

Converting Colors

RGB(95, 183, 166)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(95, 183, 166) contains.

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Color

RGB(95, 183, 166)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5FB7A6
RGB	95, 183, 166
RGB Percent	37%, 72%, 65%
CMY	0.6275, 0.2824, 0.3490
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.09, 0.28
HSL	168°, 38%, 55%
HSV	168°, 48%, 72%
XYZ	28.5357, 39.0530, 42.1104
YIQ	154.7500, -46.9910, -23.9430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

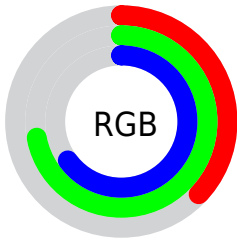
Format	Color
RYB	95, 144, 183
Decimal	6272934
CIELab	68.79, -30.67, 0.47
CIELCh	69, 30.675, 179.116
Yxy	39.0530, 0.2601, 0.3560
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284463014 (0xFF5FB7A6)
YUV	154.7500, 5.5462, -52.4008
Hunter-Lab	62.4924, -27.8538, 3.7923

Details

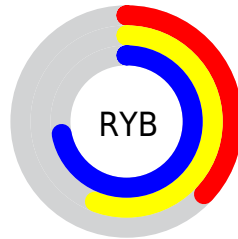
The RGB color **95, 183, 166** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **183, 95, 112**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151, 239, 221**, and **36, 130, 114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 183, 162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 183, 170**.

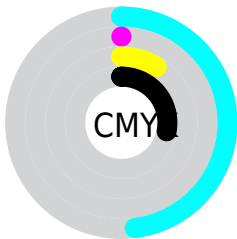
Distribution



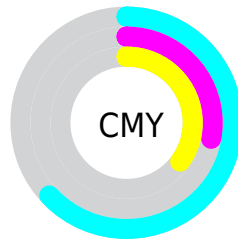
- Red (37%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (28%)




- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 95, 183, 166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 95, 183, 166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 95, 183, 166


255, 255, 255


 151, 239, 221


 179, 255, 250

 208, 255, 255

 237, 255, 255

 95, 183, 166


 67, 156, 140

 36, 130, 114


 0, 104, 90


 0, 79, 66


 0, 56, 44

 0, 35, 24

 0, 0, 0

 95, 183, 166

 77, 183, 162

 95, 183, 166

 113, 183, 170

■ 58, 183, 159

■ 132, 183, 173

■ 40, 183, 155

■ 150, 183, 177

■ 22, 183, 152

■ 168, 183, 180

■ 4, 183, 148

■ 187, 183, 184

■ 0, 183, 148

■ 205, 183, 187

■ 223, 183, 191

■ 241, 183, 194

■ 255, 183, 198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126, 180, 138



95, 183, 166



76, 182, 194

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95, 183, 166



171, 161, 216



211, 156, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 183, 166



183, 95, 112

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



222, 149, 142



95, 183, 166



202, 152, 197

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95, 183, 166



130, 171, 223



220, 147, 170



188, 166, 112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 183, 166



82, 180, 209



220, 147, 170



216, 153, 127

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 183, 166



204, 237, 231



113, 183, 95



99, 120, 116



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 183, 166



100, 237, 211



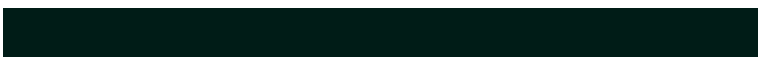
95, 157, 183



83, 92, 90



0, 156, 126



0, 28, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



183, 95, 112



237, 100, 126



183, 121, 95



92, 83, 84



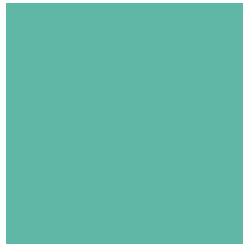
156, 0, 30



28, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 183, 166 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

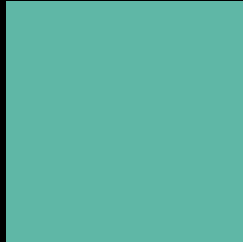
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 183, 166 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 95, 183, 166 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 183, 166.



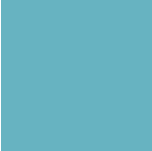
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 183, 166.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
103, 179, 193

Trichromacy



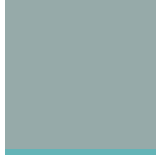
Original Color

95, 183, 166



Protanomaly

144, 172, 160



Deuteranomaly

150, 170, 169



Tritanomaly

100, 180, 183

Monochromacy



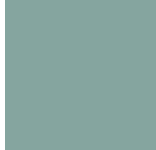
Original Color

95, 183, 166



Achromatopsia

155, 155, 155



Achromatomaly

133, 165, 159

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 95, 183, 166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 183, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 183, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 183, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 183, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 95, 183, 166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 183, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 183, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 183, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 183, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 183, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 183,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 95, 183, 166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 183, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 183,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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