

Converting Colors

RGB(94, 152, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(94, 152, 125) contains.

RGB(94, 152, 125)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(94, 152, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E987D
RGB	94, 152, 125
RGB Percent	37%, 60%, 49%
CMY	0.6314, 0.4039, 0.5098
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.18, 0.40
HSL	152°, 24%, 48%
HSV	152°, 38%, 60%
XYZ	19.5460, 26.3168, 23.4515
YIQ	131.5800, -25.9010, -20.6930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

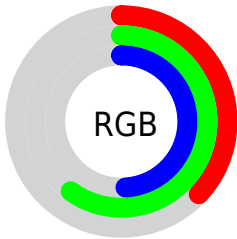
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 132, 152
Decimal	6199421
CIE _{Lab}	58.34, -25.29, 8.28
CIE _{LCh}	58, 26.610, 161.869
Yxy	26.3168, 0.2820, 0.3797
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284389501 (0xFF5E987D)
YUV	131.5800, -3.2439, -32.9577
Hunter-Lab	51.2999, -21.7638, 8.8058

Details

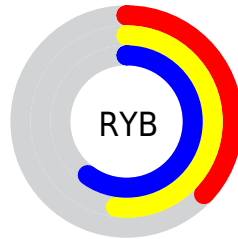
The RGB color **94, 152, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **152, 94, 121**, and the grayscale version is **132, 132, 132**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147, 207, 178**, and **43, 101, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79, 152, 118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **109, 152, 132**.

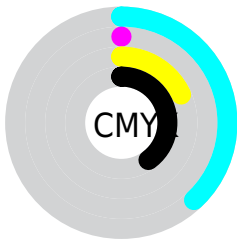
Distribution



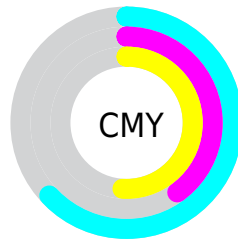
- Red (37%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 94, 152, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 94, 152, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



94, 152, 125



94, 152, 125

255, 255, 255



69, 126, 100



147, 207, 178



43, 101, 76



174, 235, 205



16, 76, 53



202, 255, 233



0, 53, 32



230, 255, 255



0, 33, 9



0, 0, 0



94, 152, 125



94, 152, 125



79, 152, 118



109, 152, 132



64, 152, 111



124, 152, 139

■ 48, 152, 104

■ 140, 152, 146

■ 33, 152, 97

■ 155, 152, 153

■ 18, 152, 90

■ 170, 152, 160

■ 3, 152, 83

■ 185, 152, 167

■ 0, 152, 81

■ 200, 152, 175

■ 216, 152, 182

■ 231, 152, 189

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121, 148, 105



94, 152, 125



70, 153, 149

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94, 152, 125



123, 139, 186



183, 127, 110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 152, 125



152, 94, 121

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187, 123, 132



94, 152, 125



155, 131, 175

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94, 152, 125



89, 147, 184



177, 125, 155



169, 134, 96

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 152, 125



64, 152, 164



177, 125, 155



186, 125, 117

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 152, 125



175, 196, 186



121, 152, 94



87, 99, 93



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 152, 125



106, 196, 154



94, 150, 152



69, 77, 73



0, 140, 75



0, 13, 7

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 94, 121



196, 106, 148



152, 96, 94



77, 69, 72



140, 0, 65



13, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 152, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 152, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

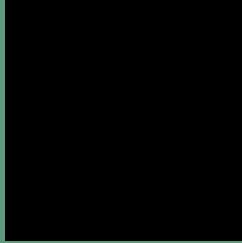
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 94, 152, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 152, 125.

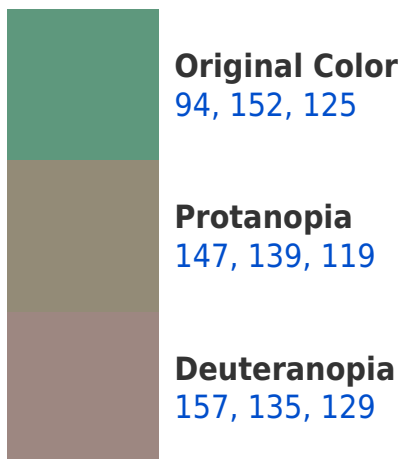


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 152, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
102, 147, 159

Trichromacy



Original Color

94, 152, 125

Protanomaly

128, 144, 121

Deuteranomaly

134, 141, 128

Tritanomaly

99, 149, 147

Monochromacy



Original Color

94, 152, 125

Achromatopsia

132, 132, 132

Achromatomaly

118, 139, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 94, 152, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 152, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 152, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 152, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 152, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 94, 152, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 152, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 152, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 152, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 152, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 152, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 152,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 94, 152, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 152, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 152,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor