

Converting Colors

RGB(94, 177, 97)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(94, 177, 97) contains.

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Color

RGB(94, 177, 97)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5EB161
RGB	94, 177, 97
RGB Percent	37%, 69%, 38%
CMY	0.6314, 0.3059, 0.6196
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.45, 0.31
HSL	122°, 35%, 53%
HSV	122°, 47%, 69%
XYZ	22.4959, 34.6870, 16.8189
YIQ	143.0630, -23.7880, -42.4760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

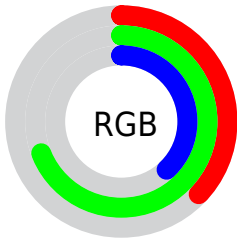
Format	Color
RYB	94, 174, 177
Decimal	6205793
CIELab	65.50, -42.03, 33.21
CIELCh	66, 53.567, 141.680
Yxy	34.6870, 0.3040, 0.4687
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284395873 (0xFF5EB161)
YUV	143.0630, -22.7091, -43.0283
Hunter-Lab	58.8957, -34.8873, 24.2955

Details

The RGB color **94, 177, 97** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **177, 94, 174**, and the grayscale version is **143, 143, 143**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **149, 233, 149**, and **37, 124, 48** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 177, 80**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112, 177, 114**.

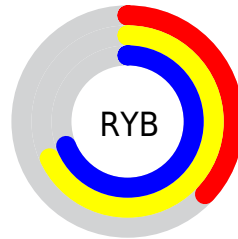
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (69%)

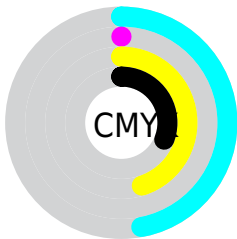
Blue (38%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (69%)

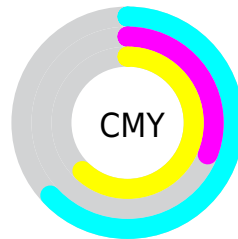


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 94, 177, 97 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 94, 177, 97 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



94, 177, 97



94, 177, 97

255, 255, 255



66, 150, 72



149, 233, 149



37, 124, 48



177, 255, 176



0, 98, 24



206, 255, 204



0, 73, 0



235, 255, 232



0, 50, 0



0, 28, 0



0, 0, 0



94, 177, 97



94, 177, 97



76, 177, 80



112, 177, 114

■ 59, 177, 63

■ 129, 177, 131

■ 41, 177, 46

■ 147, 177, 148

■ 23, 177, 29

■ 165, 177, 165

■ 5, 177, 12

■ 183, 177, 182

■ 0, 177, 6

■ 200, 177, 199

■ 218, 177, 216

■ 236, 177, 233

■ 253, 177, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152, 167, 65



94, 177, 97



0, 182, 144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94, 177, 97



0, 168, 254



248, 119, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 177, 97



177, 94, 174

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



240, 118, 175



94, 177, 97



139, 152, 248

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94, 177, 97



0, 178, 233



205, 132, 219



231, 134, 85

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94, 177, 97



0, 183, 177



205, 132, 219



248, 117, 142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 177, 97



197, 230, 199



174, 177, 94



95, 115, 96



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 177, 97



101, 230, 106



94, 177, 138



80, 89, 81



0, 153, 6



0, 26, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 94, 174



230, 101, 225



177, 94, 133



89, 80, 89



153, 0, 147



26, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 177, 97 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 94, 177, 97 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 94, 177, 97 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 177, 97.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 94, 177, 97.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
94, 177, 97

Protanopia
174, 158, 90

Deuteranopia
190, 151, 103



Tritanopia
112, 167, 181

Trichromacy



Original Color

94, 177, 97



Protanomaly

145, 165, 93



Deuteranomaly

155, 160, 101



Tritanomaly

105, 171, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color

94, 177, 97



Achromatopsia

143, 143, 143



Achromatomaly

125, 155, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 94, 177, 97 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 177, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 177, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 177, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 177, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 94, 177, 97 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 177, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 177, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 177, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 177, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 177, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 177,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 94, 177, 97 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 177, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 177,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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