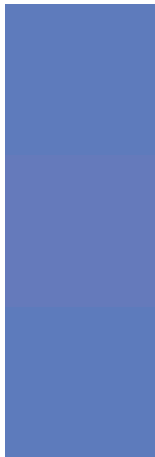


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 123, 188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94, 123, 188

Protanopia

101, 122, 187

Deuteranopia

93, 123, 188



Tritanopia
80, 132, 143

Trichromacy



Original Color

94, 123, 188

Protanomaly

98, 122, 187

Deuteranomaly

93, 123, 188

Tritanomaly

85, 129, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color

94, 123, 188

Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122

Achromatomaly

112, 122, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 94, 123, 188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 123, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 123, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 123, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 123, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 94, 123, 188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 123, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 123, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 123, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 123, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 123, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 123,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 94, 123, 188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 123, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 123,  
188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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