

Converting Colors

RGB(95, 149, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(95, 149, 174) contains.

RGB(95, 149, 174)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(95, 149, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F95AE
RGB	95, 149, 174
RGB Percent	37%, 58%, 68%
CMY	0.6275, 0.4157, 0.3176
CMYK	0.45, 0.14, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	199°, 33%, 53%
HSV	199°, 45%, 68%
XYZ	23.1067, 26.9838, 44.0349
YIQ	135.7040, -40.2090, -3.6730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

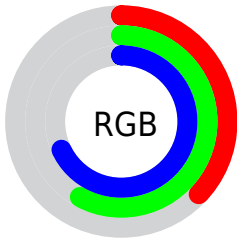
Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 127, 174
Decimal	6264238
CIE _{Lab}	58.96, -11.04, -18.66
CIE _{LCh}	59, 21.684, 239.390
Yxy	26.9838, 0.2455, 0.2867
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284454318 (0xFF5F95AE)
YUV	135.7040, 18.8799, -35.6974
Hunter-Lab	51.9459, -11.5044, -13.8984

Details

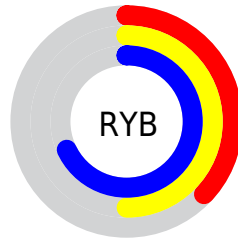
The RGB color `95, 149, 174` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `174, 120, 95`, and the grayscale version is `136, 136, 136`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `149, 203, 230`, and `40, 98, 122` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `78, 143, 174`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `112, 155, 174`.

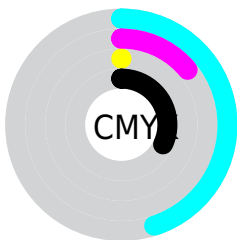
Distribution



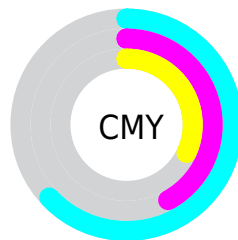
- Red (37%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 95, 149, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 95, 149, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 95, 149, 174  95, 149, 174


255, 255, 255  68, 123, 147

 149, 203, 230  40, 98, 122

 177, 231, 255  2, 74, 97

 205, 255, 255  0, 52, 73

 234, 255, 255  0, 31, 50

 0, 2, 30

 0, 0, 0

 95, 149, 174  95, 149, 174

 78, 143, 174  112, 155, 174

■ 60, 138, 174

■ 130, 160, 174

■ 43, 132, 174

■ 147, 166, 174

■ 25, 127, 174

■ 165, 171, 174

■ 8, 121, 174

■ 182, 177, 174

■ 0, 119, 174

■ 199, 182, 174

■ 217, 188, 174

■ 234, 193, 174

■ 252, 199, 174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86, 152, 160



95, 149, 174



118, 144, 180

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95, 149, 174



178, 128, 143



136, 146, 108

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 149, 174



174, 120, 95

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 140, 104



95, 149, 174



180, 129, 124

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95, 149, 174



166, 131, 162



172, 134, 110



114, 151, 122

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 149, 174



136, 139, 178



172, 134, 110



143, 145, 106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 149, 174



195, 217, 227



95, 174, 119



95, 109, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 149, 174



104, 188, 227



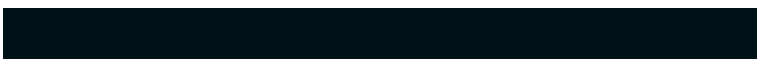
95, 111, 174



78, 84, 87



0, 103, 150



0, 16, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 95, 149



227, 104, 188



174, 158, 95



87, 78, 84



150, 0, 103



23, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 149, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 149, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

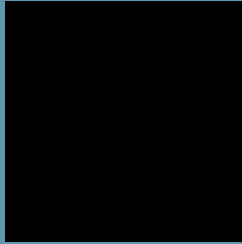
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 95, 149, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 149, 174.

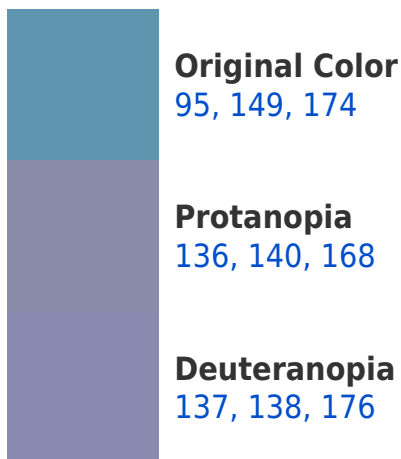


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 149, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
92, 151, 163

Trichromacy



Original Color

95, 149, 174

Protanomaly

121, 143, 170

Deuteranomaly

122, 142, 175

Tritanomaly

93, 150, 167

Monochromacy



Original Color

95, 149, 174

Achromatopsia

136, 136, 136

Achromatomaly

121, 141, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 95, 149, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(95, 149, 174) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 149, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 149, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 149, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 95, 149, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 149, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 149, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 149, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 149, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 149, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 149,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 95, 149, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 149, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 149,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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