

Converting Colors

RGB(94, 142, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(94, 142, 171) contains.

RGB(94, 142, 171)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(94, 142, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E8EAB
RGB	94, 142, 171
RGB Percent	37%, 56%, 67%
CMY	0.6314, 0.4431, 0.3294
CMYK	0.45, 0.17, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	203°, 31%, 52%
HSV	203°, 45%, 67%
XYZ	21.6398, 24.6660, 42.1485
YIQ	130.9540, -37.9170, -1.1570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

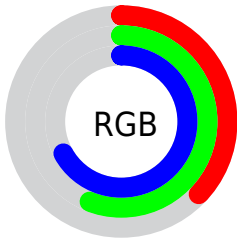
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 124, 171
Decimal	6196907
CIE _{Lab}	56.75, -8.26, -20.33
CIE _{LCh}	57, 21.945, 247.888
Yxy	24.6660, 0.2446, 0.2789
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284386987 (0xFF5E8EAB)
YUV	130.9540, 19.7427, -32.4087
Hunter-Lab	49.6648, -9.1381, -15.5516

Details

The RGB color **94, 142, 171** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **171, 123, 94**, and the grayscale version is **131, 131, 131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148, 196, 226**, and **40, 92, 119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 136, 171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **111, 148, 171**.

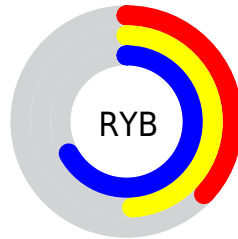
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (56%)

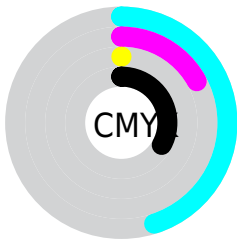
Blue (67%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (67%)

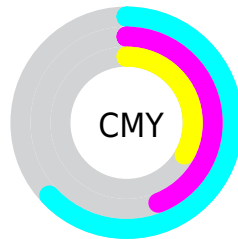


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 94, 142, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 94, 142, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 94, 142, 171

255, 255, 255

■ 148, 196, 226

■ 176, 224, 255

■ 204, 252, 255

■ 233, 255, 255

■ 94, 142, 171

■ 67, 116, 144

■ 40, 92, 119

■ 3, 68, 94

■ 0, 46, 70

■ 0, 26, 48

■ 0, 1, 27

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 94, 142, 171

■ 77, 136, 171

■ 94, 142, 171

■ 111, 148, 171

■ 60, 129, 171

■ 128, 155, 171

■ 43, 123, 171

■ 145, 161, 171

■ 26, 116, 171

■ 162, 168, 171

■ 8, 110, 171

■ 179, 174, 171

■ 0, 107, 171

■ 197, 181, 171

■ 214, 187, 171

■ 231, 194, 171

■ 248, 200, 171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80, 146, 159



94, 142, 171



120, 136, 174

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94, 142, 171



174, 122, 132



124, 142, 106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 142, 171



171, 123, 94

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145, 137, 98



94, 142, 171



173, 125, 114

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94, 142, 171



165, 124, 151



162, 130, 101



102, 146, 121

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 142, 171



137, 132, 170



162, 130, 101



131, 140, 102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 142, 171



191, 210, 222



94, 171, 122



93, 105, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 142, 171



102, 177, 222



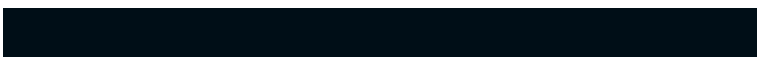
94, 104, 171



78, 83, 87



0, 94, 150



0, 14, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 94, 142



222, 102, 177



171, 161, 94



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 94



23, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 142, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

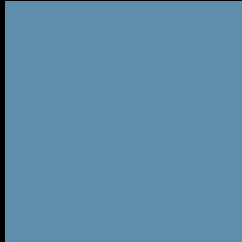
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 142, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

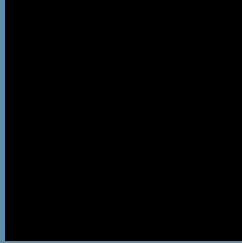
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

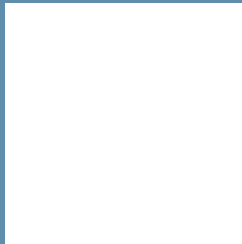
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 94, 142, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 142, 171.

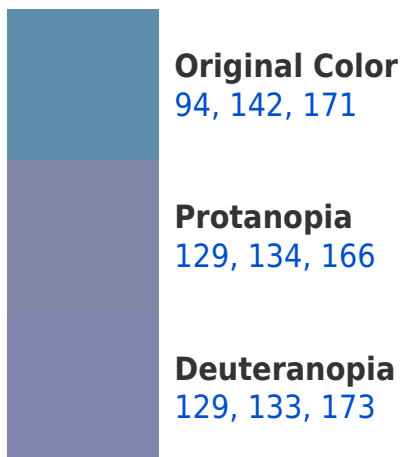


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 142, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
90, 145, 156

Trichromacy



Original Color

94, 142, 171

Protanomaly

116, 137, 168

Deuteranomaly

116, 136, 172

Tritanomaly

91, 144, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color

94, 142, 171

Achromatopsia

131, 131, 131

Achromatomaly

118, 135, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 94, 142, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(94, 142, 171) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 142, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 142, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 142, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 94, 142, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 142, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 142, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 142, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 142, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 142, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 142,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 94, 142, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 142, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 142,  
171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor