

Converting Colors

RGB(95, 125, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(95, 125, 125) contains.

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Color

RGB(95, 125, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F7D7D
RGB	95, 125, 125
RGB Percent	37%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.6275, 0.5098, 0.5098
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	180°, 14%, 43%
HSV	180°, 24%, 49%
XYZ	15.7546, 18.5808, 22.1581
YIQ	116.0300, -17.8800, -6.3600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

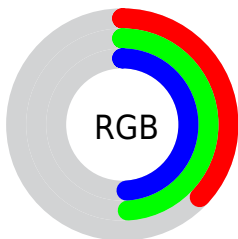
Format	Color
RYB	95, 110, 125
Decimal	6258045
CIELab	50.19, -10.66, -3.51
CIELCh	50, 11.221, 198.249
Yxy	18.5808, 0.2789, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284448125 (0xFF5F7D7D)
YUV	116.0300, 4.4222, -18.4433
Hunter-Lab	43.1054, -10.1946, -0.3039

Details

The RGB color **95, 125, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **125, 95, 95**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146, 178, 178**, and **47, 76, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 125, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108, 125, 125**.

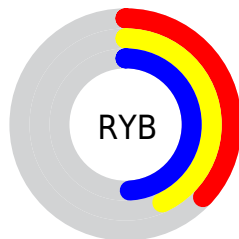
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (49%)

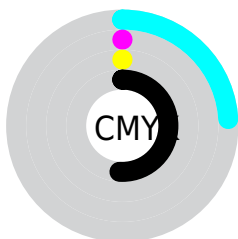
Blue (49%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (49%)

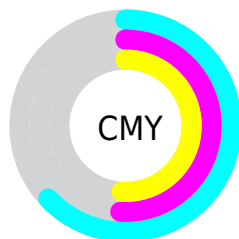


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 95, 125, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 95, 125, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



95, 125, 125



95, 125, 125

255, 255, 255



71, 100, 100



146, 178, 178



47, 76, 76



173, 205, 205



25, 53, 54



201, 233, 233



3, 32, 32



229, 255, 255



0, 2, 9



0, 0, 0



95, 125, 125



95, 125, 125



82, 125, 125



108, 125, 125



70, 125, 125



120, 125, 125

■ 57, 125, 125

■ 133, 125, 125

■ 45, 125, 125

■ 145, 125, 125

■ 33, 125, 125

■ 158, 125, 125

■ 20, 125, 125

■ 170, 125, 125

■ 8, 125, 125

■ 182, 125, 125

■ 0, 125, 125

■ 195, 125, 125

■ 208, 125, 125

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100, 125, 115



95, 125, 125



96, 124, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95, 125, 125



128, 115, 132



131, 117, 101

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 125, 125



125, 95, 95

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138, 115, 106



95, 125, 125



137, 113, 124

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95, 125, 125



116, 118, 137



140, 113, 114



121, 121, 101

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 125, 125



101, 122, 137



140, 113, 114



133, 116, 102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 125, 125



152, 163, 163



95, 125, 95



75, 82, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 125, 125



116, 163, 163



95, 110, 125



57, 64, 64



0, 128, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 95, 125



163, 116, 163



125, 110, 95



64, 57, 64



128, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 125, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 125, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

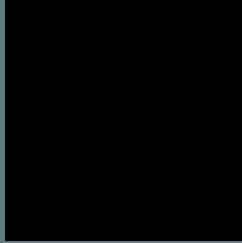
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 95, 125, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 125, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 125, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
95, 125, 125

Protanopia
121, 118, 121

Deuteranopia
127, 116, 127



Tritanopia

97, 124, 134

Trichromacy



Original Color

95, 125, 125

Protanomaly

112, 121, 122

Deuteranomaly

115, 119, 126

Tritanomaly

96, 124, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color

95, 125, 125

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

108, 119, 119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 95, 125, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 125, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 125, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 125, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 125, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 95, 125, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 125, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 125, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 125, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 125, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 125, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 125,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 95, 125, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 125, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 125,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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