

Converting Colors

RGB(95, 111, 42)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(95, 111, 42) contains.

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Color

RGB(95, 111, 42)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	5F6F2A
RGB	95, 111, 42
RGB Percent	37%, 44%, 16%
CMY	0.6275, 0.5647, 0.8353
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.62, 0.56
HSL	74°, 45%, 30%
HSV	74°, 62%, 44%
XYZ	10.8217, 13.9689, 4.3164
YIQ	98.3500, 12.6130, -24.8510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

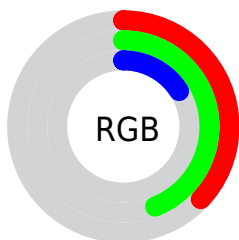
Format	Color
RYB	42, 111, 58
Decimal	6254378
CIELab	44.19, -17.09, 35.58
CIELCh	44, 39.472, 115.663
Yxy	13.9689, 0.3718, 0.4799
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284444458 (0xFF5F6F2A)
YUV	98.3500, -27.7805, -2.9379
Hunter-Lab	37.3750, -13.7230, 19.3152

Details

The RGB color **95, 111, 42** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **58, 42, 111**, and the grayscale version is **99, 99, 99**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147, 163, 90**, and **46, 63, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 111, 31**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 111, 53**.

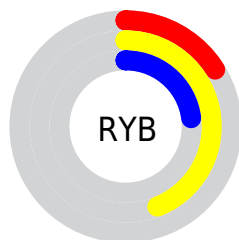
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (44%)

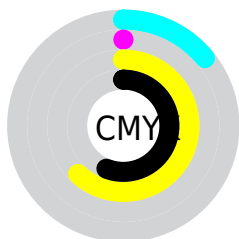
Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (23%)

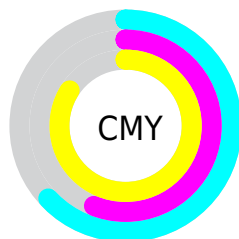


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (62%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (84%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 95, 111, 42 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 95, 111, 42 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 95, 111, 42  95, 111, 42

255, 255, 255  70, 87, 18

 147, 163, 90  46, 63, 0

 174, 190, 116  23, 41, 0

 202, 218, 142  0, 23, 0

 231, 246, 169  0, 0, 0

 255, 255, 196


 255, 255, 225


255, 255, 253

 95, 111, 42  95, 111, 42


 92, 111, 31


 98, 111, 53


 90, 111, 20


 100, 111, 64


 87, 111, 9

 103, 111, 75


 85, 111, 0


 105, 111, 86

 108, 111, 98

 110, 111, 109

 113, 111, 120

 116, 111, 131

 118, 111, 142

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



127, 101, 36



95, 111, 42



53, 117, 66

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95, 111, 42



0, 117, 158



162, 76, 111

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 111, 42



58, 42, 111

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



140, 85, 142



95, 111, 42



6, 109, 170

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95, 111, 42



0, 120, 132



98, 98, 164



164, 78, 78

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 111, 42



0, 120, 87



98, 98, 164



157, 78, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 111, 42



139, 145, 118



111, 57, 42



70, 74, 57



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 111, 42



120, 145, 36



62, 111, 42



55, 56, 50



92, 120, 0



190, 247, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 42, 111



62, 36, 145



91, 42, 111



52, 50, 56



28, 0, 120



57, 0, 247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 111, 42 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 111, 42 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 95, 111, 42 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 111, 42.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 111, 42.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

95, 111, 42

Protanopia

116, 104, 40

Deuteranopia

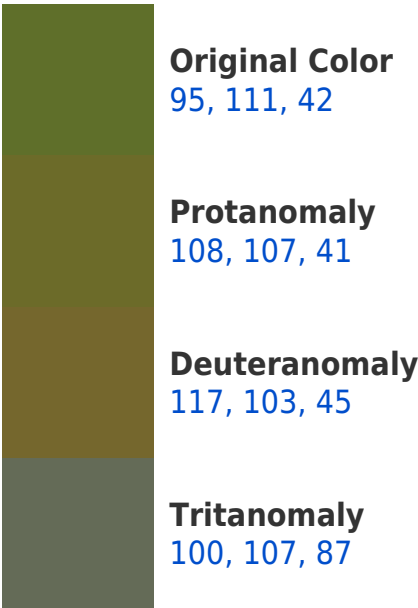
129, 99, 46



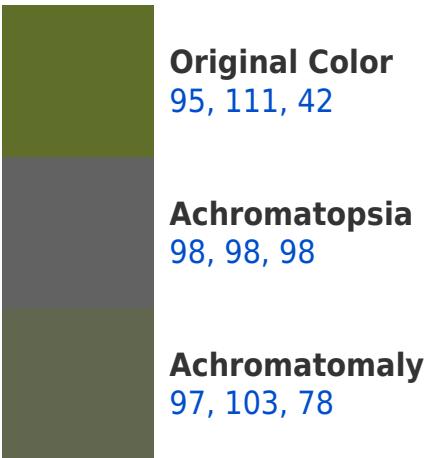
Tritanopia

103, 104, 112

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 95, 111, 42 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 111, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 111, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 111, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 111, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 95, 111, 42 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 111, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 111, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 111, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 111, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 111, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 111,  
42) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 95, 111, 42 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 111, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 111,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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