

Converting Colors

RGB(95, 145, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(95, 145, 107) contains.

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Color

RGB(95, 145, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F916B
RGB	95, 145, 107
RGB Percent	37%, 57%, 42%
CMY	0.6275, 0.4314, 0.5804
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.26, 0.43
HSL	134°, 21%, 47%
HSV	134°, 34%, 57%
XYZ	17.4986, 23.7452, 17.5709
YIQ	125.7180, -17.6020, -22.4180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

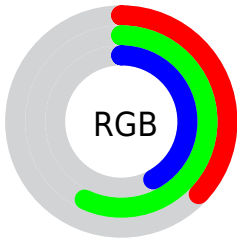
Format	Color
RYB	95, 135, 145
Decimal	6263147
CIELab	55.83, -25.18, 14.96
CIElCh	56, 29.289, 149.282
Yxy	23.7452, 0.2975, 0.4037
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284453227 (0xFF5F916B)
YUV	125.7180, -9.2280, -26.9397
Hunter-Lab	48.7291, -21.1767, 12.7313

Details

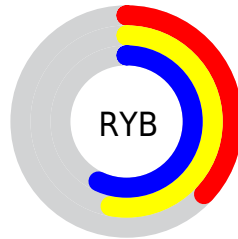
The RGB color **95, 145, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **145, 95, 133**, and the grayscale version is **126, 126, 126**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147, 199, 158**, and **46, 94, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 145, 96**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 145, 118**.

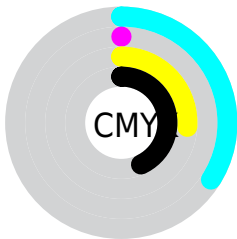
Distribution



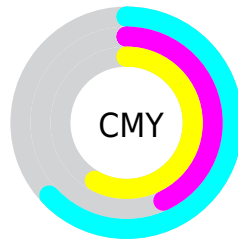
- Red (37%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 95, 145, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 95, 145, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



95, 145, 107



95, 145, 107

255, 255, 255



70, 119, 83



147, 199, 158



46, 94, 59



174, 227, 185



20, 70, 37



202, 255, 213



0, 47, 17



230, 255, 242



0, 29, 0



0, 0, 0



95, 145, 107



95, 145, 107



81, 145, 96



110, 145, 118



66, 145, 85



124, 145, 129

■ 52, 145, 74

■ 139, 145, 140

■ 37, 145, 63

■ 153, 145, 151

■ 23, 145, 52

■ 168, 145, 162

■ 8, 145, 41

■ 182, 145, 173

■ 0, 145, 35

■ 196, 145, 184

■ 211, 145, 195

■ 226, 145, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125, 140, 89



95, 145, 107



63, 147, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95, 145, 107



97, 136, 184



183, 116, 110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 145, 107



145, 95, 133

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



181, 114, 135



95, 145, 107



136, 127, 178

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95, 145, 107



57, 143, 177



165, 119, 160



172, 123, 91

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 145, 107



45, 147, 150



165, 119, 160



184, 115, 118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 145, 107



170, 189, 174



133, 145, 95



83, 94, 86



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 145, 107



111, 189, 130



95, 145, 132



64, 71, 66



0, 135, 32



0, 8, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 95, 133



189, 111, 170



145, 95, 108



71, 64, 70



135, 0, 103



8, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 145, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 145, 107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

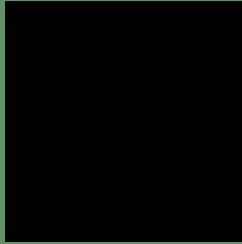
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 95, 145, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 145, 107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 145, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
95, 145, 107

Protanopia
142, 133, 101

Deuteranopia
154, 128, 111



Tritanopia
104, 139, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color
95, 145, 107

Protanomaly
125, 137, 103

Deuteranomaly
133, 134, 110

Tritanomaly
101, 141, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color
95, 145, 107

Achromatopsia
126, 126, 126

Achromatomaly
115, 133, 119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 95, 145, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 145, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 145, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 145, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 145, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 95, 145, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 145, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 145, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 145, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 145, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 145, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 145,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 95, 145, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 145, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 145,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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